

Goulburn-Murray Water 2008 Water Plan

Date: 8 October 2007

Document Number: #2311661v1

Executive Summary

The purpose of the 2008 Water Plan is to clearly articulate and commit to a set of outcomes and prices to be delivered over the regulatory period.

Goulburn-Murray Water's 2008 Water Plan seeks to provide sufficient detail to satisfy key stakeholders and the Essential Services Commission (ESC) that proposed prices will provide sufficient revenue over the regulatory period to meet its obligations and deliver the level of service required by customers in an efficient manner.

Northern Victoria has been in drought for the last ten seasons, which has included years of low water availability in all G-MW's water supply systems, culminating in the record low inflows and availability experienced across all water systems during 2006/07. This has impacted on water availability and revenues and created sharp upward pressure on prices. Continuation of constrained water availability during 2007/08 is currently being experienced.

These pressures on customers, in conjunction with water movement through trading, the aging of existing irrigation supply assets and the strong demand for water savings for the environment have increased the need to urgently reconfigure and modernise existing systems to create efficient, modern systems suited for the future needs of the irrigation industry. Detailed reconfiguration and modernisation plans are now being developed for all gravity irrigation systems, under the guidance of community based working groups.

During 2006/07 G-MW undertook a major revision of its tariffs to introduce Delivery Shares as the basis for recovering the fixed costs for maintaining and renewing irrigation delivery systems. This new tariff structure fundamentally addresses the issues of stranded assets and price pressures due to permanent water trading. This reform was also an essential foundation for the move to unbundled water entitlements which was implemented on 1 July 2007 in northern Victoria.

In June 2007 the Victorian government announced its decision to implement the Foodbowl Modernisation project which will involve expenditure of \$1 billion over a five year period to upgrade and modernise irrigation infrastructure. This investment will improve levels of service in irrigation systems, underpin regional economic development based on irrigated agriculture and generate water savings. A pipeline to connect the Goulburn system to the Melbourne urban system and deliver 75 GL of the water savings for use in Melbourne will also be constructed as part of this overall program.

The project has significant implications for Goulburn-Murray Water in developing this Water Plan. Whilst the project provides significant opportunity to create a world class irrigation system, it also provides much uncertainty for the purpose of developing a 5-year Water Plan.

Depending upon the mix and location of the various work packages likely to emerge Goulburn-Murray Water must re-assess its Water Plan. Changes will be needed to the current capital works program and Advance Maintenance Program, and operating costs to take account of opportunity for productivity gains and improved occupational health and safety performance, as well as new costs to support increased reliance on technology based infrastructure.

Accordingly Goulburn-Murray Water proposes to submit this Water Plan to the ESC, for the 5-year period commencing 2008/09, based on assumptions developed prior to the announcement of the Foodbowl Modernisation Project. Further, for gravity irrigation supply services it is proposed that revenue requirements for the four year

period 2009/10 to 2012/13 be reassessed, and resubmitted to the ESC along with revised pricing proposals, when full details of the Foodbowl Modernisation Project are known. This is expected to be early to mid 2008.

Customer engagement is a key part of Goulburn-Murray Water's business with 12 peer elected Water Service Committees and ten catchment committees who represent customers in irrigation areas, surface and groundwater diversions, flood protection and water districts.

Goulburn-Murray Water remains committed to the development and implementation of plans, systems and processes having regard to the Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4360 – Risk Management. During the second regulatory period we will continue to implement activities to address the key aspects and areas for development identified in a review of Goulburn-Murray Water's Risk Management Framework. This will include establishing a Corporate Risk Management monitoring and reporting structure and the introduction of whole of business risk management software which will allow risks across all programs to assessed and compared.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to manage and operate its dams according to industry best appropriate practice which Goulburn-Murray Water understands to be ANCOLD (Australian National Committee on Large Dams) Guidelines.

As the manager of Victoria's largest irrigation water resource Goulburn-Murray Water understands its responsibility for its contribution to sustainable water resource management and efficient water use. It has embraced the challenge to improve efficiency by placing water savings high on its business priority list. To support this a number of overarching programs have been established to meet this challenge; these include Loss Management, Watertight 2020 and System Reconfiguration.

Investment in applied research will continue where the aims are consistent with business objectives and there are clear and quantifiable benefits. Goulburn-Murray Water will endeavour to gain maximum leverage from its investment by liaising with relevant external bodies to influence national and state programs and develop joint projects. Priority areas for research will include Water Savings, Asset Management, Aquatic Weed Control, Catchment Management, A Healthy Environment and Facilitation of Change.

Goulburn-Murray Water plans to achieve its obligations pertaining to groundwater by continuing to incorporate the development of water sharing strategies like groundwater management plans into the Regional Catchment Strategies. Goulburn-Murray Water considers that this approach will ensure an integrated approach to catchment management with all stakeholder input, including the needs of the environment.

A Diversions Metering Program has been developed in response to Goulburn-Murray Water's obligations and the provisions of a memorandum of understanding with the Department of Sustainability and Environment.

Revenue for the first year of the current regulatory period was significantly below estimates given the extended drought conditions and the resultant lower water allocations. Goulburn-Murray Water intends to delay the recovery of this shortfall until the second regulatory period, that is, 2008/09 to 2012/13.

Revenue requirements have been developed based on forecasts of operating and capital expenditure over the five years of the next regulatory period 2008/09 - 2012/13 and adjusted for cost and revenue variations from the current Water Plan 2006/07 – 2007/08.

The expenditure forecasts are preliminary due to the very uncertain operating environment. The revenue requirement for recently announced major water savings projects including, Shepparton Modernisation, Total Channel Control-Central Goulburn Channels 1234, and Foodbowl Modernisation, has not been developed, and will be included in subsequent submissions to the ESC when more detailed information regarding these projects are received and analysed.

Significant changes to G-MW's operating expenditure over the five year period 2008-13 are forecast to include:

- Advanced Maintenance Program (AMP)
- Automation of Irrigation Systems
- Modernisation and Water Savings Projects
- Murray-Darling Basin Commission contributions
- Diversions Metering
- Other Operating Expenditure, including electricity charges, Groundwater intensive management plans, and ESC license fees and audit costs

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue its significant investment in upgrading its infrastructure. Total estimated capital investment during the second regulatory period is anticipated to be \$209 million. The top ten programs, representing approximately 58% of the investment, are as follows:-

Program	Water Plan Total \$M
Dam Safety Upgrade Program	27.7
Surface Water Management Program	28.7
Reconfiguration Program	17.3
Central Goulburn Irrigation Area Channel Remodelling Program	6.7
Mokoan - Return to Wetlands (Water Savings Program)	11.0
Diversions Metering Program	10.0
Torrumbarry Irrigation Area Channel Remodelling Program	5.3
Rochester Irrigation Area Channel Remodelling Program	4.3
Waranga Western Channel East & West Subway Program	5.0
Rochester Irrigation Area Culvert Program	5.1
Top Ten total	121.1

In developing the Water Plan G-MW had consulted with Water Services Committees (WSC) on the issues affecting the rural water industry and proposed prices prior to the announcement of the Foodbowl Modernisation Project (FMP).

It is inevitable that the above capital program will be significantly reviewed, but this will not be possible until the scope, timing and investment priorities for the FMP are developed.

Since the announcement, however, a high level review of the Advanced Maintenance Program (AMP) has been completed. AMP works have been kept to a minimum until the full implications of the FMP are known.

Proposed prices in this Water Plan are now lower for the key gravity irrigation services than originally discussed with WSCs in June 2007. These lower prices were

presented to all WSCs at their annual workshop help in Bendigo on 7-8 August 2007, and were generally well supported.

For 2008/09 proposed price movements for the key gravity irrigation services, in real terms, are as follows:-

Gravity Irrigation Service	2008/09 Price Movement in Real Terms
Shepparton Gravity Irrigation Service	0.0%
Central Goulburn Gravity Irrigation Service	0.0%
Rochester Gravity Irrigation Service	0.0%
Campaspe Gravity Irrigation Service	(7.0)%
Pyramid-Boort Gravity Irrigation Service	4.6%
Murray Valley Gravity Irrigation Service	0.0%
Torrumbarry Gravity Irrigation Service	4.6%

^{*} Note: The percentage price movement represents the change in an "average" customer bill for each service. Due to changes to components of the tariff for each service, impacts on individual customers may vary above or below this average. The percentage price movement is expressed in real terms, which means that CPI will be added to the above percentage movements.

It must be emphasised that the proposed 2008/09 revenue for the above services should be regarded as a "holding pattern" approach, and do not represent the long term revenue requirements for sustainable service delivery. Robust revenue requirements for the remaining 4 years of the second regulatory period will be developed once details of the \$1 billion FMP are more fully known.

Goulburn-Murray Water proposes that a revenue cap approach is applied to price control for the regulatory period. Under the revenue cap approach a specified level of revenue is fixed for the term of the regulatory period. Under this approach Goulburn-Murray Water will have an incentive to minimise its costs as any benefits will be retained during this regulatory period, after which these benefits are passed on to customers in the form of lower prices.

Table of Contents

1	INTRODUCTION	. 1
	1.1 PURPOSE OF WATER PLAN	. 1
	1.2 OVERVIEW OF GOULBURN-MURRAY WATER	. 2
	1.3 WATER – OUR OPERATING ENVIRONMENT	. 3
	1.4 STATUTORY & REGULATORY FRAMEWORK	. 4
	1.4.1 Statement of Obligations	
	1.4.2 Water Industry Regulatory Order	. 6
2	OUTCOMES FOR FIRST REGULATORY PERIOD	. 7
	2.1 Service Standards & Other Outcomes	. 7
	2.2 DELIVERY OF KEY CAPITAL PROJECTS	
	2.3 CHANGES IN LEGISLATIVE OBLIGATIONS	12
	2.4 UNPLANNED OUTCOMES	13
	2.5 RECOVERY OF REVENUE	14
0	OUTCOMES FOR SECOND REGULATORY PERIOD	15
3	SERVICE OUTCOMES	15
Ū		
	3.1 CUSTOMER CONSULTATION	
	3.1.1 Overview of Customer Consultation	
	3.1.2 Consultation on the 2008 Water Plan	
	3.2 REGULATORY & GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS	
	3.2.1 Statement of Obligations	
	3.2.3 Water Quality Obligations	
	3.2.4 Other Obligations	
	3.3 SERVICE STANDARDS	
	3.3.1 Core Service Standards	
	GRAVITY SUPPLY	
	PUMPED SUPPLY (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
	IRRIGATION DRAINAGE (WHERE APPLICABLE)	
	DIVERSION METERING (BY SUPPLY SYSTEM)	
	SHEPPARTON	
	CENTRAL GOULBURN	
	ROCHESTER - CAMPASPE	
	PYRAMID - BOORT	
	MURRAY VALLEY	40
	TORRUMBARRY	40
	DIVERSIONS	41
	3.4 GUARANTEED SERVICE LEVELS	42
4	REVENUE REQUIREMENT	43
	4.1 OVERVIEW OF REVENUE REQUIREMENT	
	4.2 OPERATING EXPENDITURE	
	4.2.1 Overview of Operating Expenditure	
	4.2.2 Key Drivers of Operating Expenditure	
	4.2.3 Productivity Improvements	48
	4.2.4 Adjustments from Prior Period	48
	4.2.5 Foodbowl Modernisation project – likely implications for revenue	5 0
	requirements	
	4.3 1 Overview of Capital Expenditure	

	4.3.2 Key Drivers of Capital Expenditure	. 52
	4.4 FINANCING CAPITAL INVESTMENTS	. 56
	4.4.1 Weighted Average Cost of Capital	
	4.5 TAXATION	
	4.6 UNCERTAINTIES	
_		
5	DEMAND	. 63
	5.1 OVERVIEW OF DEMAND FORECASTS	63
	5.1.1 Water Entitlements and Deliveries	
	5.1.2 Allocation Policy	
	5.1.3 Water Availability	
	5.2 DEMAND FORECASTS	
	0 ,	
	5.2.2 Regulated Systems	
	5.3 SUMMARY OF DEMAND FORECASTS	
	5.3.1 The First Regulatory Period	
	5.3.2 Second Regulatory Period	
	5.4 INDIVIDUAL DEMAND FORECASTS FOR RURAL WATER DELIVERY VOLUMES	
	5.4.1 High Reliability Entitlement	
	5.4.2 Low Reliability Entitlement	
	5.5 ALLOCATIONS – ASSUMPTIONS USED FOR PRICING PURPOSES	. 68
6	PRICES	60
U		
	6.1 TARIFF STRUCTURES	. 69
	6.2 PRICING PROPOSALS	. 71
	6.2.1 Price Smoothing	. 73
	6.3 FORM OF PRICE CONTROL	
	6.4 ADJUSTING PRICES	. 74
	6.4.1 Changes in Legislative Obligations	
	6.4.2 Unforeseen Events	
_		
7	NON-PRESCRIBED SERVICES	. 76
	7.1 CLASSIFICATION OF SERVICES AS NON-PRESCRIBED	. 76
_		
8		. 79
	APPENDIX A - PROPOSED SERVICE PRICES AND MISCELLANEOUS FEES &	
	CHARGES	79
	8.1	
	8.1	. 79
	8.1	. 7 9 IOR
	8.1	. 79 IOR 103
	8.1	. 79 IOR 103 ITH
	8.1	. 79 IOR 103 ITH /L
	8.1	. 79 IOR 103 ITH /L 104
	8.1	. 79 103 1TH /L 104 OF
	8.1	. 79 103 1TH /L 104 OF
	8.1	. 79 103 1TH /L 104 OF 105
	8.1	. 79 103 1TH /L 104 0F 105
	8.1	. 79 IOR 103 ITH /L 104 OF 1105
	8.1	. 79 IOR 103 ITH /L 104 OF 105 116 117
	8.1	. 79 IOR 103 ITH /L 104 OF 105 116 117
	8.1	. 79 IOR 103 ITH /L 104 OF 105 116 117

10	BIBLIOGRAPHY	1	2	7	7
				_	_

Table Listing

Table 1 – Availability of Bulk Water Assets to Supply Customer Orders
Table 2 – Capability of Storage to Hold Design Capacity
Table 3 - Water Delivered within One day +/- of the Ordered Date
Table 4 – Leaks Responded to within Agreed Times per Customer Service Agreement 9
Table 5 – No Unplanned Supply Failures Longer than 24 Hours
Table 6 – Supply Complaints Responded to Within Customer Service Agreement Targets 10
Table 7 – Streams Operate at Agreed Targets or Natural Flows at Key Monitoring Sites 10
Table 8 – Mildura-Merbein Salt Interception Scheme - Availability of Assets
Table 9 - Water Administration Business Transactions 2006/07
Table 10 – Administration Performance for First Regulatory Period – 2006/07 12
Table 11 – Key Performance Indicators – Second Regulatory Period
Table 12 - Capital Total Estimated Investment – Top Ten Programs
Table 13 - System Entitlements and Average Volumes Supplied, ML
Table 14 - Planning Periods for Regulated Systems
Table 15 - Allocations for Selected Systems in the First Regulatory Period
Table 16 - Forecast Total System Demand for the Second Regulatory Period
Table 17 - Allocations for Selected Systems in the Second Regulatory Period
Table 18 - Forecast High Reliability Demand for the Second Regulatory Period67
Table 19 - Forecast Low Reliability Demand for the Second Regulatory Period
Table 20 – Allocations assumed for Pricing Purposes
Table 21 – 2008/09 Proposed Annual Percentage Change in Revenue compared with original consultation with WSCs prior to Foodbowl Modernisation Project announcement 103
Table 22 – Advanced Maintenance Program prior to Foodbowl Modernisation Project announcement
Table 23 – Advanced Maintenance Program post Foodbowl Modernisation Project announcement

1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose of Water Plan

Goulburn-Murray Water's Statement of Obligations with the Minister for Water requires the delivery of a Water Plan to the Essential Services Commission, the economic regulator for the Victorian water sector.

The key role of the 2008 Water Plan is to clearly articulate and commit to a set of outcomes and prices to be delivered over the regulatory period.

The Essential Services Commission has determined that this second regulatory period shall be for a period of five years commencing 1 July 2008.

The Essential Services Commission will assess the Water Plan against the principles outlined in the Water Industry Regulatory Order and will decide whether to approve or specify the prices or the manner in which prices are to be determined for the services provided by Goulburn-Murray Water over the regulatory period.

Goulburn-Murray Water's 2008 Water Plan seeks to provide sufficient detail to satisfy the Essential Services Commission that proposed prices will provide sufficient revenue over the regulatory period to meet its obligations and deliver the level of service required by customers. The 2008 Water Plan is a key document in seeking customer input and advice on service-price tradeoffs prior to submission to the Essential Services Commission for approval of the proposed prices.

In June 2007 the State Government announced the Foodbowl Modernisation Project at a total cost of \$1 billion, including \$100 million to be contributed by Goulburn-Murray Water. The project aims to modernise Goulburn-Murray Water's aging infrastructure and achieve 225 gigalitres in water savings to be shared equally between Melbourne Water, the environment, and irrigators.

A Steering Committee has been appointed to determine amongst other things, the nature and priority of works packages, and institutional arrangements for delivering the project.

The project has significant implications for Goulburn-Murray Water in developing this Water Plan. Whilst the project provides significant opportunity to create a world class irrigation system, it also provides much uncertainty for the purpose of developing a 5-year Water Plan.

Depending upon the mix and location of the various work packages likely to emerge from the Steering Committee process Goulburn-Murray Water must re-assess and modify its current capital works program and Advance Maintenance Program. A modernised system will also provide much opportunity for productivity gains and improved occupational health and safety performance. New costs to support increased reliance on technology based infrastructure will need to be considered.

At the time of writing the Steering Committee process was still in progress with a draft report released for comment on 2 October 2007. It is anticipated that full details of the project will not become known within the time constraints of this Water Plan process to enable a meaningful plan to be developed for the next 5-year period.

Accordingly Goulburn-Murray Water proposes to submit this Water Plan to the Essential Services Commission, for the 5-year period commencing 2008/09, based on assumptions developed prior to the announcement of the Foodbowl Modernisation Project.

For gravity irrigation supply services it is proposed that revenue requirements for the four year period 2009/10 to 2012/13 be reassessed, and resubmitted to the ESC along with revised pricing proposals, when full details of the Foodbowl Modernisation Project are known. This is expected to be early to mid 2008.

1.2 Overview of Goulburn-Murray Water

Goulburn-Murray Water is Victoria's largest rural water provider, undertaking its management functions across a region of 68,000 km2 or approximately one third of Victoria. Goulburn-Murray Water's region is bordered by the Great Dividing Range in the south and the River Murray to the north and stretches from Corryong in the east down river to Nyah. Goulburn-Murray Water also operates salinity mitigation works on the Murray downstream of Nyah, delivers bulk water to supply points outside its region, for example at Mildura Weir, and is the Victorian Constructing Authority for the Murray-Darling Basin Commission.

Goulburn-Murray Water has three separate business divisions. These are:

- Asset and Technical Services, involving:
 - The delivery of bulk water entitlements and supplies to urban and rural water authorities and the environment.
 - The management of headworks assets and associated water storages, hydroelectricity, recreation, land and on water management, and
 - The management of assets in irrigation, water and waterway management districts;
- Water Delivery Services, involving:
 - The delivery of water entitlements, water supply, drainage and flood protection services to customers, and
 - o The licensing of surface water and groundwater diversions;
- Planning and Environment Services involving the provision of a range of services which support sustainable land and water management.

In support Goulburn-Murray Water has two supporting divisions;

- Business and Finance, supporting financial management, information technology, human resources, property and legal services.
- Strategy and Stakeholder Affairs, manages the regulatory requirements and stakeholder relationships including corporate strategy, communications, water administration and governance functions. The division is also responsible for the management and development of water amenities at storages.

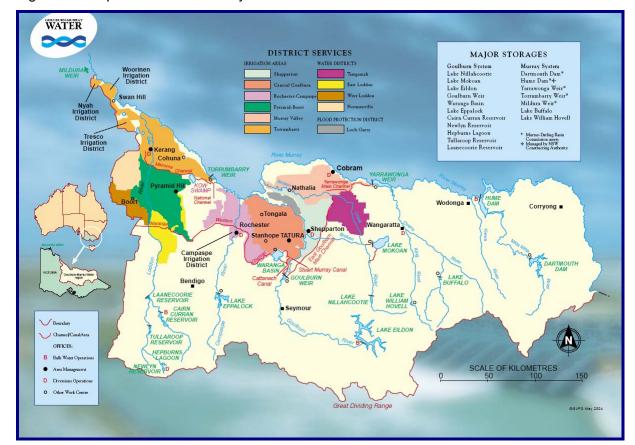


Figure 1 – Map of Goulburn-Murray Water

1.3 Water – Our Operating Environment

Northern Victoria has been in drought for the last ten seasons, which has included years of low water availability in all G-MW's water supply systems, culminating in the record low inflows and availability experienced across all water systems during 2006/07. This has impacted on water availability and revenues and created sharp upward pressure on prices. Continuation of constrained water availability during 2007/08 is currently being experienced.

During 2006/07, the drought has had a significant impact on G-MW's business. A very large portion of available operational and management resources have been directed to managing and responding to drought. This has included major projects to extend water availability through pumping of "dead storage" at Waranga Basin and Lake Buffalo.

The drought has also had a major impact on the businesses of many of G-MW's customers. The last few years have seen a significant adjustment in the dairy industry. This has continued through 2006/07. In addition, the extremely low water availability in some systems (especially the Goulburn, Campaspe and Loddon systems) has placed the horticultural sector under significant pressure.

Drought has also continued to impact heavily on customers with recreation and tourism industry businesses located around Goulburn-Murray Water storages, where continuing low water levels have presented real challenges. Despite these adverse

conditions, there has been interest in further recreational development at key storages including Lake Nagambie and Lake Eildon.

These pressures on customers, in conjunction with water movement through trading, the aging of existing irrigation supply assets and the strong demand for water savings for the environment have increased the need to urgently reconfigure and modernise existing systems to create efficient, modern systems suited for the future needs of the irrigation industry. Detailed reconfiguration and modernisation plans are now being developed for all gravity irrigation systems, under the guidance of community based working groups. Additional resources have been directed to this key area to speed up the development of these plans.

During 2006/07 G-MW undertook a major revision of our tariffs to introduce Delivery Shares as the basis for recovering the fixed costs for maintaining and renewing irrigation delivery systems. This represents a major shift from the long standing past practice of recovering these costs on the basis of the water entitlements owned by each farmer. This new tariff structure fundamentally addresses the issues of stranded assets and price pressures due to permanent water trading. This reform was also an essential foundation for the move to unbundled water entitlements which was implemented on 1 July 2007 in northern Victoria.

However, the extreme drought conditions of 2006/07 raised customer concerns in relation to payment of fixed charges for infrastructure when water availability was extremely low. The Victorian government has responded to this issue in 2006/07 with the provision of a generous package of rebates and interest free payment deferrals. In order to better understand this issue and develop future management responses, G-MW undertook a Tariff Policy Review to develop and evaluate a range of options that could be applied to this issue.

The drought has also highlighted the need for regional urban centres to seek additional sources of water to meet the future needs of their growing populations. The supply authorities responsible for both Bendigo and Ballarat have developed future water strategies based on accessing additional supplies from our Goulburn system. Construction is now underway on a major pipeline to link the Waranga Western Channel to Lake Eppalock.

The Victorian government has also recently announced its decision to implement the Foodbowl Modernisation project which will involve expenditure \$1 billion over a five year period to upgrade and modernise irrigation infrastructure. This investment will improve levels of service in irrigation systems, underpin regional economic development based on irrigated agriculture and generate water savings. A pipeline to connect the Goulburn system to the Melbourne urban system and deliver 75 GL of the water savings for use in Melbourne will also be constructed as part of this overall program.

1.4 Statutory & Regulatory Framework

Goulburn-Murray Water is a rural water corporation established under the Water Act 1989 with a skills-based Board appointed by the Minister for Water. Goulburn-Murray Water was established in July 1994, with responsibilities for ownership and operation of irrigation, drainage and stock and domestic distribution systems across north-central and north-east Victoria. In July 1995, ownership and operational responsibilities for 17 major storages (13 state owned and four Murray Darling Basin

Commission storages) were transferred to Goulburn-Murray Water from the Rural Water Corporation.

The specific obligations on Goulburn-Murray Water relating to the preparation and delivery of the 2008 Water plan are covered under:

- Goulburn-Murray Water's Statement of Obligations; and
- The Water Industry Regulatory Order

1.4.1 Statement of Obligations

Under the provisions of the Water Industry Act 1994 obligations are imposed on Goulburn-Murray Water by the Minister for Water through the Statement of Obligations.

The Statement imposes a range of obligations on the Goulburn-Murray Water in relation to the way it performs its functions and exercises its powers. It includes provisions in relation to the following issues, which can affect either the manner in which services can be delivered and/or the costs involved:

- The Water Plan
- Governance & Risk Management, including
 - Customer & Community Engagement
 - o Risk Management
 - o Responding to Incidents & Emergencies
 - Asset management
 - o Dam safety
- Planning & Service Delivery, including
 - Conserving & Recycling Water
 - o Efficient distribution systems
 - Metering
 - Responding to Drought
 - Regional & Local Government Planning
 - Research & Knowledge
 - Sustainable Management
- Environmental Management, including
 - Environmental Management System
 - Blue-Green Algal Blooms
 - River & Aquifer Health
 - Monitoring River Health
- Payment Schemes & Contributions
- Compliance
- Responding to drought
- Providing concessions and rebates

Details on the activities which Goulburn-Murray Water will undertake to ensure compliance with the Statement of Obligations are included in the Section 3.2.1 and other appropriate areas of this 2008 Water Plan.

1.4.2 Water Industry Regulatory Order

The Water Industry Regulatory Order establishes the regulatory framework and nature of the water services to be regulated by the Essential Services Commission and the functions of the Essential Services Commission. Services relevant to Goulburn-Murray Water within the scope of the Water Industry Regulatory Order, specified as *prescribed services*, include retail water services, storage operator and bulk water services, irrigation drainage services and diversions services.

In the context of developing the 2008 Water Plan the Water Industry Regulatory Order has the following influences:

- Specifying particular matters to which the Commission must have regard in exercising its powers and functions under this Order;
- Specifying which services are to be prescribed and therefore come under the regulation of the Essential Services Commission; and
- Specifying the procedural requirements and regulatory principles to be adopted by the Essential Services Commission in regulating the price of prescribed services, including ensuring prices provide for a sustainable revenue stream, recover costs and return a rate of return, provide incentives for sustainable water use and take into account the interests of customers.

2 Outcomes for First Regulatory Period

As part of the review of rural prices in 2006, Goulburn-Murray Water developed a Water Plan which identified a set of outcomes and prices that would be delivered over the first regulatory period. This section of the 2008 Water Plan outlines Goulburn-Murray Water's progress in delivering those outcomes.

Recognising that this first regulatory period is still in progress the 2008 Water Plan outlines the progress up to the end of the first year as at 30 June 2007.

2.1 Service Standards & Other Outcomes

Goulburn-Murray Water remains focused on the delivery of the outcomes committed to for the first regulatory period. Goulburn-Murray Water remains committed to its long term objective of providing a range of responsive and innovative services with a price and delivery mix that balances existing and emerging customer needs.

Goulburn-Murray Water's operating environment through the initial stage of this first regulatory period continues to present many challenges with the extended drought conditions continuing to impose significant hardship on its rural irrigation customer base.

Resultant low water allocations and a shortened 2006/07 irrigation season have resulted in an adjustment of Goulburn-Murray Water's service targets to balance the trade off between service levels and efficiency. These adjustments have been undertaken through consultation with Water Services Committees.

A significant amount of Goulburn-Murray Water's operational and management resources have also been refocussed on drought response.

The following details Goulburn-Murray Water's progress in achieving the service key performance indicators described in the Water Plan 2006/07 – 2007/08, Section 4.6.1.

Bulk Water Services

KPI – Availability of Assets to Supply Customer Orders

Goulburn-Murray Water achieved the performance target of 100% for the availability of the bulk water assets to supply customer orders.

Table 1 - Availability of Bulk Water Assets to Supply Customer Orders

Indicator	Target	Actual	Target Achieved
Availability of Bulk Water Assets	100%	100%	√

KPI - Capability of Storage to Hold Design Capacity

Goulburn-Murray Water has achieved the performance targets for percentage of time storages are capable of holding design capacities. Operational restrictions on Lake Mokoan due to dam safety issues remain.

Table 2 – Capability of Storage to Hold Design Capacity

Bulk Water Basin	Target	Actual	Target Achieved
Broken Basin	82%	82%	✓
Goulburn Basin	100%	100%	✓
Campaspe Basin	100%	100%	√
Loddon Basin	100%	100%	√
Bullarook Basin	100%	100%	✓
Ovens/King Basin	100%	100%	√

District Services

KPI - Water Delivered on Day Ordered within Agreed Levels

With such low allocations the trade off between service levels and efficiency was recognised with the customer group electing to strive for improved efficiency, to maximise the volume of water available, understanding that this would impact on the service level they received.

In consultation with the Water Services Committees the performance indicator and associated targets were revised for the 2006/07 irrigation season. Delivery service standards where measured based on delivery of water within one day +/- of the ordered date. Goulburn-Murray Water's performance to date against these revised targets is shown in Table 3.

Table 3 - Water Delivered within One day +/- of the Ordered Date

Irrigation Area	Revised Target	Actual	Target Achieved
Shepparton	97%	99.0%	✓
Central Goulburn	98%	99.3%	✓
Rochester	95%	98.1%	✓
Pyramid-Boort	94%	97.5%	✓
Murray Valley	96%	98.9%	✓
Torrumbarry	97%	99.3%	✓

KPI - Leaks Responded to within Agreed Times per Customer Service Agreement

Only the Shepparton Irrigation Area has achieved the target for this performance indicator for the 2006/07 irrigation season; as shown in Table 4.

The extreme dry conditions have contributed significantly to Goulburn-Murray Water's underperformance in this area through a greater awareness of leaks by staff, customers and the general public. This has resulted in a greater than expected number of leaks being reported.

Table 4 – Leaks Responded to within Agreed Times per Customer Service Agreement

Irrigation Area	Target	Actual	Target Achieved
Shepparton	87%	97%	✓
Central Goulburn	96%	81%	X
Rochester	96%	90%	X
Pyramid-Boort	96%	84%	Х
Murray Valley	82%	73%	X
Torrumbarry ¹	90%	-	Х

^{1.} Maintenance management system not fully functional

KPI - No Unplanned Supply Failures Longer than 24 Hours

Goulburn-Murray Water has been able to achieve this performance indicator in the Shepparton, Central Goulburn and Rochester Irrigation Areas for the 2006/07 irrigation season; as shown in Table 5.

This target has not been achieved in Pyramid-Boort, Murray Valley and Torrumbarry Irrigation Areas for the following reasons:

- Pyramid-Boort Irrigation Area In seeking to maximise delivery efficiency at the commencement of the irrigation season the uncertainty of allocations and season start date, coupled with the sudden start to the season, resulted in a lack of available water in the Tandarra Pondage. Similarly a further shortfall in supply occurred mid season where a lack of supply level height was experienced due to low flows.
- Murray Valley Irrigation Area Supply issues resulted from irregular operation of automatic gates.
- ► Torrumbarry Irrigation Area A delay in the completion of a channel realignment project and pipeline breaks in both the Tresco and Nyah districts.

Table 5 – No Unplanned Supply Failures Longer than 24 Hours

Irrigation Area	Target	Actual	Target Achieved
Shepparton	0	0	✓
Central Goulburn	0	0	✓
Rochester	0	0	✓
Pyramid-Boort	0	3	Х
Murray Valley	0	2	X
Torrumbarry	0	4	X

Diversion Services

KPI - Supply Complaints Responded to Within Customer Service Agreement Targets

Table 6 - Supply Complaints Responded to Within Customer Service Agreement Targets

Indicator	Target	Actual	Target Achieved
Supply Complaints Responded to Within Customer Service Agreement Targets	91%	99%*	✓

*Note: Estimate only as a process to better track this data is yet to be implemented

KPI - Streams Operated at Agreed Targets or Natural Flows at Key Monitoring Sites

The specified streams, which include Goulburn, Ovens, Campaspe, Broken and Loddon, are monitored on a daily basis with compliance reporting monthly to the Goulburn-Murray Water Board and relevant Water Service Committee's. Currently Goulburn-Murray Water is achieving this performance indicator with an overall score of 97% compared with its target of 90%.

Table 7 – Streams Operate at Agreed Targets or Natural Flows at Key Monitoring Sites

Indicator	Target	Actual	Target Achieved
Streams Operate at Agreed Targets or Natural Flows at Key Monitoring Sites	90%	97%	✓

Natural Resource Services

KPI - Mildura-Merbein Salt Interception Scheme - Availability of Assets

The availability of the Mildura-Merbein Salt Interception Scheme assets achieved the target of 68.7% with five of the 16 bores remaining out of service due to blockage resulting from fouling by naturally occurring iron bacteria. There remains potential for further pumps to also be taken out of service and direct intervention is not proposed until refurbishment investigations are completed over the next 18 months.

Table 8 - Mildura-Merbein Salt Interception Scheme - Availability of Assets

Indicator	Target	Actual	Target Achieved
Mildura-Merbein Salt Interception Scheme - Availability of Assets	68.7%	68.7%	✓

Administration

Goulburn-Murray Water has achieved the performance targets set for telephone calls, billing accuracy, Energy & Water Ombudsman Victoria and processing bore construction licences.

Goulburn-Murray Water has been unable to achieve the performance targets for the remaining administration performance indicators given unprecedented numbers of drought related applications.

On the temporary trade market record volumes were processed in the 2006/07 irrigation season as customers sought to secure their water requirements.

Although permanent trading transactions were slightly lower than the 2005/06 season for the full season there was unprecedented demand for permanent trade occurring during January to March 2007 which negatively impacted on achievement of performance targets during this period.

The permanent trading 4% cap was reached for Central Goulburn, Rochester, Pyramid-Boort and Campaspe Irrigation Areas for the 2006/07 Irrigation.

Table 9 - Water Administration Business Transactions 2006/07

Transaction Type	Number of Transactions		
Transaction Type	2005/2006	2006/2007	
Permanent Transfer of Water Entitlement	565	541	
Temporary Transfer of Water Entitlement	6,340	10,189	
Information Statements	2,110	2,211	
Subdivisions	264	241	
Amalgamations Irrigation	137	115	
Bore Construction Licenses	567	1,850	
Total Transactions	9,983	15,147	

Collectively these circumstances, coupled with the availability of appropriately skilled staff and the increased demands on Diversions operational staff to perform field inspections, have seen delays in processing being experienced for all the processing performance indicators.

Table 10 – Administration Performance for First Regulatory Period – 2006/07

Indicator	2006/07 Target	2006/07 Actual	Target Achieved
Switchboard Telephone calls answered within 30 seconds (Customer service Tatura office during business hours)	92%	100%	✓
Accounts toll free Telephone calls answered within 30 seconds (Customer service Tatura office during business hours)	92%	100%	✓
Customer billing accuracy rate	99%	100%	✓
EWOV Billing Enquiries Per 1000 Customers	1	1	✓
EWOV – Number of complaints (excl. enquiries)	8	7	✓
Responses to written correspondence directed to Tatura Office (days)	9	9	✓
Processing of Temporary Transfer of Water Entitlement within 5 days - %	100%	90%	Х
Processing of Temporary Transfer of Water Entitlement within 4 days - %	65%	82%	✓
Processing of Permanent Transfer of Water Entitlement – for applications not requiring a channel capacity and salinity assessment, or diversions inspection within 15 days	92%	80%	Х
Processing of Permanent Transfer of Water Entitlement – for applications requiring a channel capacity and salinity assessment, or diversions inspection within 30 days	92%	50%	X
Processing of Permanent Transfer of Water Entitlement- Diversions License within 25 days	92%	50%	X
Process of Licensing Groundwater Bore Construction Licence within 10 days	92%	92%	✓
Processing of Information Statements within 5 days	100%	90%	Х
Processing of Meter Read Statements within 5 days	100%	100%	✓

2.2 Delivery of Key Capital Projects

Capital projects to the value of \$46.6 million were delivered in 2006/07. This is \$26.4 million below the forecast for this period included in the 2006 Water Plan.

The significant project variances were:

- Lake Mokoan Works Delays to confirmation of the offset package and inclusion off some recurrent items in capital program have lead to large reduction in revised forecast over all projects of \$15.0 million.
- Cairn Curran Dam Improvement Scope of the total project was reduced, and the amount planned to be spent in 2006/07 was delayed pending Treasury approval - \$6.2 million
- ▶ Central Goulburn Channel Automation underspent by \$3.9 million project was redefined deferred pending final DSE approval.

2.3 Changes in Legislative Obligations

The only material change is the Minister of Water has appointed Goulburn-Murray Water as Storage Managers under clause 122ZL of the Water Act. These new storage manager functions are closely aligned with current activities in delivering on

the Statement of Obligations and given this additional expenditure will not be incurred.

Legislation to enable the unbundling of water entitlements was passed through the Victorian parliament in November 2005. Subsequently, the Minister for Water approved and issued Conversion Orders in June 2006 under the new provisions of the Water Act 1989 to implement unbundling in the regulated water systems of northern Victoria. As the largest rural water authority in northern Victoria, unbundling of water entitlements has required significant G-MW resources to implement. Some of the key activities undertaken as part of G-MW's unbundling implementation were:

- Development and implementation of delivery shares and reformed tariffs to support unbundling (July 2006).
- Implementation of a new customer management and billing system capable
 of interfacing with the new state wide water register and designed to manage
 unbundled entitlements effectively.
- Extensive modification to G-MW's computer- based water delivery planning and scheduling system (known as IPM), to support the management of irrigation system operations in an unbundled environment.
- An extensive customer information program was undertaken to ensure that G-MW's customers had ample opportunity to understand the significant reforms being implemented.

Whilst DSE provided valuable funding in relation to data preparation and 60% of the cost for customer information programs, implementation of these reforms required significant additional expenditure by G-MW, which was not able to be accurately estimated or incorporated in G-MW's first water plan for the period 2006/07 – 2007/08

2.4 Unplanned Outcomes

In addition to those outcomes planned for the first regulatory period, the extenuating circumstances facing Goulburn-Murray Water, its customers and the wider community due to the extraordinary dry conditions has resulted in a number of additional unplanned outcomes. These have included:

- Short term redeployment of retail water operational staff;
- Regular drought communication including newsletters and industry body forums;
- Seasonal update forums for irrigators delivered in partnership with the Department of Primary Industries;
- Construction and installation of emergency pumping stations:
 - Waranga Basin two stations comprising 15 pumps; the Major Outlet station delivered 1800 ML/d through 12 pumps and the Minor Outlet station delivered 450 ML/d through 3 pumps. The Victorian Government met the \$3 million project cost.
 - Lake Buffalo the installation of four pumps supplying 77 ML/d to meet the needs of Wangaratta and domestic and stock customers on the Buffalo and Ovens Rivers.
- Management and administration of Victorian Government drought assistance rebate to retail water customers.

2.5 Recovery of Revenue

Goulburn-Murray Water's revenue for the first year of the current regulatory period (ie 2006/07) was \$7.9 million below the Water Plan forecasts due to the extreme drought conditions and the resultant lower water allocations. If dry conditions continue, there is a real risk of further revenue shortfalls in 2007/08.

Goulburn-Murray Water intends to delay the recovery of revenue shortfalls from the first regulatory period 2006/07 – 2007/08 until the second regulatory period, 2008/09 - 2012/13.

Outcomes for Second Regulatory Period

3 Service Outcomes

This section of the 2008 Water Plan specifies the service standard targets that Goulburn-Murray Water intends to achieve over the second regulatory period. These targets have been developed in consultation with Goulburn-Murray Water customers.

The prescribed services addressed are:

- Retail Water Services
- Irrigation Drainage Services
- Diversion Services
- Administration Services
- Bulk Water Services

3.1 Customer Consultation

3.1.1 Overview of Customer Consultation

The key external stakeholders for Goulburn-Murray Water include the Minister for Water and customer groups. The requirements and expectations of these stakeholders help set the direction of Goulburn-Murray Water's strategic direction.

Goulburn-Murray Water has an established process in place which sets standards through annual negotiations between service managers and the various Water Service Committees. The process adopted allows discussion and negotiation on the appropriate service standards and the corresponding trade-off between capital and operations costs and service outcomes. This approach has been followed since around 1995.

Building on these processes Goulburn-Murray Water, in consultation with the various Water Service Committees, have replaced existing Customer Service Agreements with Customer Charters that conform to Essential Services Commission guidelines.

Customer Charters define the relationship between the respective Water Services Committee which presents the views of customers and Goulburn-Murray Water, and the way that:

- services are provided to meet the needs of customers in the most cost efficient manner; and
- allow Goulburn-Murray Water to develop, operate and maintain the water systems in the most effective way.

The charters typically cover the water services provided by Goulburn-Murray Water, that is:

- Water supply for irrigation use;
- Water supply for stock and domestic use;
- Bulk supplies;
- Surface drainage; and
- Sub-surface drainage.

The issues typically covered in a charter include asset renewal and maintenance programs, tariff schedules, billing cycles, operating procedures, responsibilities for and methods of communication between Goulburn-Murray Water and the Water Service Committee and between the Water Service Committee and Goulburn-Murray Water.

Customer engagement is a key part of Goulburn-Murray Water's business with 12 peer elected Water Service Committees and ten catchment committees who represent customers in irrigation areas, surface and groundwater diversions, flood protection and water districts.

In all, over one hundred members represent customers on these committees. This means there is a representative on a customer committee for every 250 customers.

3.1.2 Consultation on the 2008 Water Plan

Consultation with Water Services Committees on the 2008 Water Plan had commenced prior to the announcement of the Foodbowl Modernisation Project, with discussion including unbundling and tariff reform, asset management, including key cost drivers, replacement priorities, and operating investment estimates.

Prior to the Foodbowl Modernisation Project announcement the following consultation had taken place:-

November/December 2006	Water Service Committee Meetings – Assets and Technical Services staff provided presentation on proposed asset replacement and Advanced Maintenance programs. After detailed review by WSCs, programs were reviewed on the basis of comments and issues raised by WSCs.
April/May 2007	Water Service Committee Meetings – Operational Managers briefed Water Service Committees on Area and Diversion on final budget submissions
Late May 2007	Water Service Committee Leadership Meeting – presented and discussed key issues for 2008 Water Plan
24 May to Late June 2007	Water Service Committee consultation on 2008 Water Plan with individual committees including detailed presentations on proposed prices and explanations of cost drivers
15 June 2007	Bulk Water Forum – Consultation with bulk water customers on 2008 Water Plan pricing proposals

Consultation subsequent to the Foodbowl Modernisation Project announcement:

Water Services Committee Annual Workshop, attended by all WSC members.

Revised pricing approach proposed in response to Foodbowl Modernisation Project. Prices as per previous consultation except for Gravity Irrigation services in which Advanced Maintenance Program was revised.

14 August 2007

Draft 2008 Water Plan released for wider public consultation

August /September Further meetings with Water Services Committee as requested prior to

2007 submission of Final Water Plan.

August /September Public comments received on Draft 2008 Water Plan

8 October 2007 Final 2008 Water Plan submitted to Essential Services Commission

Since release of the draft 2008 Water Plan G-MW has received a range of submissions from interested stakeholders. These have been in both written and verbal form.

Submissions have been received from various regulators such as local Catchment Management Authorities, Environment Protection Authority (EPA), Department of Sustainability and Environment and Department of Human Services. Copies of these can be found in the Appendices to this plan. G-MW has made amendments to the draft Water Plan where required in response to these submissions.

With regard to the EPA their submission suggested that an expenditure figure be shown for various compliance costs. In all cases the costs of compliance are included in G-MW's business as usual cost base are not separately recorded. Unfortunately G-MW is therefore unable to satisfy this request.

Submissions have been received from Water Services Committees (WSC). These have generally been provided verbally at WSC meetings and have generally involved the seeking of clarity and information regarding their particular service. Many questions have also been raised regarding assumptions made with respect to the impending Foodbowl Modernisation Project, particularly in regard to the Advanced Maintenance Program.

Concerns have been raised by diversions Water Services Committees about the impact on prices of complying with metering obligations, including the need to cover the full cost of metering when there are other beneficiaries such as the environment, and the impact of smoothing (discussed further in section 6).

3.2 Regulatory & Government Obligations

A number of the services outcomes that Goulburn-Murray Water will deliver over the second regulatory period are driven by obligations from government and regulatory authorities. These obligations are in addition to those negotiated directly with Goulburn-Murray Water customers.

Broadly the statutory obligations for Goulburn-Murray Water are covered in the Water Act 1989, Water Industry Act 1994, Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004, Victorian Terrorism (Community Protection) Act 2003, Safe Drinking Water Act and Environment Protection Act 1970. In addition Goulburn-Murray Water gives consideration to the codes and guidelines supporting these Acts.

The following sections provide an overview of Goulburn-Murray Water's proposed outcomes and programs, for the second regulatory period, that are linked to achieving its statutory obligations.

3.2.1 Statement of Obligations

Goulburn-Murray Water's Statement of Obligations (SoO) has recently been reviewed and issued by the Minister for Water. The additional obligations now formally included in the SoO were in line with expectations and the draft SoO previously provided.

Currently the activity associated with meeting the Statement of Obligations is largely funded through existing programs, from both internally and externally funding investment sources. Exceptions that will require additional funds investment to proceed are identified in the discussions relating to obligation.

In the second regulatory period Goulburn-Murray Water proposes to comply with the Statement of Obligations in the following way:

3.2.1.1 The Water Plan

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to work in partnership with the Department of Sustainability and Environment and the Essential Services Commission to ensure the preparation, delivery and procedural requirements of the Water Plan meet with key stakeholders' expectations.

3.2.1.2 Governance & Risk Management

Customer & Community Engagement

Goulburn-Murray Water recognises the important contribution customers and their committees make in ensuring robust debate of issues affecting customers and the setting of the future direction of Goulburn-Murray Water. Goulburn-Murray Water remains strongly committed to effective customer engagement and considers it has open and transparent processes in place, as outlined in Section 3.1.

As implementation of improvements to the future direction of retail water services customer committees advances, in the second regulatory period, Goulburn-Murray Water anticipates moving its focus to diversion services customer committees. Goulburn-Murray Water considers that in pursuit of continuous improvement there are improvement opportunities which will benefit diversion service customers through improved committee effectiveness and support arrangements. These opportunities will be explored in consultation with diversion communities.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to make information readily available through a range of communication modes.

Risk Management

Goulburn-Murray Water remains committed to the development and implementation of plans, systems and processes having regard to the Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4360 – Risk Management. Goulburn-Murray Water has risk management programs in place which include Occupational Health & Safety, Environmental Management, financial risk and headworks assets, which also includes the Dam Safety Program. Overarching all of its risk management programs is a Goulburn-Murray Water Whole of Business Risk Management Framework as detailed in Figure 1.

Figure 1 – Goulburn-Murray Water's Risk Management Framework



During the second regulatory period Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to implement activities to address the key aspects and areas for development identified in a review of Goulburn-Murray Water's Risk Management Framework. This will include establishing a Corporate Risk Management monitoring and reporting structure and the introduction of whole of business risk management software which will allow risks across all programs to assessed and compared.

Responding to Incidents & Emergencies

Goulburn-Murray Water has given priority, based on risk, to dam safety and environmental management and has in place well developed systems for responding to incidents and emergencies in these areas.

Goulburn-Murray Water has a Dam Safety Emergency Business System in place to plan and monitor its dam safety emergency program. This Business System has been developed over the past five years and provides a comprehensive framework for maintaining and improving Dam Safety Emergency Plans and Goulburn-Murray Water's dam safety emergency exercise program.

Goulburn-Murray Water has been very active in conducting dam safety emergency exercises and reviewing its Dam Safety Emergency Plans over the current regulatory period. The Dam Safety Emergency Business System has been described as being "close to industry best practice".

Within the second regulatory period Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to strive for continuous improvement in its Dam Safety Emergency Business System including the continuation of the dam safety emergency exercise program and regular revision of the Dam Safety Emergency Plans.

As an integral part of Goulburn-Murray Water Environmental Management System it has developed a comprehensive framework to mange environmental incidents. Goulburn-Murray Water's Corporate Environmental Emergency Management Manual details its approach to environmental incident management and includes supporting documentation for recognising, reporting, rating, responding and reviewing incidents.

Goulburn-Murray Water's environmental incident framework will to be reviewed throughout the second regulatory period as part of the broader review of its Environmental Management System.

Terrorism Act Compliance

G-MW understands it's obligations under part 6 of the Terrorism (Community Protection) Act 2003. The Corporation is complying with the objectives of section 30 and 31 of the Act by maintaining a risk management plan for each of our storages. All controls are based on the current National security alert level. The Corporation audits these Plans on an annual basis and conducts training exercises on a similar timeframe to test the control measures of the Plan. All Plans and training exercises have been developed to comply with Terrorism (Community Protection) (Prescribed Standards) Regulations 2007 and the recurrent costs for these activities have been included within the Water Plan.

Asset Management

Goulburn-Murray Water is focused on the delivery of sustainable water services that meet customer and stakeholder needs and support regional economic growth, whilst balancing social, economic and environmental considerations.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to provide these services in the safest and most cost effective manner, delivering productivity improvements, water savings and business efficiency across the asset base. Effective management of Goulburn-Murray Water's extensive holdings of assets is essential if it is to achieve these goals.

Asset management concerns the way in which Goulburn-Murray Water looks after the asset it owns, both on a day to day basis (maintenance and operations) and on the medium to long-term basis (strategic and forward planning).

Goulburn-Murray Water's asset management process are linked directly with the current or desired levels of service for customers, the associated cost in providing those service levels and the practices and systems that assist in managing the assets in the most effective and efficient way.

Late in 2006 a comprehensive review of Goulburn-Murray Water's asset management practices against Best Appropriate Practice was completed. From this review Goulburn-Murray Water has been able to develop a prioritised program for improvements to its asset management practices, based on meeting business objectives in both the short and medium term.

The priority areas for improvement are largely process-orientated activities, which will provide the framework, policy and strategies to allow Goulburn-Murray Water to identify and derive significant benefits from the asset management investments to date and into the future. The improvements are focused on strengthening the links between asset management and Goulburn-Murray Water business objectives and build on the strong base of asset condition and attribute data.

During the second regulatory period Goulburn-Murray Water will be seeking to achieve best appropriate practice across 90% of its asset management activities with a focus on project management, maintenance management and asset management plans. Reconfiguration and modernisation programs are anticipated to significant influence the direction of these activities.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to benchmark against other business to assist it in establishing Best Appropriate Practices, including annual audits of its asset management processes.

Dam Safety

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to manage and operate its dams according to industry best appropriate practice which Goulburn-Murray Water understands to be ANCOLD (Australian National Committee on Large Dams) Guidelines.

Goulburn-Murray Water recognises the important role ANCOLD guidelines and have incorporated these in the development and implementation processes to identify, assess, manage and prioritise improvement to the dams it operates.

Goulburn-Murray Water considers it has robust processes and practices established for its Dam Safety Program with Figure 2 presenting the interaction between the elements. The program is primarily based on risk analysis and risk reduction with flexibility to ensure variability in compliance obligations are met, and to allow for various internal and external influences.

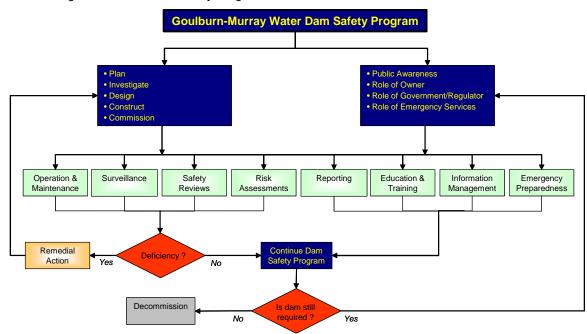


Figure 2 - G-MW Dam Safety Program

Flowchart from Figure 2.1, ANCOLD Guidelines on Dam Safety Management, August 2003

During the second regulatory period Goulburn-Murray Water will continue working in partnership with ANCOLD and its stakeholders to ensure that its dam safety practices continue to deliver the appropriate standards expected in operating these high hazard assets. Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to develop and implement dam safety programs to ANCOLD guidelines ensuring that each element of Figure 2 is addressed in both its day to day activities (maintenance and operations) and on the medium to long-term activities (strategic and forward planning).

The capital works associated with Dam Safety Upgrade Program (formerly the Dam Improvement Program - DIP) are discussed separately, in more detail, in Section 4.3.

3.2.1.3 Planning & Service Delivery

Conserving & Recycling Water

Goulburn-Murray Water undertakes a number of activities which aids its achievement against this obligation. These are outlined in more detail within Sections 3.2.1.3 and 3.2.2. Activities include:

- Operating efficient distribution systems;
- System Reconfiguration;
- Diversion metering Program;
- Sustainable Management;
- River and Aquifer health;
- Goulburn-Murray Water's seasonal allocation process, refer to Responding to Drought; and
- Water reuse and diversion through the implementation of the Irrigation Drainage Memorandum of Understanding;

Efficient Distribution Systems

Goulburn-Murray Water understands its responsibility as the manager of Victoria's largest irrigation water resource for its contribution to sustainable water resource management and efficient water use. Goulburn-Murray Water has embraced the challenge to improve efficiency by placing *Water Savings* high on its business priority list.

With much of Goulburn-Murray Water's infrastructure established in the early 1900's and consequently based on older technologies the challenge to provide an efficient water supply requires some major changes and shifts in practices.

Goulburn-Murray Water currently has a number of overarching programs which have been established to meet this challenge; these are grouped under the banner of *Water Savings* and include, Loss Management, Watertight 2020 and System Reconfiguration.

The *Loss Management Program* was established to ensure compliance with service obligations and has developed into a core element of retail water service delivery. The program has been in place now since the 2003/04 irrigation season and throughout knowledge in relation to understanding water loss behaviour has continued to grow.

In addition to identifying operational improvements the program has identified a number of initiatives for asset improvements such as the strategic measurement project currently being completed.

Through the Program, drawing on knowledge gained and allowing for seasonal variations, distribution loss management stretch targets are established by the Loss Management Project Team prior to the commencement of each irrigation season. Operational Mangers and their supporting Loss Management Officers play a pivotal role in ensuring targets are achieved.

The Loss Management Program performs a critical role in achieving the obligations for system efficiency and it planned to continue this program through out the second regulatory period.

Watertight 2020 is an exciting new initiative to identify, implement and realise water savings. Watertight 2020 is in response to the need to become more efficient and provide water for the environment. Goulburn-Murray Water has implemented the campaign to generate water savings of 400,000ML by 2020 which is slightly higher than the Statement of Obligations target. Progress toward this ambitious goal is already well underway.

It is expected that the Watertight 2020 campaign will continue in earnest throughout the second regulatory period. The investigation and planning of many initiatives is advancing and with greater awareness amongst staff and customers it is anticipated that water savings ideas will continue to be identified and implemented.

The Watertight 2020 program identified the need for a more efficient delivery system. This has also been picked up as an important theme underpinning the Foodbowl Modernisation Project (FMP). Whilst details of the FMP not yet finalised, it is likely that the objectives of Watertight 2020 will be largely incorporated in the overall FMP, and Watertight 2020 will be "rolled" into the modernisation project and not be pursued as a stand-alone program of activity.

System Reconfiguration planning is currently progressing across all Irrigation Areas under Goulburn-Murray Water's Reconfiguration Program. Planning continues to take a whole of system approach to water delivery, utilising best practice and proven technology to enhance delivery and analysis capabilities to maximise potential water savings with selection of infrastructure.

Infrastructure needs are matched to land capabilities and future service needs and economic reviews are undertaken of whole of life costs to minimise operational and future costs balanced against optimum operation. The overarching objective remains to develop viable irrigation areas with a restructured delivery system that will ensure the irrigation industry remains sustainable into the future.

Major modernisation projects can only proceed with external investment and it is worth noting that there is currently around \$2.5 billion of committed Government investment announced for water saving activities. In addition, as noted earlier in this plan, the Victorian government's Foodbowl Modernisation Program commits \$1 billion specifically to modernising irrigation systems within G-MW's area. This program will now become the primary focus for G-MW's modernisation efforts.

The Foodbowl Modernisation Program brings with it external investment of \$900 million and a requirement for a G-MW contribution of \$100 million. It is not yet been determined how (capital expenditure/operating expenditure) and over what time period this G-MW input will contributed.

By the commencement of the second regulatory period it is anticipated that high level reconfiguration Modernisation planning, including infrastructure modernisation, will be nearing completion. Pending third party funding investment implementation works will have commenced and this second period will see significant works activity in each Irrigation Area.

Collectively these programs underlie Goulburn-Murray Water's goal to achieve the system efficiency obligations detailed in the Statement of Obligations. Section 3.3.1 Core Service Standards presents the performance indictor relating to this obligation.

Metering

The obligations pertaining to metering relate directly to the provision of the Diversion Services. The Diversions Metering Program has been developed in response to this obligation and the provisions of a memorandum of understanding between Department of Sustainability and Environment and Goulburn-Murray Water in response to this matter. This program is addressed in detail in Section 2.2 Delivery of Key Capital Projects and Section 4.3.2 Key Drivers of Capital Expenditure.

Responding to Drought

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to meet this obligation via its water allocation processes. Through this process, known as the seasonal allocation process, Goulburn-Murray Water determines the water availability to meet customer entitlements in the regulated supply systems throughout the year. Goulburn-Murray Water starts with an initial assessment which is announced on 1st July and follow up with further assessments at set times, either twice a month, if water availability is low, or monthly if availability is high.

The allocation process is a consideration of the water balance in the supply system. The objective of the process is to announce the availability of water to meet the customers entitlements in accordance with the supply commitments defined in the Bulk Entitlement orders. Allocation announcements are made so that the volumes announced can be delivered to customers in the water season under consideration. It is Goulburn-Murray Water's policy that water allocations, once announced, are not reduced.

This continuous restriction policy differs from the approach used by urban water authorities because water allocations will increase only when additional water resources are available, and not be reduced as resource limitations are better understood.

Goulburn-Murray Water considers its allocation process provides an effective drought response because the allocation policy, being a continuous restriction policy, allows relaxation when circumstances improve rather than requiring increased restrictions in response to worsening drought conditions.

Goulburn-Murray Water allocation policy defines the minimum requirements for communication of allocation announcements. This includes the widespread dissemination of the announcement throughout regional and local media. In addition, the details of the announcement are made available on Waterline (the water ordering system) and through Goulburn-Murray Water's website and customer newsletters, including special drought newsletters as required.

The reliability of supply for each of the regulated supply systems is defined in the Bulk Entitlement orders for each system. These reliabilities have been determined based on long term system simulation models. Each of the Bulk Entitlement conversion processes has involved significant customer consultation. This consultation, together with regular communication with customers on allocation and reliability matters, means that customers have been provided with many opportunities to understand the reliabilities of their water entitlements.

Goulburn-Murray Water acknowledges the requirement to prioritise water needs from a societal perspective and in times of drought will work in partnership with urban water agencies to supply water for basic urban needs. Partnership projects such as the 2006 Buffalo pumping with North East Water and reprioritisation of Lake Eppalock environmental water to Bendigo with Coliban Water will be considered.

As a key stakeholder Goulburn-Murray Water will participate in the development of the Northern Victorian Sustainable Water Supply Strategy, a comprehensive review of all water supply arrangements and entitlement. This review will address climate and catchment change impacts and determine the impacts on water entitlements across all of Goulburn-Murray Water supply systems. It is anticipated that new obligations will result form this review however given the very early nature of the review Goulburn-Murray Water has not attempted to pre-empt these and no additional funding for implementation of review outcomes has been allowed.

Regional & Local Government Planning

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to work in partnership with the Catchment Management Authorities and municipalities within its region to deliver outcomes that enable Goulburn-Murray Water to achieve its obligations and provide ongoing benefits to Goulburn-Murray Water and its customers. Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to consult with other stakeholders to ensure consistency and effectiveness.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to work with the Catchment Management Authorities within its region, namely North East, Goulburn-Broken, North Central and Mallee, to provide both strategic and technical input to the development and implementation of the Catchment Management Authorities' Regional Catchment Strategies.

Goulburn-Murray Water anticipates that it will also continue to be a service provider for both strategic and technical natural resource management programs for the North East, Goulburn Broken and North Central Catchment Management Authorities.

Goulburn-Murray Water has 24 municipalities within its region and as a rural water authority its focus will remain on ensuring developments avoid negative impacts on water system infrastructure and on the quality and quantity of surface and ground water resources.

Goulburn-Murray Water recognises its role as a statutory referral authority, under the Planning & Environment Act, for developments in proclaimed water supply catchments, irrigation supply districts, and in some municipalities, under specific planning scheme overlays. Goulburn-Murray Water is aware that it is also a potentially affected or interested party for any developments along waterways in its operational region. Goulburn-Murray Water have been effectively fulfilling these roles for some time now and are not anticipating significant changes within the second regulatory period.

Research & Knowledge

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to invest in applied research where the aims are consistent with its business objectives and there are clear and quantifiable benefits. Goulburn-Murray Water will endeavour to gain maximum leverage from its investment by liaising with relevant external bodies to influence national and state programs and develop joint projects.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue with the implementation of its Research and Development plan which comprises internal, joint and externally funded projects as well as investment in partnership programs.

Goulburn-Murray Water's priority areas for research will include Water Savings, Asset Management, Aquatic Weed Control, Catchment Management, A Healthy Environment and Facilitation of Change.

Goulburn-Murray Water anticipates partnering arrangements will include the national programs of CRC Irrigation Futures, CRC eWater, CRC Water Quality and treatment and the National Program for Sustainable Irrigation.

Goulburn-Murray Water will ensure the research program and outcomes of research are appropriately communicated to all stakeholders and research outcomes are adopted where appropriate.

Sustainable Management

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to apply the Sustainable Management Principles in performing its functions, exercise its powers and carryout its duties. Goulburn-Murray Water will utilise a number of mechanisms to apply these principles and these are outlined below.

Goulburn-Murray Water's commitment to environmental sustainability is outlined within its Environment Policy Statement via a number of environmental objectives and delivered through its Environmental Management System. Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to consult with Water Service Committees where relevant on environmental risk reductions or improvements. Consultation with key stakeholders will continue to occur via participation in external initiatives.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to set and revise, on an annual basis, environmental targets and improvement actions to reflect corporate environmental objectives through its Environmental Management Program. Performance monitoring will continue to be tracked via our Environmental Monitoring and Reporting Program.

Goulburn-Murray Water is engaged in a joint project with the Cooperative Research Centre for Irrigation Futures to review Goulburn-Murray Water's sustainability reporting. The objective is to deliver a Global Reporting Initiative compliant triple bottom line report for Goulburn-Murray Water that is harmonised with other reporting. It is anticipated that Goulburn-Murray Water will implement, where appropriate, the findings from this review in the second regulatory period by improving on current content and the process for developing a sustainability report (which may be incorporated with existing statutory reporting).

Goulburn-Murray Water will respond to climate change by taking into account the impacts of prolonged drought into water resource management decision making process and as discussed earlier participate in the Northern Victorian Sustainability Water Strategy.

Goulburn-Murray Water will also continue with the implementation of its greenhouse gas strategy and participation in the Victorian Water Businesses Greenhouse Emissions Reduction Program. Goulburn-Murray Water's program is outlined in Section 3.2.2.

Sustainability is also taken into consideration in delivering Goulburn-Murray Water programs associated with the environment and river health, such as The Living Murray Initiative, as outlined in Section 3.2.1.4.

Additional expenditure associated with Goulburn-Murray Water's environmental management program improvement tasks identified in its Risk Management Plans and investigation program have been included in operational and capital estimated investments.

3.2.1.4 Environmental Management

Environmental Management System

Within the first regulatory period Goulburn-Murray Water has completed a substantial redevelopment of its Environmental Management System to achieve compatibility with the international standard AS/ISO14001:2004.

Goulburn-Murray Water's Environmental Management System has also achieved external certification to the international standard. This provides assurance that Goulburn-Murray Water has in place systems and procedures to identify and manage its environmental risks, meets its legal and other obligations, and improves business practices.

During the second regulatory period Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to strive for continuous improvement in environmental performance, undertaking annual surveillance audits to assure that Goulburn-Murray Water maintains its certification and environmental commitment.

Blue-Green Algal Blooms

Goulburn-Murray Water seeks to deliver the obligations pertaining to blue-green algal blooms through its established processes. These programs are seen as ongoing with benefits to Goulburn-Murray Water, its customers and stakeholders including the community.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to provide blue-green algal bloom response management as required by a Regional Convening Agency listed in Circular No 288.

Goulburn-Murray Water has developed regional BGA contingency plans for each of the six major catchments within its operational region. In addition Goulburn-Murray Water has local contingency plans prepared for its water storages, weirs, and irrigation supply systems. These plans set out monitoring, reporting and notification procedures (including notification of Department of Human Services), so that customers, community and other interested parties are notified of any BGA blooms and the associated risks for water users. Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to regularly update these plans.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to liaise with lead agencies, including the Department of Sustainability and Environment and the Department of Human Services, research groups and other interested parties about appropriate levels of management to address the risks associated with BGA blooms. Goulburn-Murray Water will also continue to liaise with NSW Authorities about blue green algal management in the River Murray.

River & Aquifer Health

Goulburn-Murray Water's commitment to river and aquifer health is reinforced through its Environment Policy Statement which includes striving towards developing and implementing plans to improve river system health and water quality, with catchment communities and other stakeholders.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to deliver projects using its established guidelines for management of environmental impact for Goulburn-Murray Water projects and one-off activities. This guideline seeks to ensure that Goulburn-Murray Water complies with all relevant statutory requirements that are linked with its Environmental Management System. This process identifies all environmental matters that have to be addressed in the project planning and may involve the development of a works plan to avoid, minimize or mitigate the environmental impacts associated with the project. This process is robust enough to identify the requirement for appropriate monitoring to confirm that critical levels have not been exceeded.

Goulburn-Murray Water understands that provision of works to improve fish movement, the minimisation of environmental risks from water releases and offtakes

for environmental flows will be guided by priorities established by Department of Sustainability and Environment and the Catchment Management Authorities. Where existing infrastructure is being reconfigured or upgraded, G-MW will liaise with relevant catchment partners, including DSE, DPI and CMA to develop equitable cost sharing arrangements, if the provision of fish passage is required.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to work with catchment partners, primarily the Catchment Management Authorities, to ensure that flows are managed to efficiently supply our domestic and stock and irrigation customers as well as maintaining environmental values.

Recognising that waterways and wetlands forming part of the Goulburn-Murray Water supply and distribution system are not always under it direct management Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to closely liaise with Catchment Management Authorities who have the statutory waterway management responsibilities. Through these relationships Goulburn-Murray Water will seek to ensure that waterway and wetland management plans and Regional River Health Strategies take into account issues listed in the Statement of Obligations while at the same time acknowledging the economic and social values of these natural assets.

As the designated storage manager Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to implement and refine its Storage Management Plans - Water Quality and Biodiversity. Where practical Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to take into account the plans and strategies of Catchment Management Authorities in achieving this activity.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to work with its catchment partners the Murray Darling Basin Commission, Department of Sustainability and Environment, Catchment Management Authorities and other relevant stakeholders to implement actions associated with The Living Murray Initiative.

Costs in relation to implementing G-MW's obligations under the river health strategies and complying with river health requirements, including monitoring, are included within the various basin system costs, and have not significant increased under this Water Plan. Activities vary according to the seasonal conditions, and other external factors such as the work programs of other NRM agencies.

Monitoring River Health

Goulburn-Murray Water intends to remain a member of the North East and North West regional surface water monitoring partnerships. This includes continuing to financially support the Victorian Water Quality Monitoring Network (VWQMN) as well as providing additional information from our storages and Irrigation Areas to other partners and the public through Department of Sustainability and Environment's data warehouse.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to monitor all storages as part of its Major Storages Operational Monitoring Program (MSOMP), including drawing on the VWQMN stations located on streams below storages and, hence, monitoring the impacts of storage releases.

Results of MSOP will continue to be made available to the Department of Sustainability and Environment's water data warehouse, and reported in the Victorian Water Quality Monitoring Annual Report and the MSOMP Annual Report.

Goulburn-Murray Water anticipates continued participation in Department of Sustainability and Environment's Cold Water Monitoring Program at selected

storages to determine the extent of any thermal effects of the dam and associated structures on the downstream thermal regimes.

More broadly Goulburn-Murray Water anticipates continuing to contribute to the Catchment Management Authorities development and implementation of Regional River Health Strategies and other relevant components of Regional Catchment Strategies.

Together with its catchment partners Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to develop an effective monitoring or benchmarking process for wetlands that form part of its Irrigation Areas. In this regulatory period Goulburn-Murray Water anticipates being part of the monitoring process for these wetlands.

Goulburn-Murray Water will also continue to work with catchment partners to minimize the impact of irrigation drainage on waterways, improve drainage management and monitor drainage water quality as well as downstream aquatic health conditions. These works will be coordinated and implemented under the umbrella of the Irrigation Drainage Memorandum of Understanding as discussed in Section 3.2.2

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to monitor the nutrient and algal status of its storages to provide information that can be used to detect trends in parameters and aid process understanding. Goulburn-Murray Water will use this information to advise recreational groups and downstream customers of the presence of any significant algal blooms.

The data and information collected will continue to be widely available from the Data Waterhouse (which is linked from G-MW's web site), available on request and often reported at public or Catchment Management Authority forums.

These river health monitoring programs will be funded out of internal and some external sources and it is proposed that this monitoring work will continue to be undertaken as required to improve current operational arrangements. Activities will be monitored on the basis of the associated environmental risk and therefore only high environmental risk activities will be monitored. Goulburn-Murray Water anticipates that it will tackle these high risks progressively in conjunction with its catchment partners.

3.2.1.5 Payment Schemes & Contributions

Goulburn-Murray Water anticipates continuing to administer the Government funded programs providing concessions and rebates as defined within the Statement of Obligations.

3.2.2 Environmental Obligations

This section outlines Goulburn-Murray Water intentions with regard to the obligations imposed on Goulburn-Murray Water by EPA Victoria by way of the Environmental Protection Act 1970. These Obligations are outlined in EPA Victoria guidance document "Draft Principles to Establish Environmental Obligations for Water Businesses for the 2008-2013 Pricing Determination" which forms the basis of Goulburn-Murray Water's response.

A number of the obligations discussed in EPA Victoria's guidance document are linked directly to Goulburn-Murray Water responsibilities under the Statement of Obligations and response to these is covered in Section 3.2.1. Those obligations already covered are:

- Water Conservation & Resource Efficiency;
- Releases from Storages; and

Monitoring, Auditing & Risk Assessment.

The remaining obligations are addressed in the following discussion.

Management of Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Goulburn-Murray Water acknowledges the Victorian Government's policy position on green house gas emissions. Together with Sustainability Victoria, the Department of Sustainability and Environment, EPA Victoria and other Victorian water industry representatives Goulburn-Murray Water has participated in the development of an agreed Water Industry Greenhouse Gas Management Framework.

In recognition of Goulburn-Murray Water's commitment it is currently developing a strategy to reduce our emissions drawing on the Water Industry Framework. In support of the Strategy Goulburn-Murray Water will be developing a separate Greenhouse Action Plan to provide implementation guidance and details for further testing and refinement.

Goulburn-Murray Water's objectives under its draft Greenhouse Strategy are expected to see a cap on greenhouse emissions at 75% of the 2005/06 level by 2013 and for Goulburn-Murray Water to becoming carbon neutral by 2050.

Goulburn-Murray Water understands its greenhouse emissions are primarily due to use of hydrocarbon fuel to power vehicles, plant and equipment; the use of electricity to pump water; and use of electricity inside offices and depots. Goulburn-Murray Water has developed preliminary action plans to reduce, avoid or offset these omissions.

During the second regulatory period Goulburn-Murray Water will looking to achieve its objectives through reductions in hydrocarbon fuel use and electricity used to pump water and supply offices and depots. Goulburn-Murray Water also anticipates purchasing green power to meet part of our electricity needs and will be giving consideration to potentially generating its own green power through hydro and wind powered assets. Goulburn-Murray Water recognises the important role of growing trees as a carbon offset and will be giving consideration to establishing tree plantings, either directly or by a commercial provider on our behalf, to achieve further offsets if needed.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to work with EPA Victoria and Sustainability Victoria to reduce its greenhouse emissions.

Management & Auditing Irrigation Discharges

To meet this obligation Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to progress along the path defined in the Irrigation Drainage Memorandum of Understanding (IDMoU) for improved water quality in its waterways.

In conjunction with EPA Victoria, Catchment Management Authorities and Department of Sustainability and Environment, and as a signatory to the IDMoU, Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to take a lead role in the improvement of water quality from surface water management systems within its operating region.

The IDMoU defines the framework for improvement and includes a requirement for continued communications on decision making and actions by all signatories.

Regular steering committee meetings ensure that the targets identified within the IDMOU are achieved and reviewed. They also ensure that open communication of progress under the IDMoU between signatories continues. Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to take a lead role in ensuring the deliverables set under the IDMoU are completed.

Goulburn-Murray Water's commitment to the IDMoU is limited to implementation within the boundaries of its current responsibilities and additional investment has not been allowed in its investment estimates. Goulburn-Murray Water understands that full implementation is dependent on external investment being available and Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to work with the signatories to the IDMoU to secure these.

Provisions & Auditing of Environmental Flows

Goulburn-Murray Water will remain committed to operating its water supply systems to meet the requirements of the bulk entitlements orders for environmental flows, principally the minimum and contingent flows, as they are progressively developed by Department of Sustainability and Environment.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to report annually on its compliance with bulk entitlement orders, in both its Annual Report and in Resource Manager Basin Water accounts. In support Goulburn-Murray Water will appoint an independent auditor to verify its compliance with its bulk entitlement obligations, and anticipate that the Department of Sustainability and Environment will oversee these audits.

Goulburn-Murray Water will also continue to work with the Department of Sustainability and Environment and Catchment Management Authorities to explore opportunities to measure and improve the effectiveness of the Environmental Water Reserve by adjusting water system operation. Goulburn-Murray Water anticipates these will be incorporated into Stream Flow Management Plans or local management rules.

Goulburn-Murray Water understands that its obligation to environmental flows excludes the requirement to assess the effectiveness of environmental flows in protecting ecology.

Goulburn-Murray Water has included an allowance for the State Environment Protection Policy requirements in proponent application fees for the issue of new surface water licences and planning referrals.

Groundwater Management

Goulburn-Murray Water plans to achieve its obligations pertaining to groundwater by continuing to incorporate the development of water sharing strategies like groundwater management plans into the Regional Catchment Strategies. Goulburn-Murray Water considers that this approach will ensure an integrated approach to catchment management with all stakeholder input, including the needs of the environment.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to work in partnership with the Department of Sustainability and Environment, the Catchment Management Authorities and its other catchment partners to achieve the specified targets and timelines.

The development of these water sharing plans is understood to be driven from Victorian Government investment and the implementation and ongoing costs within the boundaries of its responsibilities have been included in pricing submissions to be met by customers.

Goulburn-Murray Water has included an allowance for the State Environment Protection Policy requirements in proponent application fees for the issue of new groundwater licences and planning referrals.

Groundwater Management Planning

Groundwater Management Plans (GMPs) aim to ensure the sustainable access for all users, with the key objective of each plan achieving sustainable & equitable resource management. The plans look at the specific issues of each aquifer and provide a clear operational guide for managers and users ensuring security of supply into the future.

G-MW has budgeted to spend \$1 million over the regulatory period 2008/9 – 12/13 to develop Groundwater Management Plans. Aquifers targeted include, Upper & Mid Loddon WSPA's, Spring Hill & Campaspe Reviews, Mid Goulburn, Lower Ovens, King Lake, Mullindilligong & Wombat GMA's. In addition there may be a requirement to review the management of unincorporated areas (ie Non Groundwater Management Areas) within G-MW's region. It is expected that the development of GMPs will be co-funded from the mid-Goulburn auction funds and from Government.

Intensive management will be implemented in line with the findings of technical work and after consultation with stakeholders. Intensive management will be implemented in 2008/09 for the Mid-Goulburn, Ovens and King Lake GMA's at a forecast cost of \$0.12M p.a.

No provision has been made for the implementation of intensive management in other GMA's due to the high degree of uncertainty about the level of intensive management that will be required for each GMA. Where a high level of management (ie intensive management) is assessed as being required, consultation will be undertaken with affected stakeholders and an amendment to the Water Plan will be proposed.

Saline Discharges

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to deliver its saline discharges obligations within the explicit guidelines set by the Victorian Government and the Murray Darling Basin Commission (MDBC).

In consultation its catchment partners, the Catchment Management Authorities, Department of Primary Industries, Department of Sustainability and Environment and EPA Victoria, Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to develop additional rules, guidelines and considerations for saline discharges to channels, drains and waterways.

Goulburn-Murray Water will endeavour to ensure that all saline discharges from its works are in accordance with government approved salinity plans and strategies and the MDB Agreement.

Goulburn-Murray Water understands that all discharges to the River Murray from its works post January 1988 (such as installation of groundwater pumps, surface drainage and salt interception schemes) which are included in state and regional management plans are subject to the requirements of Schedule C of the Murray Darling Basin Salinity Management Strategy and are included on the Victorian and MDBC Salt Disposal Registers. It also Goulburn-Murray Water's understanding that works prior to January 1988 are included in the benchmark period and do not require Salt Disposal Entitlements and are not accounted for on the registers.

Within its Irrigation Areas Goulburn-Murray Water preferred discharge method will remain the regional redistribution of saline discharge via disposal of groundwater to channels and drains and drainage water to drains. These discharges will continue to be managed within specific safe usage limits where irrigation supply and drainage diversion from the conveyance systems recycle the water within the region.

3.2.3 Water Quality Obligations

This section outlines our intentions with regard to the obligations imposed on Goulburn-Murray Water by the Department of Human Services by way of the Safe Drinking Water Act 2003. This Obligation relates to Goulburn-Murray Water's role as Water Storage Manager under the provisions of the Act and the provisions for the supply of safe drinking water.

As a Water Storage Manager Goulburn-Murray Water has in place Risk Management Plans for the Murray, Goulburn and Loddon systems that recognise that water is supplied to Regional Urban Water Authorities that then treat the water to drinking water standards for supply to urban customers.

In addition, G-MW will continue to communicate with its customers about the non-potable nature of the water supplied by G-MW (as outlined in Appendix D).

Goulburn-Murray Water's intention within the second regulatory period is to continue with progressively implementing these Plans by incorporating actions into its existing catchment, land and water management processes and coordination arrangements with partners, primarily the Department of Human Services Safe Drinking Water Regulatory Unit.

Goulburn-Murray Water understands that implementation requires substantial coordination and integrating activities, most likely under the umbrella of the Catchment Management Authority Regional Catchment Strategies.

Goulburn-Murray Water also intends to regularly review and update the Plans and audit the Plans three times throughout the second regulatory period. These activities will require additional operating investment which has been included within expenditure projections.

3.2.4 Other Obligations

Whilst Goulburn-Murray Water has implemented unbundling of water entitlements in regulated systems on 1 July 2007, unregulated surface water and groundwater systems have not yet been unbundled.

Regulated systems represent the significant majority of water entitlements in Goulburn-Murray Water by volume, but unregulated and groundwater systems encompass a large number of individual customers.

Preliminary planning has commenced to identify the tasks and possible timing for this reform program. The exact timing will be dependent on both resources available within Goulburn-Murray Water and DSE and priorities for unbundling activities in southern Victoria, but it is anticipated that implementation will occur by 1 July 2009 at the latest. It is also possible that unbundling of these systems may occur progressively in a staged program, perhaps commencing with unregulated streams and major groundwater management areas, followed by progressive implementation in other groundwater aquifers in subsequent years.

Reasonable budget provisions have been included in this water plan for this unbundling implementation. These estimates are based on experience from unbundling regulated systems, and it may be necessary to review these provisions once the final policy requirements to meet the particular challenges in unregulated and groundwater have been determined by DSE.

Metering Retail Water Services

Goulburn-Murray Water recognises measurement of water supplied and accounting for water use against entitlement is a key aspect of its business. Goulburn-Murray

Water's Metering Policy seeks to ensure that the meters selected for customer billing purposes will be appropriate for the application, the most cost effective option and meet any requirements of National or State regulatory standards.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to participate in the metering aspects of the National Water Initiative and Trade Measurement legislation at both a National and State level. Goulburn-Murray Water anticipates continuing to assist both Standards Australia and the National Measurement Institute to develop pattern approved standards, product specification standards and uniform testing procedures that will when finalised underpin the National Water Initiative water accounting framework.

Goulburn-Murray Water notes that there is a degree of uncertainty surrounding the implementation of national metering standards and trade measurement legislation, in this light, within the second regulatory period it has adopted a program of replacing meters when they have reached the end of their life expectancy. Goulburn-Murray Water anticipates adopting the basic manually controlled flow meter technology of the day for replacements. Goulburn-Murray Water will also be continuing with its programmed maintenance of meters.

Under its Metering Policy Goulburn-Murray Water remains committed to the development of practical and economic outcomes for measurement that will combine the best aspects of Trade Measurement legislation with industry best practice approach. Goulburn-Murray Water will strive to achieve continuous improvement through the introduction of new metering technologies in consultation with its customers and other key stakeholders.

3.3 Service Standards

3.3.1 Core Service Standards

Goulburn-Murray Water measures success in delivering service outcomes by monitoring its performance against key performance indicators. Goulburn-Murray Water has established a system which balances performance reporting between internal and external reporting.

In determining the service standards Goulburn-Murray Water intends to deliver over the regulatory period, we consulted with individual Water Services Committees to propose and endorse targets for the core service standards as outlined below. During the consultation process the following points were considered in order to develop targets

- The basis on which the targets were set
- Historical service levels
- Cost implications (if any)
- How Goulburn-Murray Water would be able to deliver these standards

The core set of standards for which targets have been set are as follows;

Gravity Supply

- Irrigation water orders delivered on day requested (per cent)
- Stock and domestic deliveries within [x] days of the initial target delivery period (per cent). (where applicable)

Unaccounted for water (per cent)

Pumped Supply (where applicable)

- Irrigation water orders delivered on day requested (per cent)
- Unavailability of stock and domestic supply systems for continuous periods in excess of 96 hours (per cent)
- Number of pipeline bursts and leaks (per 100 km of pipeline)
- Unaccounted for water (per cent)

Irrigation Drainage (where applicable)

- Availability of surface drainage schemes (per cent)
- Availability of sub-surface drainage schemes (per cent)

Diversion Metering (by supply system)

- Number of diversion licences metered as at 30 June 2007 (%)
- Volume of total entitlement metered as at 30 June 2007 (%)

Table 11 presents the key performance indictors for the prescribed services outcomes proposed for the second regulatory period. These indicators are based on "average" seasonal conditions and have been aligned with other corporate reporting documents, namely the Annual Report and Corporate Report.

In instances where the key performance indicator is not applicable to a particularly service that indicator is not shown.

Table 11 – Key Performance Indicators – Second Regulatory Period

Key Performance Indicator		Actual		Targets f Regulator		Targets for Second Regulatory Period					
	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	
Economic Sustainability											
Retail Water System overall efficiency achieved as a % of delivered	68%	72%	73%	63.8% ¹	74%	74%	76%	76%	76%	77%	
Bulk water assets availability of storage capacity as a % of design storage capacity ²	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Retail Water assets number of unplanned service failures greater than 12 hours	6	0	33	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Retail Water assets reported channel leaks responded to within agreed times ³	Achieved	Achieved	Achieved	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Social Sustainability											
Bulk water assets availability to deliver water on demand to customers as a % of time	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Complaints to EWOV (excluding enquiries)	9	9	9	8	7	7	7	6	6	6	
Telephone calls answered within 30 seconds ⁴	New indicator	New indicator		92%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	
Processing of Temporary Transfer of water entitlement within 5 business days ⁵	New indicator	New indicator		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Processing of Permanent Transfer of	New indicator	New indicator		92%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	

Key Performance Indicator	Actual			Targets Regulator		Targets for Second Regulatory Period					
	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	
water entitlement ⁶ within 15 business days ⁵											
Environmental Sustainal	oility										
Regulated rivers minimum river flow regimes > or equal to specified minimum flows 100% of the time	New indicator	New indicator	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Unregulated rivers meet agreed targets or natural flow 90% of the time	New indicator	New indicator	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	

- Actual figure for 2006/07. Lower than previous years due to extremely low allocations for the year.
 Excluding Lake Mokoan which has a target of 82%
 Customer Charter

- 4. Customer Service Tatura Office during business hours
- 5. Performance indicator targets to be developed once State-wide Water Register and Goulburn-Murray Water's Stakeholder Account Management System are implemented
- 6. For applications not requiring a channel capacity & salinity assessment, diversions inspection or involve interstate

The tables below outline the agreed targets over the regulatory periods for individual Operations Units.

Shepparton									
	2005/06 Actual	2006/07 Actual	2007/08 Target	2007/08 Actual	2008/09 Target	2009/10 Target	2010/11 Target	2011/12 Target	2012/13 Target
Gravity Supply									
Irrigation water orders delivered on day requested (%)	90.7	87.7	91	-	91	91.5	91.5	92	92.5
Unaccounted for water (%)	28	34	N/A	-	27	26.5	26	25	25
Pumped Supply									
Unavailability of stock and domestic supply systems for continuous periods in excess of 96 hours (%)	N/A	N/A	2	-	2	2	2	2	2
Number of pipeline bursts and leaks (per 100 km of pipeline)	N/A	N/A	60	-	60	60	50	50	50
Unaccounted for water (%)	N/A	N/A	20	-	20	20	19	18	17
Irrigation Drainage									
Availability of surface drainage schemes (%)	100	100	98	-	98	98	98	98	98
Availability of sub-surface drainage schemes (%)	100	100	98	-	98	98	98	98	98

Central Goulburn											
	2005/06 Actual	2006/07 Actual	2007/08 Target	2007/08 Actual	2008/09 Target	2009/10 Target	2010/11 Target	2011/12 Target	2012/13 Target		
Gravity Supply											
rrigation water orders delivered on day requested (%)	92.6	91	92	-	92	92.5	92.5	93	93.5		
Jnaccounted for water (%)	27.8	42.1	N/A	-	27	26.5	26	25	25		
Irrigation Drainage											
Availability of surface drainage schemes (%)	100	100	98	-	98	98	98	98	98		
Availability of sub-surface drainage schemes (%)	100	100	98	-	98	98	98	98	98		

Rochester – Campaspe										
	2005/06 Actual	2006/07 Actual	2007/08 Target	2007/08 Actual	2008/09 Target	2009/10 Target	2010/11 Target	2011/12 Target	2012/13 Target	
Gravity Supply										
rrigation water orders delivered on day requested (%)	80.3	75.6	83	-	83	83.5	83.5	84	84.5	
Unaccounted for water (%)	30.5	38.3	N/A	-	28	27	27	26	25	
Irrigation Drainage										
Availability of surface drainage schemes (%)	100	100	98	-	98	98	98	98	98	
Availability of sub-surface drainage schemes (%)	100	100	98	-	98	98	98	98	98	

Pyramid - Boort									
	2005/06 Actual	2006/07 Actual	2007/08 Target	2007/08 Actual	2008/09 Target	2009/10 Target	2010/11 Target	2011/12 Target	2012/13 Target
Gravity Supply									
rrigation water orders delivered on day requested (%)	79.2	85.8	82	-	82	82	82.5	83	83.5
Jnaccounted for water (%)	20	43	21	-	21	21	21	21	21
Pumped Supply									+
Unavailability of stock and domestic supply systems for continuous periods in excess of 96 hours (%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	1	1	1	1	1
Number of pipeline bursts and leaks (per 100 km of pipeline)	N/A	N/A	90	-	75	75	75	75	75
Jnaccounted for water (%)	15	10	N/A	-	15	15	15	15	15
Irrigation Drainage									
Availability of surface drainage schemes (%)	100	100	98	-	98	98	98	98	98

Murray Valley											
	2005/06 Actual	2006/07 Actual	2007/08 Target	2007/08 Actual	2008/09 Target	2009/10 Target	2010/11 Target	2011/12 Target	2012/13 Target		
Gravity Supply											
Irrigation water orders delivered on day requested (%)	87.9	87.1	87	-	88	88.5	89	89.5	90		
Unaccounted for water (%)	26.9	29.2	N/A	-	27.5	27	26.5	26	25		
Irrigation Drainage											
Availability of surface drainage schemes (%)	100	100	98	-	98	98	98	98	98		
Availability of sub-surface drainage schemes (%)	100	100	98	-	98	98	98	98	98		

Torrumbarry									
	2005/06 Actual	2006/07 Actual	2007/08 Target	2007/08 Actual	2008/09 Target	2009/10 Target	2010/11 Target	2011/12 Target	2012/13 Target
Gravity Supply									
rrigation water orders delivered on day requested (%)	93.6	93.4	93	-	93.5	93.5	94	94.5	95
Jnaccounted for water (%)	28.5	36.4	N/A	-	29	28	27.5	27	26.5
Pumped Supply (133 km of pipeline in pumped districts)									
rrigation water orders delivered on day requested (%)	99	99	98	-	98	98	98	98	98
Sumber of pipeline bursts and leaks (per 100 km of pipeline)	N/A	24	50	-	50	50	50	50	50
Jnaccounted for water (%)	8	8	8	-	8	8	8	8	8
Irrigation Drainage									
vailability of surface drainage schemes (%)	100	100	98	-	98	98	98	98	98
vailability of sub-surface drainage schemes (%)	100	100	98	-	98	98	98	98	98

Diversions											
	Total to be metered	2005/06 Actual	%	2006/07 Actual	%	2007/08 Target of non complex sites	%	2008/09 Completion			
Metering											
Cumulative number of diversion pump sites to be metered	1,890	334		922		1512		1,890			
Cumulative volume of active water entitlement of non complex sites to be metered	210,084 ML	34,747 ML		105,721 ML		168,068 ML		210,084 ML			

3.4 Guaranteed Service Levels

The Essential Services Commission maintains the view that there is merit in all urban businesses adopting a Guaranteed Service Levels (GSL) scheme for the 2008 regulatory period. A GSL scheme is where businesses provide rebates to customers who receive a level of service that is significantly worse than the average level of performance expected by most customers.

During the first regulatory period (2006/07-07/08) the Essential Services Commission recognised that in the absence of a robust performance monitoring framework and extensive customer consultation it would be difficult to introduce a GSL scheme for rural water businesses.

Goulburn-Murray Water agrees with this assessment, and is of the view that the costs, including administration, of a GSL scheme would outweigh the benefits. In addition, given the co-operative involvement of customers in the delivery of some services which may impact on the service provided to other customers, for example watering start and finish times, a GSL scheme may not be entirely appropriate. Accordingly Goulburn-Murray Water does not propose to introduce such a scheme in the second regulatory period.

4 Revenue Requirement

4.1 Overview of Revenue Requirement

Goulburn-Murray Water's revenue requirement is based on forecasts of operating and capital expenditure over the five years of the next regulatory period 2008/09 - 2012/13, and adjustments for expenditure and revenue variations from the current regulatory period 2006/07 - 2007/08.

As previously discussed the Shepparton Modernisation, Total Channel Control-Central Goulburn Channels 134 stage 3 and Foodbowl Modernisation water savings projects have not been included in this Water Plan. However, operating and capital expenditure forecasts have been reduced prior to receiving more detailed information about the implementation of these significant water savings projects.

These water savings projects will impact significantly on G-MW's operating and capital expenditure plans and as a result it is proposed to request an amendment to G-MW's Water Plan in 2008 following receipt of more detailed project implementation information.

G-MW's revenue requirement for the five year period of the Water Plan, excluding the above water savings projects, is forecast to be:

	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13	Total
Revenue Requirement	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M
Operating expenditure	94.4	99.0	85.9	85.1	84.9	449.3
Adjustments from prior period	6.4	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.0	8.9
Depreciation	4.2	5.2	5.9	5.8	5.4	26.5
Return on RAB	7.0	8.2	9.3	10.4	11.7	46.6
Total revenue requirement	112.0	112.7	101.6	102.0	103.0	531.3

4.2 Operating Expenditure

4.2.1 Overview of Operating Expenditure

The forecast of operating expenditure takes into consideration:

- Customer service standards required by customers
- Service obligations imposed by the Minister, other regulators, and Bulk Entitlement Orders.
- Environmental obligations
- Implementation of approved water savings projects from the current Water Plan 2006-08
- Productivity initiatives.

Due to the very uncertain operating environment as a result of implementing significant Government reforms and water savings projects, comparisons between current year on year expenditure levels to historical expenditure levels are problematic.

Operating expenditure by segment:

	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13	Total
Segment	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M
Irrigation	59.4	56.9	51.5	49.9	49.5	267.2
Drainage	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.9	29.3
Domestic	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	2.5
Surface water diversions	3.3	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.2	18.4
Groundwater diversions	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.7	2.7	12.4
Bulk Water	21.4	28.9	20.8	20.7	20.7	112.5
Environment levy	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	6.5
License fees	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5
Total operating expenditure	94.4	99.0	85.9	85.1	84.9	449.3

Operating expenditure by category:

	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13	Total
Category	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M
Operations	42.5	48.1	40.6	40.5	40.2	211.9
Maintenance	37.3	36.8	31.4	30.7	30.8	167.0
Customer service	2.1	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	8.5
Corporate	11.1	11.1	10.9	10.9	10.9	54.9
Environment levy	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	6.5
License fees	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5
Total operating expenditure	94.4	99.0	85.9	85.1	84.9	449.3

4.2.2 Key Drivers of Operating Expenditure

The delivery of customer service to agreed standards, the compliance with service and environmental obligations and the implementation of water savings projects are the key drivers of G-MW's operating expenditure.

Significant changes to G-MW's operating expenditure over the five year period 2008-13 are forecast to be:

Advanced Maintenance Program (AMP)

The AMP was introduced in the current regulatory period 2006-08 and reflects a new direction in asset management policy. The AMP aims to extend asset life and delay significant asset replacement and provide greater flexibility in future asset decision making.

As a result of the uncertainty with the implementation of the Foodbowl Modernisation water savings project, the scope of AMP works has been reduced until more information is received that will provide a greater understanding of its implementation. It is expected that a revised AMP will be developed in 2008 that will compliment the Foodbowl Modernisation project and achieve the long term asset management aims of the AMP.

As the Foodbowl Modernisation project will more than likely seek to automate regulators in major irrigation channels and rationalise/reconfigure minor channels, the AMP scope of works has been reduced to a minimum level of advanced maintenance on major channels.

The reduced AMP scope of works until a revised plan can be developed that allows for the Foodbowl Modernisation project is:

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)
ĺ	13.2	8.7	8.5	8.6	8.4	8.5

As noted above the program originally proposed, and discussed with Water Services Committee in June 2007, was higher than that now proposed pending further details of the Foodbowl Modernisation Project (FMP).

Refer 8.3 Appendix C for a comparison with the AMP originally proposed for 2008/09-12/13 had the FMP not been announced.

Automation of Irrigation Systems

G-MW is a leading stakeholder in researching and developing the automation of channel irrigation systems to assist with achieving water savings. Automated channel system technology was first researched with the joint Research & Development project, Total Channel Control (TCC) – Central Goulburn Channel 2 with Rubicon Australia and Government in 2001.

From 2001 G-MW has installed 841 automated gates and 65 water level monitoring sites under the TCC-CG2, TCC-CG 134 and Strategic Measurement Program (SMP) water savings projects. 374 of these automated gates and monitoring sites have been installed since 2006 under the SMP project.

The SMP project also includes the implementation of a canopy radio system that relays real-time information between automated sites and G-MW's computerised water management system that enables automated management and monitoring of irrigation channels.

Support and maintenance of this sophisticated technology is forecast to increase as the technology installed under the SMP project comes out of warranty.

2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)
0.8	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4

Water Savings Projects

Provision has been made to complete existing water savings projects from the current Water Plan 2006-08, ie Mokoan-return to wetlands and the Infrastructure reconfiguration projects. The operating expenditure relating to the implementation of these projects includes:

	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13
Project	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M
Mokoan-return to wetlands					
Decommissioning	-	7.6	-	-	-
Other	0.5	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure Reconfiguration					
Planning	1.0	-	-	-	-
Reconfiguration	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.3
Rationalisation	7.6	7.6	2.2	0.9	0.4

The Mokoan-return to wetlands project is fully funded by Government and \$56 Million of the Infrastructure Reconfiguration project is being funded by Government.

No provision has been made at this time for the Shepparton Modernisation, TCC-CG 1234 stage 3 and Foodbowl Modernisation water savings projects.

MDBC Contributions

MDBC contributions represent G-MW's cost share of the Victorian Government's share of the Murray Darling Basin Commission's annual operating and capital expenditure.

The forecast MDBC contributions are based on current cost share arrangements and the MDBC's current budget. Forward estimates out to 2012/13 are not available from the MDBC. As G-MW has no control over MDBC contributions, any changes to contribution levels will result in amendments to this Water Plan.

Forecast MDBC contributions:

2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)	(07/08\$mils)
10.7	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.6

Diversions Metering

Implementation of the Diversions metering program results in about 3,100 meters being installed to June 2013 (Refer section 4.2 – Capital Expenditure).

This significant increase in the number of metered sites combined with a cyclic maintenance program that ensures meters are functioning correctly supports the Government's water policy of improved metering and compliance to sustain a fair and equitable system of water allocation.

As a result meter maintenance expenditure increases in these relatively small Diversion services.

Service / Operating Expenditure	08/09 07/08\$M	09/10 07/08\$M	10/11 07/08\$M	11/12 07/08\$M	12/13 07/08\$M
Groundwater Diversions Maintenance	0.28	0.28	0.29	0.57	0.63
Unregulated Diversions Maintenance	0.12	0.12	0.14	0.49	0.54
Regulated Diversions Maintenance	0.32	0.34	0.42	0.53	0.60

Other operating expenditure changes

Other changes to operating expenditure include:

- Electricity charges Current electricity variable charges are significantly higher than G-MW's current contract rates. G-MW's electricity contracts for variable charges will expire in 2007/08 which will result in significant increases in the variable component of electricity costs. On average variable charges represent about 35% of the total electricity charge. Increases will be absorbed where possible but for high usage sites such as pressurised pipeline services, there will be a price impact.
- Pyramid-Boort Gravity Irrigation In response to the prolonged drought over the past 10 years, the Pyramid-Boort district management with the support of the local Water Services Committee (WSC) has deferred non-essential works to reduce the burden on irrigation customers. With the understanding of the WSC operating and maintenance resources need to increase to more sustainable levels (about \$0.35M p.a.) to ensure customer service standards, asset management and environmental obligations are met.
- Groundwater intensive management Intensive management plans are being developed for the Ovens, Mid Goulburn and Kinglake stressed aquifers. These plans schedule the implementation of intensive management practices from 2008/09 to ensure fair and equitable access to the limited water resources. Intensive management expenditure is forecast to increase by \$0.12M p.a. from 2008/09 with license volume increasing by 33,000 ML.
- Unbundling of Surface Water Unregulated and Groundwater Diversions – Additional administration expenditure of \$0.3M is forecast in 2008/09 to prepare customer details for unbundling and for the Victorian water register.

 ESC license fees and audit costs – G-MW is required to contribute to the costs of economic regulation. Annual ESC license fees forecast by the ESC and the cost of annual audits are higher than the provision included in the current Water Plan 2006-08.

	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13	Total
ESC	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M
License fees	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.133	0.513
Audit costs	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.075	0.375

4.2.3 Productivity Improvements

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to implement its productivity plan to achieve cumulative productivity improvements of 12% based on 2004/05 expenditure and performance levels.

Productivity improvements are being progressively implemented and Goulburn-Murray Water remains on target to achieve the 5% target for the first regulatory period. The remaining 7% of productivity savings have been factored into the 2008 Water Plan.

Major initiatives for the second regulatory period include:

- Capitalising on system improvements from strategic procurement, and the streamlined water planning IPM G2, replacement of the financial management system and customer billing and administration system upgrade projects;
- Implementation of Green house gas management strategy; and
- ▶ Enhancement of Information Technology systems; telephony system, document management system upgrade, high speed communications; that will support further productivity saving initiatives.

4.2.4 Adjustments from Prior Period

Adjustments carried forward from the 2006/07 to 2007/08 regulatory period are:

	(1)
Adjustment	Amount
	\$M's
June 2006 Service Bank Balances	
Return of surplus balances direct to price (2)	(14.79)
Repayment of debt balances (2)	17.24
2006/07 Revenue variation	7.94
ESC license fees	0.18
MDBC contributions	0.96
Unbundling – regulated services	0.33
Building Regulations 2006	0.13
Pumping Lake Buffalo – Murray regulated diverters	0.04
Reduction in 2007/08 Advanced Maintenance Program	(3.04)
Tungamah D&S – sale of temporary water	(0.03)
Total adjustments – prior regulatory period	8.96

(1) Amounts shown in brackets represent a reduction to the revenue requirement

(2) Includes interest

4.2.4.1 June 2006 Service Bank Balance Adjustment

The ESC decided in its 2006 Water Price Determination for G-MW that adjustments to required revenue should be made for service bank balances as at 30 June 2006.

Forecast 30 June 2006 service bank balances were used in the calculation of required revenue in the current Water Plan 2006-08. Actual service 30 June 2006 bank balances have been used in the calculation of required revenue for the next Water Plan 2008-13.

Summary of service bank balances as at 30 June 06:

Service Bank Balances	Forecast 30 June 06	Actual 30 June 06
	\$M's	\$M's
Surplus bank balances *	52.19	57.66
Debt bank balances	(44.20)	(40.76)
Net bank balance	7.99	16.90

^{*} Excludes Tungamah D&S bank balance

\$27.90M of service surplus bank balances have been returned in the current regulatory period 2006/07-07/08 and \$29.37M (including interest) will be returned in the next regulatory period 2008/09-2012/13, \$14.79M direct to price and \$14.58M as a capital contribution. Forecast service surplus bank balance as at June 2013 is \$9.69M.

\$3.19M of debt was repaid in the current regulatory period 2006/07-07/08 and \$8.39M of debt will be repaid in the next regulatory period 2008/09-12/13. Interest expense relating to the debt for the next regulatory period is forecast to be \$8.85M. The forecast service debt balance as at June 2013 is \$29.54M.

4.2.4.2 Expenditure Adjustments to the Current Water Plan 2006-08

G-MW has incurred additional expenditure to the current Water Plan 2006-08 forecasts that have been outside its control:

- ESC license fees Based on actual charges and forecasts provided by the ESC, forecast license fees for the regulatory period are \$0.18M higher than the amount allowed for in the current Water Plan 2006-08.
- Pumping Lake Buffalo In response to the severe drought in 2006/07, G-MW pumped dead water from Lake Buffalo primarily to supply water to Wangaratta. The pumping cost was \$0.22M which is proposed to be shared between North East Water and G-MW's Murray Regulated Diverters.
- Unbundling regulated water services G-MW incurred additional administration costs of \$0.33M to prepare irrigation customer details for unbundling and for linking to the Victorian water register.
- Building Regulations 2006 The change in legislation requires G-MW to report annually on essential safety measures. The cost to provide a compliant audited annual building report is \$0.13M.

 MDBC contributions – MDBC contributions are \$0.96M higher than forecast in the current Water Plan 2006-08:

	Water Plan 06-08	Revised	
Year	Forecast	Forecast	Variance
	\$M's	\$M's	\$M's
2006/07 MDBC contribution	9.87	10.25	0.38
2007/08 MDBC contribution	10.15	10.73	0.58
Total	20.02	20.98	0.96

 Reduction in 2007/08 AMP – In response to the uncertainty due to the lack of detailed information relating to the Shepparton Modernisation and Foodbowl Modernisation water savings projects, G-MW is significantly reducing its AMP plans as discussed in section 4.2.2 AMP.

Accordingly the current Water Plan 2006-08 forecast of 2007/08 AMP has been reduced by \$3.04M.

4.2.4.3 Revenue Adjustment to the Current Water Plan 2006-08

In approving 2007/08 water prices, the ESC approved a revenue adjustment of a shortfall of \$7.9 M. This revenue shortfall is largely due to the significant reduction in water availability as a result of the severe drought experienced in 2006/07.

The ESC's pricing determination allows for the recovery of this \$7.9M shortfall in 2007/08. However G-MW is planning to recover the shortfall in the next regulatory period, ie the 5 years 2008/09 to 2012/13.

The revenue shortfall estimate assumes 100% high reliability allocations and no low reliability allocation in 2007/08. Below 100% water allocations in 2007/08 will result in an additional revenue shortfall that will need to be recovered in future years.

Declining inflows early in the 2007/08 season have caused the allocation outlook to weaken significantly. As at the 1 October the allocation outlook based on average inflows for the remainder of the season has weakened to 55% for the Goulburn system and 52% for the Murray system, which would result in a significant shortfall in 2007/08 revenue.

4.2.5 Foodbowl Modernisation project – likely implications for revenue requirements

The Foodbowl Modernisation Project will have a significant impact on both Goulburn-Murray Water's capital and operating cost base into the future. Modelling of this impact however is problematic until the priorities, nature and location of the works package become clearer. This is not expected before 2008.

Implications of the project are likely to include the following:-

Capital Contribution - Goulburn-Murray Water is required to contribute \$100 million to the project. This is likely to be in the form of a cash contribution and will likely be funded through long term borrowings. Future revenue requirements will need to fund principal and interest repayments on such borrowings.

- Reduced/avoided capital renewal expenditure The project will likely include new infrastructure, such as low pressure pipelines in some areas, which will replace existing earthen channels. Accordingly it is expected that future capital expenditure to refurbish existing assets will be reduced. Further, reconfiguration planning currently in progress in all areas will likely identify opportunities for asset reduction, and therefore cost savings in the future.
- Reduced/avoided advanced maintenance and routine maintenance Similar to capital expenditure the modernisation project should result in further savings in both advanced and routine maintenance, over and above those already identified elsewhere in this Water Plan.
- Productivity savings are expected through the increased automation of regulators expected to flow from the project. Additionally the replacement of ageing wooden drop bar regulators with automated regulators will also provide occupational health and safety benefits.
- New technology support and maintenance costs with automation will also come new costs associated with such technology. Such costs will include the need to maintain and replace solar panels, batteries and electronic circuit boards, and increased supplier support costs. Water savings techniques will also include plastic lining of channels which will need to be replaced every 20 year to 25 years.

4.3 Capital Expenditure

4.3.1 Overview of Capital Expenditure

One of Goulburn-Murray Water's fundamental goals is to provide services that accord with the needs and preferences of its customers in an environmentally sustainable manner, at the lowest life cycle cost.

Asset replacement and refurbishment programs remain a major component of Goulburn-Murray Water's proposed capital investment. These programs represent assets that will be at the end of their useful life during the second regulatory period or pose an unacceptable business risk.

These asset replacement and refurbishment programs make allowance for other known programs, such as Reconfiguration and the Advanced Maintenance Program, but will require adjustment for modernisation project.

The Dam Safety Upgrade Program is being implemented to achieve the best risk reduction outcomes as required by the Statement of Obligations for the available resources. The Surface Water Management program is being implemented with Goulburn-Murray Water's Catchment Management Authority partners.

Water Savings remains at the forefront of Goulburn-Murray Water's thinking with several projects well advanced or nearing completion. The recently announced Shepparton Modernisation, TCC-CG 1234 stage 3 and Foodbowl Modernisation have not been included in the capital expenditure forecast due to insufficient detailed project implementation information. It is proposed that a revised capital expenditure forecast will be developed in 2008 after more specific information about these significant water savings projects are known.

The Goulburn-Murray Water Whole of Business Risk Framework is used to prioritise capital investment. Every effort has been taken to defer the replacement as long as reasonably practical without compromising Goulburn-Murray Water's ability to provide services, deliver the works or exposure to unacceptable risks.

G-MW's capital expenditure program, excluding the projects noted above, for the five year period of the Water Plan 2008/09-12/13 is forecast to be:

	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13	Total
Segment	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M
Irrigation	20.0	17.7	16.0	16.7	16.9	87.3
Drainage	8.4	8.8	8.1	9.3	8.7	43.3
Domestic	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surface water diversions	2.0	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.6	8.0
Groundwater diversions	1.2	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	3.0
Bulk Water	26.6	11.7	7.8	11.0	10.7	67.8
Total capital expenditure	58.2	40.0	33.9	39.0	38.3	209.4

4.3.2 Key Drivers of Capital Expenditure

Significant drivers of the proposed capital expenditure program are the renewal of aging infrastructure, compliance, water savings (excluding Shepparton modernisation, CG 1234, and Foodbowl modernisation projects), and growth.

	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13	Total
Driver	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M
Renewal	24.7	24.2	20.4	19.6	19.6	108.5
Growth	6.4	7.3	6.6	7.6	7.0	34.9
Improved service	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compliance	12.7	5.0	3.4	8.3	8.2	37.6
Water Savings	14.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	28.4
Total capital expenditure	58.2	40.0	33.9	39.0	38.3	209.4

The renewal program replaces and refurbishes aging infrastructure and takes into consideration the reconfiguration and AMP asset strategies. The renewals program has been reduced in irrigation districts pending more detailed information on the implementation of the modernisation water savings projects.

Growth relates to the construction of new primary surface drains and community surface drains.

Compliance refers to the dam safety upgrade and the Diversions metering programs.

The water savings program consists of the Mokoan-return to wetlands project and the reconfiguration project under the Goulburn Murray water recovery package.

The Top Ten programs have been determined by aggregating individual projects with commonality, such as dam safety upgrade or an individual irrigation area's channel remodelling. The individual programs are outlined in discussion in the following section with presenting the yearly distribution of capital investment for the Top Ten programs.

Table 12 - Capital Total Estimated Investment – Top Ten Programs

		Fi	nancial Ye	ar		Water Plan
Program	2008-09 \$000s	2009-10 \$000s	2010-11 \$000s	2011-12 \$000s	2012-13 \$000s	Total \$000s
Surface Water Management Program	5,649	5,607	4,990	6,015	6,443	28,704
Dam Safety Upgrade Program	10,400	3,400	1,350	6,300	6,200	27,650
Reconfiguration Program	3,467	3,467	3,467	3,467	3,467	17,335
Mokoan - Return to Wetlands (Water Savings Program)	10,968	-	-	-	-	10,968
Diversions Metering Program	2,327	1,644	2,026	2,025	2,026	10,048
Central Goulburn Irrigation Area Channel Remodelling Program	1,346	1,346	1,346	1,346	1,346	6,730
Torrumbarry Irrigation Area Channel Remodelling Program	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	5,305
Rochester Irrigation Area Culvert Program	1,014	1,013	1,014	1,013	1,014	5,068
Waranga Western Channel East & West Subway Program	591	1,016	983	1,313	1,101	5,004
Rochester Irrigation Area Channel Remodelling Program	852	852	852	852	852	4,260
Top ten capital programs	37,675	19,406	17,089	23,392	23,510	121,072

Dam Safety Upgrade Program

This program of works is aimed at meeting Goulburn-Murray Water's obligations (as defined in the Statement of Obligations) pertaining to Dam Safety. This program previously known as the Dam Improvement Program, or DIP, was renamed following incorporation of dam safety into Goulburn-Murray Water's Whole-of-Business Risk Management Framework.

In accordance with Goulburn-Murray Water's obligations, the program for dam safety projects has been based on calculations of life-safety risks posed by the dams, with the urgency of risk reduction being determined by comparison with life-safety tolerability limits defined in ANCOLD Guidelines.

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to give priority to reducing risks to life above other risks, and once the safety of all dams is below the ANCOLD limit of tolerability it is proposed to then consider remaining risk targets. The investment program put forward in this 2008 Water Plan is based on priorities determined by applying this methodology.

It is important to reinforce that as part of the Goulburn-Murray Water whole of business risk program the dam safety projects will continue to be reassessed and reprioritised as business risks are reviewed. It should also be noted that the dam safety projects are staged to reduce risks in line with Goulburn-Murray Water risk targets, rather than addressing all dam safety deficiencies at each dam as part a single project.

Goulburn-Murray Water's methodology to determine works priorities for upgrading its dams has been endorsed by a stakeholder reference panel and an expert panel of national and international dam practitioners.

As discussed earlier, Goulburn-Murray Water understands that provision of works to improve fish movement, the minimisation of environmental risks from water releases and off-takes for environmental flows is the responsibility of the Corporation as documented in our Statement of Obligations. The total estimated investment for the dam safety upgrade program presented in this Plan does not include allowances for these types of works. This is primarily based on outcomes for similar projects that G-MW has undertaken in the past for which River Health works were not required. Should river health works be required, G-MW would seek external investment for either partial or full funding to complete these necessary works or make application to Department of Sustainability and Environment for exemption. If funding or exemption is not available then G-MW will re-prioritise its' Dam Safety Program in order to accommodate these works within the period of the Water Plan.

Surface Water Management Program

The Shepparton Irrigation Region and the Loddon Murray Surface Water Management Programs are implemented in partnership with Goulburn Broken and North Central Catchment Management Authorities, Department of Sustainability and Environment, the Department of Primary Industries, Goulburn-Murray Water's customers and other catchment stakeholders.

This well established program aims to improve the health of natural resources and improve productivity in irrigation regions by providing appropriate surface water management services.

The implementation of the program is significantly influenced by changes in both water and natural resources management with program managers working within, and adapting the program to meet, current, revised and new initiatives and available external investment.

Goulburn-Murray Water is the implementing authority for the Catchment Management Authorities for the program and is responsible for investigation, design and construction of the surface drains

The program is entirely funded externally with the final investment levels determined by the program managers in line with implementation priorities. The total estimated investment detailed in is as advised from the program managers for Goulburn-Murray Water to achieve program responsibilities.

Reconfiguration Program

The Reconfiguration Program is being undertaken to fulfil obligations on Goulburn-Murray Water outlined in Victorian's water reform package (Actions 4.7 & 4.8), Securing Our Water Future Together and as part of Goulburn-Murray Water's Water Recovery Savings package, to deliver 25GL of water savings to the environment by 2009.

The overarching objective remains to develop viable irrigation areas with a restructured delivery system that will ensure the irrigation industry remains sustainable into the future.

Planning for the Reconfiguration Program has to date been based on Victorian Government investment within Goulburn-Murray Water of \$6 million for planning system reconfiguration and a further \$50 million for plan implementation. Under this

program water savings will be returned to the environment as part of the Living Murray Initiative through allocating 20% per annum of the new low reliability entitlement (this occurred on 1 July 2007) and 25GL of high reliability entitlement.

System reconfiguration planning is currently progressing across all Irrigation Areas under Goulburn-Murray Water's Reconfiguration Program. Planning continues to take a whole of system approach to water delivery, utilising best practice and proven technology to enhance delivery and analysis capabilities to maximise potential water savings with selection of infrastructure. Infrastructure is matched to land capabilities and economic reviews are undertaken of whole of life costs to minimise operational and future costs balanced against optimum operation.

The Foodbowl Modernisation Program will now become the major vehicle for investment in system modernisation and reconfiguration. Initial discussions are currently underway with DSE in relation to the potential integration of other reconfiguration activities with the wider Foodbowl Modernisation Program. Final decisions on a range of issues such as this will not be known for some time, and the final outcome will be incorporated into reviews of pricing for 2009/10 and beyond. More details on this issue are covered in the pricing proposals included in Chapter 6.

Mokoan - Return to Wetland

The Mokoan – Return to Wetlands project is being undertaken in partnership with the Department of Sustainability and Environment, Goulburn Broken Catchment Management Authority and Goulburn-Murray Water.

This Project is an integral part of the Victorian's water reform package (Action 3.9), Securing Our Water Future Together, to allow the recovery of 44,000 ML as water savings for return as environmental flow to the Broken River, Goulburn River, River Murray and Snowy River.

Before rehabilitation of the wetlands can commence a series of studies and programs need to be completed including infrastructure design to provide alternative water supply to current users, supply reliability offset measures, reintroduction of Lake Boga as part of a Mid Murray Storage system (to secure the Snowy River flows), the decommissioning of the lakes existing infrastructure and a final plan to guide future land use.

The project, as it relates to water savings is required to be completed by the end of 2008/09 with Goulburn-Murray Water responsible for the delivery of asset decommissioning, new water supply systems and other irrigation delivery infrastructure.

It is anticipated the project will be well advanced by the end of the first regulatory period and the total estimated investment for the second regulatory period, is associated with the delivery of the offset measures and decommissioning works.

Diversions Metering Program

The Diversions metering program primarily aims to improve the accounting of water use to support effective compliance management which will enable the sustainable management of rivers, streams and aquifers.

The program consists of the metering of unregulated streams and aquifers, replacement of obsolete meters, upgrading meter sites to comply with OH&S – working form heights legislation and enhancing meter sites with remote monitoring technology to improve the effectiveness of the metering program strategy.

Goulburn-Murray Water in consultation with the Department of Sustainability and Environment and customers has established a project that meters groundwater entitlement greater than 20ML and unregulated surface water entitlements greater than 10 ML. This project is an important strategy in the Victorian Government's water policy – Securing Our Water Future Together (Action 2.14). An estimated total of 1,890 sites are planned to be metered by 2009.

A change to Worksafe legislation for working from heights provisions requires the enhancement of approximately 600 sites in G-MW's regulated surface water diversions business. A five year program has been developed that will ensure compliance to this legislation by June 2013.

Following on from the metering of unregulated streams and aquifers a ten year metering project has been developed to install remote monitoring technology to strategically placed sites on rivers, streams and aquifers that will improve the effectiveness of water compliance management. Remote monitoring meter technology will be installed at about 1,260 sites over the ten year period 2010/11 – 19/20.

The Diversions metering program will result in about 3,100 meters being installed to June 2013.

Irrigation Area Programs

The programs outlined in for Central Goulburn, Torrumbarry and Rochester Irrigation Areas represent the replacement programs developed for similar type assets. These programs represent assets that will be at the end of their useful life during the second regulatory period. Replacement has been deferred as long as reasonably practical without compromising Goulburn-Murray Water's ability to provide services, deliver the works or exposure to unacceptable risks.

Using established asset management processes, and drawing on Goulburn-Murray Water's extensive asset data base, for each asset, remaining life is combined with current replacement cost to estimate replacement timing and cost. Resource levelling is then undertaken to aid program deliverability. The program makes allowance for other known programs, such as Reconfiguration and the Advance Maintenance Program, and will require adjustment as external investment is secured for modernisation projects.

Waranga Western Main Channel Subways

As with the Irrigation Areas this program is associated with replacement of assets nearing the end of their useful life – in this case a number of subways along the Waranga Western Main Channel.

Under Goulburn-Murray Water Whole of Business Risk Management Framework this program has a business priority score of 2 – High Priority. The program has been developed in recognition of winter water transfer demands on the Waranga Western Main Channel.

4.4 Financing Capital Investments

Goulburn-Murray Water proposes to finance capital investment by:

 Government contributions towards water savings projects, drainage programs, and dam safety upgrades. Government contributions forecast to be

- received over the five year period 2008/09 2012/13 amounts to \$48.9 million.
- Customer contributions for the construction of community surface drains of \$3.1 million and \$14.6 million from the return of service bank surpluses as at 30 June 2006 are forecast over the five year period 2008/09 – 2012/13
- A return of net capital expenditure over the useful life of assets, ie depreciation.
- A return on net capital (Regulated Asset Base) based on the Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC), ie interest on borrowings.

G-MW's Regulatory Asset Base (RAB):

RAB - existing assets (to 30 June 2008)

	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08
	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M
Opening RAB	29.5	62.9	85.8	98.0
Capital Expenditure	62.1	59.4	46.5	99.4
Less Capital contributions	28.1	35.2	32.0	68.3
Less Depreciation	0.6	1.3	2.3	3.0
Closing RAB	62.9	85.8	98.0	126.1

RAB – existing and new assets (to 30 June 2013)

	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13
	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M
Opening RAB	126.1	149.7	172.4	192.7	217.1
Capital Expenditure	58.2	40.0	33.9	39.0	38.3
Less Capital contributions	30.4	12.1	7.7	8.8	7.6
Less Depreciation	4.2	5.2	5.9	5.8	5.4
Closing RAB	149.7	172.4	192.7	217.1	242.4

Capital contributions for the next five year regulatory period are forecast to be:

• Government contributions

	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13	Total
Contribution	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M
Surface water management program	5.65	5.61	4.99	6.01	6.44	28.70
Mokoan – return to wetlands	10.97	-	-	-	-	10.97
Goulburn Murray water recovery pkge						
Dam safety & service reliability	4.15	2.02	-	-	-	6.17
Community surface drains – 50%	0.37	0.84	0.82	0.81	0.26	3.10
Total Government contributions	21.14	8.47	5.81	6.82	6.70	48.94

Customer contributions

	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13	Total
Contribution	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M	07/08\$M
Community surface drains – 50%	0.37	0.84	0.82	0.81	0.26	3.10
June 06 service surplus bank balances	8.90	2.83	1.05	1.14	0.66	14.58
Total customer contributions	9.27	3.67	1.87	1.95	0.92	17.68

4.4.1 Weighted Average Cost of Capital

Goulburn-Murray Water proposes to accept the Essential Services Commission's prevailing estimate of the Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC) which is currently 5.1 per cent (*ESC's 2008 Water Price Review Guidance Paper, March 2007*) but notes that the WACC may change.

4.5 Taxation

From the 2002/03 financial year Goulburn-Murray Water has been subject to the National Tax Equivalence Regime (NTER). The NTER is administered by the Australian Taxation Office. Goulburn-Murray Water expects to be in a tax loss position, and therefore not pay income tax, for the foreseeable future. Accordingly no provision has been made for taxation in this Water Plan.

4.6 Uncertainties

Whilst Goulburn-Murray Water's 2008 Water Plan is based on the best available information, there are matters that have a significant degree of uncertainty associated with them and therefore could affect services and customer price. These uncertainties are outlined in the following section.

Operating Environment

The impact of many factors, including weather patterns, the possible existence of climate change and the socio-economic circumstances affecting the irrigation industry in the wake of extended drought, cannot be fully understood or accurately predicted. It is recognised that there may be substantial reorganisation in the irrigation industry or change irrigation practices following several years of hardship and marginal economic return. It is anticipated that social adjustment and reorganisation will be facilitated through government investment.

Water Reform

The current volatility and extent of reform occurring in the water industry whilst presenting many exciting opportunities also includes much uncertainty. There is currently around \$2.5 billion of committed Government investment announced for the implementation of water infrastructure activities in the short term. Add to this the National Plan for Water Security investment of a further \$10 billion for future water projects.

It is noted that there are many who are competing for these investments, some in direct competition with, or overlapping, Goulburn-Murray Water. Either way there is

anticipated to be an affect on Goulburn-Murray Water's activities the extent of which is unknown.

Victorian's water reform package, *Securing Our Water Future Together*, remains key to reform and as implementation continues it is anticipated that new opportunities and initiatives will present. Again these also include uncertainties.

Water Availability, Drought Response and Contingency Planning

Goulburn-Murray Water's methodology for predicting water availability is outlined in Section 5 which includes discussion on the uncertainties. The reliability of supply for each of the regulated supply systems is defined in the Bulk Entitlement orders for each system and these reliabilities have been determined based on long term system simulation models.

The possibility remains for continuing below long term average water availability in the major supply systems during the second regulatory period. The water allocation policy described in Section 5 is a policy of making water available to customers progressively as it becomes available. It differs in concept from the urban water authorities policies that are based on progressive restrictions in use.

This fundamental difference means that there is no requirement for drought response plans of the nature required by the urban authorities because G-MW's allocation policies' are effectively a continuous drought response plan and are in use in all circumstances as a matter of course.

The customer response to low allocations is to use less water by limiting their use to the announced allocation. The estimated future water usage is presented in Section 5. We do not envisage any major revision of these policies and therefore have not included any costs for drought response updates.

The allocation policies will be reviewed in the light of updated climatic data and experience in managing the current drought conditions but the costs associated with these reviews will be met by prioritising the budgeted water resource management costs allowed in the water plan.

No specific cost allowance has been made, or is envisaged, for specific drought contingency measures. If there are extraordinary, and by their nature unforeseeable, emergency drought interventions that are required then G-MW would consult with water users and with Government to identify to costs and water price impacts prior to implementing these emergency measures.

Bulk Water Transfers Out of Catchments

The extreme shortages of water brought on by prolonged drought have introduced greater willingness to transfer water out of catchments to highest priority needs. This is already occurring with the transfer of Goulburn river water to urban use in Bendigo and Ballarat, potentially with a Murray-Goulburn Interconnector to transfer Murray River water into the Goulburn irrigation system, and the North-South pipeline which transfer of Goulburn river water to urban use in Melbourne.

Reconfiguration Program

Goulburn-Murray Water's Reconfiguration Program is identifying opportunities for external investment primarily through modernisation and water savings projects. The extent to which these projects proceed will be determined by the level of external investment secured.

The Shepparton Irrigation Area Modernisation Project has been listed as a water savings measure under The Living Murray Initiative and the Victorian Government has committed investment to commence the project. Significant additional external investment will be required to complete the project.

Delivery of Water Savings

Opportunities for water savings will present, through continued water reform and system reconfiguration including modernisation of infrastructure, however the prolonged drought and depleted water resources may necessitate the delay in delivering these savings to the environment.

Statement of Obligations

Statement of Obligations is anticipated to be revisited as water reform and Goulburn-Murray Water's operating environment undergoes change. The Minister for Water's future expectations are unclear.

Unbundling Implementation

Changes in customer behaviour resulting from the opportunities presented through unbundling are unknown. Equally the application of unbundling to unregulated surface water and groundwater systems is not yet fully described and will probably require significant tariff reforms and possibly review of the service structure and boundaries for all diversions services.

Goulburn-Murray Water Whole of Business Risk Framework

The continued implementation of Goulburn-Murray Water's Whole of Business Risk Framework could result in the identification/reprioritisation of intervention works.

Irrigation Drainage Memorandum of Understanding

Implementation of activities under the Irrigation Drainage Memorandum of Understanding is dependent on the external funding.

Surface Water Management Program

The priorities and level of investment on Surface Water Management Program is determined by external Program Managers.

Groundwater Management

Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to work in partnership with the Department of Sustainability and Environment, the Catchment Management Authorities and its other catchment partners to develop Groundwater Management Plans (GMP's) and implement intensive management practices consistent with the priorities of the current Regional Catchment Strategies. This may result in amendments to the proposed Water Plan. (Refer Environmental Obligations – Groundwater Management in Section 3)

Retail Water Services Metering

Goulburn-Murray Water has a large portfolio of meter outlets, the majority of which are due for replacement beyond the second regulatory period. The development of national metering standards and trade measurement legislation is continuing to evolve and water reform continues to promote discussion on future expectations, customer equity, water savings and the need for modernisation.

The future direction of metering is uncertain. Also uncertain is the extent to which future meter replacement will be funded from water savings projects and/or the Foodbowl Modernisation Project.

Diversions Services Metering

The metering thresholds of 20ML of entitlement for groundwater and 10 ML for surface water established for the Diversions Metering Program will result in a significant percentage of groundwater and surface water entitlements remaining un-metered. The continued acceptance of this proposal in the light of serve water shortages is uncertain and consideration may need to be given to reducing the threshold to achieve greater metering percentages. Goulburn-Murray Water maintains the view that the extension of the existing program could only proceed with additional external funding.

Environmental Obligations

From Goulburn-Murray Water's discussions with EPA Victoria and the supporting document, *Draft Principles to Establish EPA Environmental Obligations for Water Businesses for the 2008-20013 Pricing Determination*, Goulburn-Murray Water is lead to understand that environmental obligations will not significantly alter within the second regulatory period.

EPA Victoria has advised that "Some policies will be reviewed within the next regulatory period (2008-2013), however, where possible, any new obligation that arises as part of a policy review will be incorporated into the next water plan (that is post 2013). For any unforeseen new obligation that arises during the 2008-2013 period, EPA will consult with Essential Services Commission and water businesses as soon as possible to enable adequate time to implement obligations."

Goulburn-Murray Water has not been informed of the specific policy changes proposed and has not attempted to anticipate these in any manner, including the provision of investment allowances. Goulburn-Murray Water will continue to work in partnership with EPA Victoria and its other catchment partners to ensure that policy changes benefit its customers with minimal pricing impacts.

Security

The corporation has based both recurrent and capital funding on the current National security alert level therefore any escalation in this level will require the Corporation to seek approval from the Essential Services Commission to adjust funding in order to comply with the revised National security alert level.

The outcome of future Government Departmental reviews of G-MW's critical infrastructure conducted within the period of the Water Plan may necessitate a significant injection of capital funding in order to comply with the recommendations of the reviews.

Mokoan - Return to Wetland

Whilst this project as it relates to water savings is required to be completed by the end of 2008/09 some uncertainty remains as to the final scope of works to be undertaken.

In addition to the delivery of asset decommissioning, new water supply systems and other irrigation delivery infrastructure, Goulburn-Murray Water will also remain responsible for the ongoing operation of the Broken Basin and its associated costs post decommissioning of Lake Mokoan.

As a result of the decommissioning the basin costs and the available megalitres (ML) will change significantly. It is expected that the spread of the new cost structure over the available ML (therefore unit price) will alter post decommissioning, although the extent is currently uncertain and will depend on the final package of reliability offset measures developed.

Gunbower Weir

Provision has been included for the replacement of the Gunbower Weir. Based on initial advice from relevant regulators costings have not included the construction of a fish ladder within the new structure.

Advice received just prior to submission of this final Water Plan indicates that this initial advice may now have changed, and that a fish ladder may now be required.

This advise will need to be confirmed, and if necessary, the RAB amended for this item in the resubmission of the Water Plan in 2008.

5 Demand

This section of the 2008 Water Plan provides an overview of Goulburn-Murray Water demand forecasts and the key assumptions adopted in arriving at those forecasts. The section includes discussion on the methodology Goulburn-Murray Water has adopted and summaries the forecasts in tabular form.

5.1 Overview of Demand Forecasts

5.1.1 Water Entitlements and Deliveries

Goulburn-Murray Water operates its bulk water supply systems within Bulk Entitlement orders issued by the Victorian Government. The Bulk Entitlement for a system defines the limits on system operation and the obligations to use available water to supply other entitlements held within the same system. These other entitlements typically comprise the Bulk Entitlement orders for urban areas held by regional water authorities, and the Water Shares held by rural water users as customers of Goulburn-Murray Water.

Typical water use in the systems Goulburn-Murray Water controlled is presented in the following table.

Table 13 - System	Entitlements and Average	Volumes Supplied, ML

System	Total Entitlement	Average Use for Last 10 Years	Minimum Use	Maximum Use
Murray	698,222	937,126	768,590	1,114,877
Goulburn	995,351	1,073,317	670,563	1,548,102
Broken	26,102	20,624	13,857	31,141
Campaspe	37,119	37,810	12,880	57,420
Loddon	21,391	22,083	12,298	36,659
Ovens/King	26,449	18,356	11,439	27,019
Total	1,804,634	2,109,316	1,707,260	2,793,366

¹ Data in Table 14 is for irrigation Water Shares.

The data in illustrates the variability of water consumption by irrigation and other users. Use is affected by the availability of water and the demand for water supply. Water availability is dependent on the inflows to Goulburn-Murray Water storages, which are governed by weather conditions. Demand is also strongly influenced by weather conditions, and is heavily reduced in wet years but very strong during periods of drought.

5.1.2 Allocation Policy

In any year, entitlements represent a share of the available resource. On 1 July each year, Goulburn-Murray Water assess resource availability and make an allocation of water to all entitlement holders in proportion to their entitlements and in accordance with the hierarchy of reliability specified in the relevant Bulk Entitlement orders. The water resources are regularly reviewed during the water year (1 July until 30 June the following year) and the allocations are increased if more water becomes available.

^{2.} Data is for the 10 years to 2005/06

This water allocation policy operates within Bulk Entitlement specifications, and ensures probity in the process and the protection of the reliability of supply.

5.1.3 Water Availability

Goulburn-Murray Water operates both unregulated and regulated supply systems. The availability of water in unregulated systems is primarily affected by in-season hydrology and rainfall during the season. User access to water is restricted in the event of water shortages; the very low rainfall during 2006/07 saw access banned in many unregulated systems across Goulburn-Murray Water's operational region. The reliability of these systems is primarily dictated by weather conditions, and in some locations, the implementation of changed management processes such as stream flow management plans.

The majority of Goulburn-Murray Water's water systems are regulated. In these systems, water storages are used to reduce the effects of hydrological uncertainty on the reliability of supply. For systems with a two year planning period, resources are set aside to improve the reliability of supplies in future years once the system allocation for High Reliability Water Shares (HRWS) reaches 100% of entitlement. In these systems, additional allocations – formerly known as Sales, but now Low Reliability Water Shares – are announced only after there is a 99% probability that allocations for HRWS in the final year will reach 100%.

System	Planning Period
Murray	2 years
Goulburn/Loddon	2 years
Broken	1 year
Campaspe	2 years
Bullarook Creek	1 year

Table 14 - Planning Periods for Regulated Systems

Systems with a one year planning period have resources set aside to improve the reliability of supplies in future years once the allocation reaches the maximum allowed for the system. However, water may not be available for consumption despite being allocated because of poor water quality. Supplies from the Broken and Bullarook Creek systems have sometimes been affected by high concentrations of potentially toxic blue-green algae.

The storages on the Ovens/King system are not operated to carry over resource for future seasons. Access to water is restricted if there is a supply shortage. Allocations are available under Low Reliability Water Shares each season until storages cease spilling.

5.2 Demand Forecasts

5.2.1 Unregulated Systems

Water availability for the 2007/08 season and beyond for unregulated streams is for planning purposes is anticipated to be similar to the long term average.

5.2.2 Regulated Systems

The depletion of resources from all Goulburn-Murray Water storages during 2006/07 is expected to minimise initial allocations in regulated systems in 2007/08. The most likely opening allocations are zero or near zero in most systems.

The extent of recovery through 2007/08 will depend on rainfall and inflows. The smaller Campaspe, Broken and Ovens/King systems should recover relatively quickly due to the relatively small volumes needed to meet entitlements. Much larger inflows are needed for the Goulburn and Murray systems to improve to the same extent.

With uncertainty affecting the 2007/08 system demands, Goulburn-Murray Water has used modelling based on historical data to forecast demand for the 2008/09 to 2012/13 regulatory period. The impact of past droughts – although not as extreme as 2006/07, is captured in the statistical analysis conducted with the modelling.

5.3 Summary of Demand Forecasts

Historical delivery data and modelled system behaviour provides the basis for demand forecasts. The year to year operations of the unregulated systems are adequately described by long-term average consumption.

The expectation of reliability in regulated systems requires closer scrutiny of forecast assumptions and analysis.

5.3.1 The First Regulatory Period

The forecast 5 in 10 chances allocations from the first regulatory period are compared against available actual allocations in the following table.

Table 15 - Allocations for Selected S	vstems in the First Regulatory Period
Table 15 - Allocations for defected 5	ysterns in the rinst requiatory remou

Item	2005/06	Actual	2006/07	Actual	Revised 2007/08 Forecast ¹
Murray	100%	141%	103%	95%	67%
Goulburn	100%	100%	123%	26%	100%
Campaspe	28%	31%	131%	0%	62%

¹ Forecast 15 February 2008 allocations as at 1 August 2007 using seasonal adjusted inflow statistics.

Despite good agreement the previous year, 2006/07 differed markedly from the initial forecasts. The forecast allocation is based on average conditions and the impact of extremely dry seasonal conditions which resulted in new minimums inflows throughout all systems did not allow the 2006/07 allocations to rise to levels predicted for average conditions. The lower allocations now being forecast for February 2008 are a result of the drought conditions in 2006/07 and the depletion of stored reserves to maintain supplies.

5.3.2 Second Regulatory Period

As discussed in Section 1, the preparation of demand forecasts for the second regulatory period is strongly influenced by the uncertainty of the 2007/08 season. The impact of many factors, including weather patterns, the possible existence of climate change and the socio-economic circumstances affecting the irrigation industry in the wake of the 2006/07 drought, cannot be fully understood or accurately predicted.

Goulburn-Murray Water has relied on system models and historical data to forecast demand over the next five years. This approach applies the best available knowledge of system hydrological behaviour and customer attitudes towards seasonal conditions. The statistical analysis of outcomes derived from over 100 years of data provides a measure of the uncertainty that comes from projecting so far into the future.

The demand forecasts for this regulatory period use the 50% probability of exceedance scenario or 5 in 10 chances. These statistics were considered to be more representative of possible system operations than those with higher exceedance probabilities, which skew demand towards lower volumes. Historical data indicates systems can recover from serious drought – similar to that observed in 2006/07 – very quickly.

Table 16 - Forecast Total System Demand for the Second Regulatory Period

System	2008/09 (GL)	2009/10 (GL)	2010/11 (GL)	2011/12 (GL)	2012/13 (GL)
Murray	687	687	718	910	997
Goulburn	1,023	1,166	1,219	1,256	1256
Campaspe	47	48	48	48	48

^{1.} The system demand estimates for 2008/09 are subject to review given the declining outlook for the Murray and Campaspe systems early in the 2007/08 season.

The demand forecasts in are the total estimated deliveries under High Reliability Water Shares and Low Reliability Water Shares.

The data in was prepared from modelling conducted by Goulburn-Murray Water internal staff, and by River Murray Water on Goulburn-Murray Water's behalf. These models are based on water sharing rules operating in April 2007, and will not accurately represent extraordinary operating rules that will be implemented if severe drought conditions continue into 2007/08.

The system models are unable to predict customer behaviour in the aftermath of the 2006/07 drought. It is recognised that there may be substantial reorganisation in the irrigation industry or change irrigation practices following several years of hardship and marginal economic return.

The following table details the converts the demand forecasts in to an allocation forecast. These allocation forecasts use the 50% probability of exceedance scenario or 5 in 10 chances.

Table 17 - Allocations for Selected Systems in the Second Regulatory Period

^{1.} The system allocation estimates for 2008/09 are subject to review given the declining outlook for the Murray and Campaspe systems early in the 2007/08 season.

System & Water Shares	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Murray High Reliability Water Shares	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Murray Low Reliability Water Shares	0%	0%	10%	72%	100%
Goulburn High Reliability Water Shares	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Goulburn Low Reliability Water Shares	0%	45%	60%	69%	69%
Campaspe High Reliability Water Shares	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Campaspe Low Reliability Water Shares	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

5.4 Individual Demand Forecasts for Rural Water Delivery Volumes

Goulburn-Murray Water rural water entitlements were separated into High Reliability and Low Reliability entitlements on 1 July 2007.

5.4.1 High Reliability Entitlement

Goulburn-Murray Water high reliability entitlements are called High Reliability Water Shares (HRWS). The HRWS replaces the former Water Right, Licensed Volume and Domestic and Stock entitlements.

The HRWS demand forecasts for the five seasons starting 2008/09 are presented in the following table.

Table 18 - Forecast High Reliability Demand for the Second Regulatory Period

System	2008/09 (GL)	2009/10 (GL)	2010/11 (GL)	2011/12 (GL)	2012/13 (GL)
Murray	687	687	687	687	687
Goulburn	1023	956	940	935	935
Campaspe	27	27	28	28	28

The demands were obtained from resource allocation models operated by Goulburn-Murray Water (Goulburn, Campaspe) and River Murray Water (Murray). The models allocate water to end users on the basis of operating rules, water sharing rules and simulated water requirements. Statistical analysis was used to present the likely demands for 50% probability of exceedance conditions.

The impact of permanent trade out of Goulburn-Murray Water systems (predominantly towards the Sunraysia region under the management of Lower Murray Water) has been included in the assessments conducted for this analysis.

No model functions were amended despite the record low inflows recorded during 2006/07 across the Murray, Goulburn and Campaspe systems. It was assumed that past operating procedures would be adopted once systems began recovering from the low resource position created by drought.

5.4.2 Low Reliability Entitlement

The Low Reliability Water Share (LRWS) replaced the Sales entitlements as Goulburn-Murray Water's low reliability entitlement after unbundling. The demands presented in Table 20 imply the likely consumption of water that is available in excess of the high reliability entitlement.

Table 19 - Forecast Low Reliability Demand for the Second Regulatory Period

System	2008/09 (GL)	2009/10 (GL)	2010/11 (GL)	2011/12 (GL)	2012/13 (GL)
Murray	0	0	31	223	310
Goulburn	0	209	279	321	321
Campaspe	20	20	20	20	20

The data is derived from the same models used to forecast demand for HRWS, and all volumes have been adjusted for the "80:20" rule where 20% of available low reliability entitlement is offered to the environment. As with the high reliability entitlements (Section 4.1), the 50% probability of exceedance statistics have been used to populate the demand data.

The data suggests LRWS will be available in the Goulburn and Campaspe systems much sooner than the Murray system. The bulk entitlement for the Murray system provides for 96% reliability of high reliability entitlements, compared to 97% in the Goulburn system and 99% in the Campaspe system. Under these management requirements, the Murray system is likely to have less access to LRWS.

In recent years (and prior to the first regulatory period), the Murray system has provided more regular access to low reliability entitlements than either the Goulburn

or Campaspe. However, with all major storages nearly emptied during 2006/07, the Murray will take longer to recover.

5.5 Allocations – Assumptions used for pricing purposes

Notwithstanding the above discussion, for the purposes of pricing a slightly more conservative approach is proposed.

Allocations of Low Reliability Water Shares, for example, are forecast in future years in the Goulburn System. Allocations of its predecessor, that is Sales Water, however have not occurred since the 1997/98 season. Over subsequent years since 1997/98 pricing models have progressively been adjusted to remove any reliance on the allocation of Sales Water, and its successor Low Reliability Water Share.

The Murray System however has, up until 1996/97, not experienced the same level of low allocations. Its pricing models currently still include some reliance on allocations of Low Reliability Water Share.

It is proposed that the current or similar allocations included in current pricing models continue to be used for the purposes of pricing despite the forecasts included in the above data, until such time as allocations of Low Reliability Water Shares return on a regular basis. This approach has been well supported by the Water Services Committees in the past.

It is proposed that any variation to the volume assumptions as a result of seasonal fluctuations be adjusted using the volume adjustment mechanisms currently provided under the Essential Services Commission revenue cap approach to pricing control.

The following table summarises allocations assumed for the purposes of pricing. It should be noted that this does not represent a view by G-MW as to the probability of such allocations eventuating except for the data provided in the above tables within this section.

Table 20 - Allocations assumed for Pricing Purposes

System & Water Shares	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Murray High Reliability Water Shares	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Murray Low Reliability Water Shares	0%	0%	10%	72%	100%
Goulburn High Reliability Water Shares	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Goulburn Low Reliability Water Shares	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Campaspe High Reliability Water Shares	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Campaspe Low Reliability Water Shares	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%

6 Prices

6.1 Tariff Structures

During 2006/07 G-MW undertook a major revision of its tariffs to introduce Delivery Shares as the basis for recovering the fixed costs for maintaining and renewing irrigation delivery systems. This represents a major shift from the long standing past practice of recovering these costs on the basis of the water entitlements owned by each farmer.

In 2000, Goulburn-Murray Water initiated a program of tariff reform for its key water supply services in irrigation areas. These services account for the significant majority of Goulburn-Murray Water's total revenues. In 2006/07 the final element of this program was put in place with the implementation of an access regime based on delivery shares in irrigation areas as the basis for recovering the fixed costs of water delivery services.

The irrigation tariff regime now in place includes the following elements:

Tariff Element	Service/cost addressed by tariff	Basis for application of tariff element
Service Fee	Recovers entitlement administration costs	per property
Entitlement Storage Fee	Recovers water harvesting and storage costs	per ML customer water entitlement
Infrastructure Access Fee	Recovers fixed costs of maintaining and renewing channel system	per ML/day delivery share
Infrastructure Use Fee	Recovers variable costs of operating channel system	per ML delivered up to annual delivery allowance
Casual Infrastructure Use Fee	Recovers variable costs of operating the channel system and a contribution towards the fixed costs of maintaining and renewing channel system	per ML delivered above annual delivery allowance

This new tariff structure fundamentally addresses the issues of stranded assets and price pressures due to permanent water trading. This reform was also an essential foundation for the move to unbundled water entitlements which was implemented on 1 July 2007 in northern Victoria. It provides a cost reflective tariff system which provides the correct signals to water users about the real cost of the various services they access and allows individuals to manage their own costs as they take

advantage of the flexibility offered by unbundling, whilst minimising the chances of unreasonable cross subsidies.

During 2006, the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) was asked to review the issue of managing stranded asset costs in relation to water trade and to make recommendations on the suitability of exit fees to manage these impacts. The proposed regime that the ACCC recommended was essentially identical to the reforms G-MW has implemented, involving unbundling of water rights and delivery rights, establishing access fees to recover costs associated with delivery entitlements and providing for the transferability and termination of delivery entitlements. This independent review further confirms the suitability of Goulburn-Murray Water's current tariff structure and this will continue to be applied during the second regulatory period.

Some limited essential changes were made in 2007 to the tariffs covering regulated diversions to support unbundling of entitlements. During 2007/08, Stage 2 of regulated tariff reforms will be developed in consultation with diversions customers. Stage 2 will more fundamentally identify the range of unbundled services in diversions and the relevant costs for each service. It is currently intended that the revised tariff proposals will be implemented in regulated diversion services for the 2008/09 financial year.

It is also anticipated that the tariff model developed for regulated diversions will have strong applicability to unregulated and groundwater diversion services. Tariff reforms in these services will be implemented to coincide with the unbundling of these services over the second regulatory period.

There are two other key areas targeted for tariff reform over the second regulatory period. These are:

1. Bulk water pricing for Goulburn-Murray Water retail customers. Following the development of Bulk Water Entitlements all water authorities (including G-MW) incur costs for bulk water services based on the cost of the assets used to provide these services in each separate river basin. Goulburn-Murray Water has inherited a system where these separate costs are pooled and averaged into two system prices for the Murray and Goulburn systems before being charged to G-MW's retail customers.

A number of independent reviews have recommended that Goulburn-Murray Water move to basin pricing at a retail level in order to support effective decision making on asset investments and customer water trading activities. Unbundling of water entitlements and the expansion of trade interstate further reinforces the need to clearly identify the real costs of bulk water services for different water entitlements.

Goulburn-Murray Water's Board has taken the decision to implement basin pricing, and during 2007/08 implementation and transition plans will be developed in consultation with customers. It is proposed that implementation of these changes will commence in 2008/09, however reaching full basin prices may require a transition period of a number of years in some basins to manage customer impacts.

2. Tariffs for surface drainage services in irrigation areas have been identified as needing review. A review of these tariffs will be include consultation with both customers and Catchment Management Authorities to ensure that any proposed changes have due regard for the effective management of irrigation drainage from financial, salinity and water quality management perspectives.

It is planned that any changes to drainage tariffs will be implemented in 2008/09.

The extreme drought conditions of 2006/07 raised customer concerns in relation to payment of fixed charges for infrastructure when water availability was extremely low. The Victorian government responded to this issue in 2006/07 with the provision of a generous package of rebates and interest free payment deferrals. In order to better understand this issue and develop future management responses, Goulburn-Murray Water undertook a Tariff Policy Review to develop and evaluate a range of options that could be applied to this issue should there be a future re-occurrence of extremely low water availability.

A wide range of possible options were identified and evaluated, however following consultation with Water Services Committees, the recommended option was to offer interest free deferrals of fixed charges to customers in systems affected by extremely low water allocations. It was recognised that as G-MW operates at lower bound pricing with no "profit" margin, offering drought rebates or deferrals merely shifts the cost burden in time, and customers will ultimately be required to meet these costs and the associated interest charges where they are deferred. It was recognised, however, that in extreme drought situations there was both an expectation of and some merit in offering a general ability to defer fixed payments.

Further analysis and consultation will be undertaken to establish the trigger points for offering this drought response measure and the detailed conditions surrounding it, particularly in the scenario of successive years of very low allocation. Initial estimates suggested that the annual interest costs for a deferral of fixed charges could be of the order of \$2.5 m per year. Assuming that a reasonable period for deferral of payments may be five years (e.g. no payment required in the trigger year and then 25% of the deferred amount repaid in each of the subsequent four years) the cumulative interest costs for a single deferral event could be approximately \$6.25 m.

Given the uncertainty of seasonal conditions, the other pressures on price and the relatively low likelihood that conditions extreme enough to trigger deferral of fixed payments will occur during the second regulatory period, no inclusion has been made in prices to cover such an event. If future conditions are severe enough to trigger deferrals, a submission would be made to the ESC to have the associated interest costs treated as an "unforeseen" event and approval would be sought to recover these increased costs, if and when the event actually occurred.

6.2 Pricing Proposals

As a result of the uncertainty relating to the Foodbowl Modernisation Project and other significant modernisation projects it is proposed to submit prices for key gravity irrigation services for the 2008/09 year only, and to resubmit in 2008 a revised Water Plan to the ESC when full details of these significant projects are known.

In developing the Water Plan G-MW had consulted with Water Services Committees (WSC) on the issues affecting the rural water industry and proposed prices prior to the announcement of the Foodbowl Modernisation Project.

Since the announcement a high level review of the Advanced Maintenance Program (AMP) has been completed. AMP works have been kept to a minimum until the full implications of the Foodbowl Modernisation Projects are known.

Proposed prices in this Water Plan are now lower for the key gravity irrigation services than originally discussed with WSCs in June 2007. These lower prices were

presented to all WSCs at their annual workshop held in Bendigo on 7-8 August 2007, and were generally well supported.

For the 2008/09 year the following percentage price changes, in real terms, are proposed for gravity irrigation services:-

Gravity Irrigation Service	2008/09 % Price Movement in Real Terms *
Shepparton Gravity Irrigation Service	0.0%
Central Goulburn Gravity Irrigation Service	0.0%
Rochester Gravity Irrigation Service	0.0%
Campaspe Gravity Irrigation Service	(7.0)%
Pyramid-Boort Gravity Irrigation Service	4.6%
Murray Valley Gravity Irrigation Service	0.0%
Torrumbarry Gravity Irrigation Service	4.6%

^{*} Note: The percentage price movement represents the change in an "average" customer bill for each service. Due to changes to components of the tariff for each service impacts on individual customers may vary above or below this average. The percentage price movement is expressed in real terms, which means that CPI will be added to the above percentage movements.

Note also that the proposed 2008/09 revenue for the above services should be regarded as a "holding pattern" approach, and do not represent the long term revenue requirements for sustainable service delivery. Robust revenue requirements for the remaining 4 years of the second regulatory period will be developed once details of the \$1 billion FMP are more fully known.

As noted above prices originally proposed, and discussed with Water Services Committee in June 2007, were higher than those now proposed had the AMP not been reduced pending further details of the Foodbowl Modernisation Project (FMP). Refer 8.2 Appendix B for a comparison between the two. In effect these earlier prices represent the price path Goulburn-Murray Water would have proposed for period 2008/09-12/13 had the FMP not been announced.

For all other services proposed prices for the five year regulatory period 2008/09 – 12/13 are similar to those previously discussed with WSCs throughout June 2007. A full list of proposed price changes is attached. Refer 8.1 Appendix A – Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges.

Proposed percentage changes in prices over the five year regulatory period 2008/09 – 12/13, in real terms, for key services other than gravity irrigation are:

Samilae	Proposed % Change in Prices (in real terms)							
Service	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13			
Woorinen pumped irrigation	3.2 %	3.0 %	3.1 %	3.2 %	3.2 %			
Nyah pumped irrigation	1.5 %	1.5 %	1.5 %	1.7 %	1.8 %			
Tresco pumped irrigation	(5.7)%	(5.8)%	(5.5)%	(5.2)%	(4.8)%			
Tungamah D&S	5.4 %	5.3 %	5.3 %	5.3 %	5.3 %			
Normanville D&S	5.4 %	5.3 %	5.3 %	5.3 %	5.3 %			
Murray regulated diversions	9.9 %	9.8 %	9.7 %	9.7 %	9.9 %			
Goulburn regulated diversions	9.5 %	9.5 %	9.6 %	9.6 %	9.6 %			
Murray unregulated diversions	10.1 %	10.1 %	10.1 %	10.1 %	10.1 %			
Goulburn unregulated diversions	10.2 %	10.2 %	10.1 %	10.1 %	10.1 %			
Groundwater – Shepparton	6.8 %	7.0 %	7.5 %	7.9 %	8.0 %			

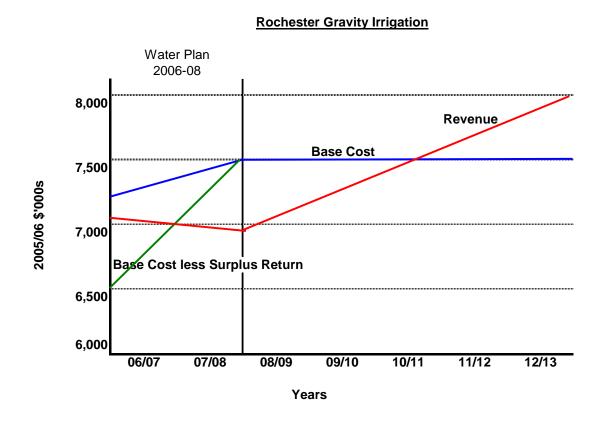
6.2.1 Price Smoothing

G-MW discussed the objective of price smoothing with customers and how this assists with providing price certainty.

G-MW generally supports the objective of smooth year on year changes in prices over time. In applying the ESC's price smoothing calculation however G-MW has noted that price changes are smoothed year on year within the regulatory period, but there can be volatile changes in prices between regulatory periods which has proven to be disconcerting to WSCs.

The return of bank surpluses, which has the effect of temporarily lowering the service revenue requirement until the surplus has been returned, can exaggerate the price volatility between regulatory periods.

A good example of this is the Rochester gravity irrigation revenue calculation developed under G-MW's approved current Water Plan 2006-08:



Rochester's approved base cost (blue line) was reduced in 2006/07 by a \$710,000 bank surplus return (green line). Smoothed revenue (red line) is calculated for 2006/07 and 2007/08 using the ESC methodology that, in total for the two years,

^{*} Note: The percentage price movement represents the change in an "average" customer bill for each service. Due to changes to components of the tariff for each service results for individual customers may vary above or below this average. The percentage price movement is expressed in real terms which means that CPI will be added to the above percentage movements.

equates to Rochester's base cost adjusted for the surplus return (green line). Note that a \$600,000 loss is planned for 2007/08 (red line less blue line).

Assuming no change to Rochester's base cost for the next five years 2008/09 – 2012/13 (blue line), revenue would need to increase by 2.9% per annum for five years (red line) to break even with the base cost. Losses are expected in the first two years and profits are expected in the last two years. In total revenue equals base cost over the five year period 2008/09 – 2012/13.

The reverse (ie revenue reductions) would occur over the next five years 2013/14 – 2017/18 continuing the price volatility between regulatory periods resulting from this smoothing methodology.

6.3 Form of Price Control

Goulburn-Murray Water proposes that a revenue cap approach is taken to price control for the regulatory period.

Under the revenue cap approach a specified level of revenue is fixed for the term of the regulatory period. Under this approach Goulburn-Murray Water will have an incentive to minimise its costs as any benefits will be retained during this regulatory period, after which these benefits are passed on to customers in the form of lower prices.

Revenue cap approach proposed in preference to individual price caps because:

- Continuing uncertainty regarding how costs are to be shared between customer groups; and
- The continuation of tariff reform.

6.4 Adjusting Prices

Although every effort has been made to allow and adjust for known circumstances in this Water Plan, and in managing within our revenue cap, there will remain instances where it may be appropriate account for certain events that are outside of our control of the business. This is acknowledged by the Essential Services Commission.

In these cases Goulburn-Murray Water intends to make application to the Essential Services Commission to adjust its prices within this regulatory period accordingly.

6.4.1 Changes in Legislative Obligations

Where appropriate Goulburn-Murray Water will seek to recover material increases in expenditure incurred during this regulatory period due to changes in legislative requirements.

Such a request for a pass through of costs may be due to increased expenditure resulting from:

- Changes to all primary Acts and legislative instruments, including regulations:
- Changes in taxes (or fees or similar charges) excluding income tax, penalties and interest on taxes, stamp duty, financial institution duty or similar taxes and levies;
- Changes to EPA Victoria license requirements;
- Changes that may result from revised institutional arrangements, such as may arise from the state transferring any of its responsibilities to the federal government as part of the National Water Plan;

- Changes arising from a Ministerial Directive or similar Government directive;
 and
- Changes to the Statement of Obligations.

6.4.2 Unforeseen Events

Goulburn-Murray Water will seek to recover material increases in expenditure incurred due to other unforeseen events.

In all cases Goulburn-Murray Water commits to taking all appropriate steps to minimise the impact of a major event, to ensure that expenditure to manage the event is efficient, and to consult with affected stakeholders, where possible, in advance of such expenditure.

An example of such an event could include a decision to pump Waranga Basin, at a cost of several million dollars, in the event of low water allocations in the Goulburn System, after consultation in advance with the direct beneficiaries of such a pumping event.

Goulburn-Murray Water proposes that such a request would be subject to \$250,000 "minimum", and believes if the "minimum" amount was set any higher the occurrence of such an event, if it occurred in a lower cost service, could threaten financial viability of that service.

7 Non-Prescribed Services

7.1 Classification of Services as Non-Prescribed

The Water Industry Regulatory Order declares a range of services supplied by Goulburn-Murray Water in respect of which the Essential Services Commission has the power to regulate prices. These services generally include retail water, storage operator and bulk water; drainage, and diversions services. These are known as "prescribed services".

Goulburn-Murray Water also provide a number of "non-prescribed services" some of which are of contribute a material proportion of our total revenue.

For the purpose of developing the 2008 Water Plan the following services have been treated as non-prescribed services and accordingly have not been submitted for determination by the Essential Services Commission:-

- Water Amenity Business, including:
 - Commercial Leases
 - Houseboats
 - Regional Urban Storage Amenity Fee
- Hydro-electricity contracts
- Salinity management undertaken under government services contracts
- Storage operation and land management services provided under contract to the Murray Darling Basin Commission
- Watermove business
- Tatura Training Centre
- Recoverable works
- Grazing licenses

Goulburn-Murray Water has well established processes and practices to ensure that the cost of non-prescribed services are accurately identified and excluded from the prescribed services cost base.

8

8.1 Appendix A – Proposed Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees & Charges

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Shepparton

		Price (N	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Shepparton Gravity Irrigation								
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	51.49	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75
Delivery	Service Follit	31.49	32.73	32.73	32.73	32.73	32.73	32.73
Infrastructure Access Fee	ML Dav	3.152.31	3.232.46	3.140.00	3.132.00	3.124.00	3.117.00	3.109.00
Casual Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	39.81	56.78	59.54	59.42	59.30	59.19	59.07
Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29
Regional Urban Distribution Fee	ML	39.81	NA	0.29 NA	NA	NA	0.29 NA	NA
Distribution Access Fee	ML Day	NA	3,232.46	3,140.00	3,132.00	3.124.00	3.117.00	3,109.00
Distribution Use Fee	ML	NA NA	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29
Termination Fee	ML Day	NA NA	48.486.90	47.100.00	46.980.00	46.860.00	46.755.00	46.635.00
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	-,
Overuse Fee	IVIL	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Shepparton Community Surface Drainage								
Community Surface Drainage Fee	KM	463.42	474.73	490.00	490.00	490.00	490.00	490.00
Shepparton Primary Surface Drainage								
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Area Fee	HA	6.70	6.87	6.64	6.56	6.48	6.41	6.33
Water Use Fee	ML	4.70	4.81	4.79	4.74	4.68	4.63	4.58
Drainage Diversion Agreement Fee	ML	11.43	11.53	11.40	11.40	11.50	11.60	11.80
2.aago 2.voroion / igroomoni i oo				1	'	11.00	11.00	'
Shepparton Sub Surface Drainage								
Subsurface Drainage Fee	ML	0.40	0.28	0.34	0.42	0.52	0.64	0.79
2.2.2		J	5.25]	0.02		""

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Loch Garry

		Price (No	ominal \$)	2007/08 \$s				
Charge	Unit	2006/07 \$	2007/08 \$	2008/09 \$	2009/10 \$	2010/11 \$	2011/12 \$	2012/13 \$
Loch Garry Flood Protection Flood Protection Fee Minimum Fee	HA Property	4.39 351.48	4.59 360.06	3.67 360.06	3.47 360.06	3.28 360.06	3.10 360.06	2.93 360.06

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Tungamah

		Price (No	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Tungamah - Pipeline System								
Service Fee	Property	N/A	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	N/A	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75
Water Allowance Storage Fee	ML	N/A	4.92	5.73	6.15	6.61	7.11	7.65
Delivery								
Infrastructure Access Fee	ML	N/A	90.72	96.82	103.22	109.95	117.04	124.49
Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	N/A	31.65	31.65	31.65	31.65	31.65	31.65
Overuse Fee	ML	N/A	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Central Goulburn

		Price (No	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Central Goulburn Gravity Irrigation								
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	51.49	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75
Delivery				5=5	5=5	J	<u> </u>	J 5
Infrastructure Access Fee	ML Day	2,827.91	2,982.74	2,890.00	2,801.00	2,715.00	2,631.00	2,548.00
Casual Infrastructure Use Fee	ML ´	34.61	51.07	52.85	51.51	50.22	48.96	47.72
Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	6.33	6.33	6.33	6.33	6.33	6.33	6.33
Regional Urban Distribution Fee	ML	34.61	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Distribution Access Fee	ML Day	NA	2,982.74	2,890.00	2,801.00	2,715.00	2,631.00	2,548.00
Distribution Use Fee	ML	NA	6.33	6.33	6.33	6.33	6.33	6.33
Termination Fee	ML Day	NA	44,741.10	43,350.00	42,015.00	40,725.00	39,465.00	38,220.00
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Central Goulburn Community Surface Dr	l rainage							
Community Surface Drainage Fee	KM	463.42	474.73	490.00	490.00	490.00	490.00	490.00
Central Goulburn Primary Surface Drains	age							
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Area Fee	HA ´	3.58	3.65	3.63	3.71	3.78	3.86	3.94
Water Use Fee	ML	3.06	3.12	3.21	3.27	3.34	3.41	3.48
Drainage Diversion Agreement Fee	ML	9.97	10.21	10.20	10.10	10.00	9.90	9.90
Central Goulburn Sub Surface Drainage								
Service Fee	ML	0.89	0.91	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
Local Benefit Area Fee	HA	2.34	2.37	3.06	3.06	3.06	3.06	3.06
Local Benefit Water Use Fee	ML	0.55	0.55	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87
Municipal Local Benefit Area Fee	HA	9.35	9.49	12.23	12.23	12.23	12.23	12.23

- 81 –

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Rochester - Campaspe

		Price (No	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rochester Gravity Irrigation								
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	51.49	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75
Delivery	COLVIDO I CILIL	01.40	02.70	02.70	02.70	02.70	02.70	02.70
Infrastructure Access Fee	ML Day	2,459.24	2,519.25	2,429.00	2,354.00	2,280.00	2,208.00	2,138.00
Casual Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	31.27	44.46	46.44	45.32	44.21	43.13	42.08
Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	6.67	6.67	6.67	6.67	6.67	6.67	6.67
Regional Urban Distribution Fee	ML	31.27	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Distribution Access Fee	ML Dav	NA	2.519.25	2.429.00	2.354.00	2.280.00	2.208.00	2.138.00
Distribution Use Fee	ML	NA	6.67	6.67	6.67	6.67	6.67	6.67
Termination Fee	ML Day	NA	37.788.75	36.435.00	35.310.00	34.200.00	33.120.00	32.070.00
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Rochester-Campaspe Community Surface	 ce Drainage							
Community Surface Drainage Fee	км	463.42	474.73	490.00	490.00	490.00	490.00	490.00
Rochester-Campaspe Primary Surface D	 rainage							
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Area Fee	HA	3.81	3.90	3.96	4.03	4.09	4.16	4.22
Water Use Fee	ML	2.76	2.83	2.88	2.92	2.97	3.02	3.07
Drainage Diversion Agreement Fee	ML	9.29	9.32	9.20	9.10	9.00	9.00	8.90
Rochester Sub Surface Drainage								
Service Fee	ML	0.33	0.34	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39
Local Benefit Area Fee	HA	11.20	12.08	13.79	13.79	13.79	13.79	13.79
Local Benefit Water Use Fee	ML	3.16	3.42	3.79	3.79	3.79	3.79	3.79
Municipal Local Benefit Area Fee	HA	44.80	48.32	55.15	55.15	55.15	55.15	55.15
Campaspe Gravity Irrigation								
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	51.49	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75
Delivery								
Infrastructure Access Fee	ML Day	2,396.42	2,435.25	2,070.00	1,894.00	1,729.00	1,573.00	1,426.00
Casual Infrastructure Use Fee	ML Excess	31.27	43.83	42.00	39.36	36.89	34.55	32.34
Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30
Regional Urban Distribution Fee	ML	31.27	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Distribution Access Fee	ML Day	NA	2,435.25	2,070.00	1,894.00	1,729.00	1,573.00	1,426.00
Distribution Use Fee	ML	NA	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30
Termination Fee	ML Day	NA	36,528.75	31,050.00	28,410.00	25,935.00	23,595.00	21,390.00
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Campaspe Sub Surface Drainage								
Subsurface Drainage Fee	ML	2.41	2.99	3.10	3.21	3.32	3.44	3.57

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Pyramid - Boort

		Price (N	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Pyramid-Boort Gravity Irrigation								
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Service Point Fee - Irrigation	Service Point	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00
Service Point Fee - D&S	Service Point	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Delivery								
Infrastructure Access Fee	ML Day	1,614.77	1,659.13	1,715.00	1,827.00	1,945.00	2,067.00	2,195.00
Casual Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	22.63	31.37	35.45	37.13	38.90	40.73	42.65
Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	6.48	6.48	6.48	6.48	6.48	6.48	6.48
Regional Urban Distribution Fee	ML	22.63	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Distribution Access Fee	ML Day	NA	1,659.13	1,715.00	1,827.00	1,945.00	2,067.00	2,195.00
Distribution Use Fee	ML	NA	6.48	6.48	6.48	6.48	6.48	6.48
D&S Supplied Outside Irrigation Period	Service	308.95	316.49	316.49	316.49	316.49	316.49	316.49
Termination Fee	ML Day	NA	24,886.95	25,725.00	27,405.00	29,175.00	31,005.00	32,925.00
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Pyramid-Boort Community Surface Drain	age							
Community Surface Drainage Fee	KM	463.42	474.73	490.00	490.00	490.00	490.00	490.00
Pyramid-Boort Primary Surface Drainage	!							
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Area Fee	HA	1.80	1.33	1.49	1.84	2.24	2.73	3.31
Water Use Fee	ML	1.44	1.05	1.38	1.70	2.08	2.53	3.06
Drainage Diversion Agreement Fee	ML	7.14	7.15	7.30	7.70	8.10	8.60	9.00
110000								

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Loddon Waterworks

		Price (No	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Normanville Domestic & Stock								
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	51.49	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75
Water Allowance Storage Fee	ML ML	4.61	4.92	5.73	6.15	6.61	7.11	7.65
(Goulburn System ESF HRWS with land)	IVIL	4.01	4.32	3.73	0.13	0.01	/.!!	7.03
Infrastructure Access Fee	KL/Day	97.85	100.84	108.47	116.50	124.98	133.93	143.37
Infrastructure Use Fee	ML ML	107.10	107.10	107.10	107.10	107.10	107.10	107.10
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2.000.00	2,000.00
Overuse ree	IVIL	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
East Loddon Domestic & Stock								
Service Fee	Property	51.49	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75
Water Allowance Storage Fee	ML	4.61	4.92	5.73	6.15	6.61	7.11	7.65
(Goulburn System ESF HRWS with land)								
Infrastructure Access Fee	HA	2.86	2.94	2.83	2.72	2.61	2.51	2.41
Regional Urban Distribution Fee	ML	22.63	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Distribution Access Fee	ML Day	NA	1,659.13	1,715.00	1,827.00	1,945.00	2,067.00	2,195.00
Distribution Use Fee	ML	NA	6.48	6.48	6.48	6.48	6.48	6.48
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
West Loddon Domestic & Stock								
Service Fee	Property	51.49	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75
Water Allowance Storage Fee	ML	4.61	4.92	5.73	6.15	6.61	7.11	7.65
(Goulburn System ESF HRWS with land)	IVIL	7.01	7.32	3.73	0.13	0.01	'.''	1 7.03
Infrastructure Access Fee	HA	1.29	1.32	1.50	1.71	1.93	2.18	2.46
Overuse Fee	ML		_	II			_	
Overuse ree	IVIL	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00

Document Number: #2311661

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Murray Valley

		Price (N	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Murray Valley Gravity Irrigation								
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	51.49	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75
Delivery	Service Follit	31.49	32.73	32.73	32.73	32.73	32.73	32.73
Infrastructure Access Fee	ML Day	2,350.07	2,462.78	2,400.00	2,260.12	2,128.39	2,004.33	1,887.50
Casual Infrastructure Use Fee	ML ML	30.81	44.25	46.97	44.87	42.89	41.03	39.28
Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	7.31	7.31	7.31	7.31	7.31	7.31	7.31
	ML ML	7.31 30.81	7.31 NA	7.31 NA	NA	7.31 NA	7.31 NA	NA
Regional Urban Distribution Fee								
Distribution Access Fee	ML Day	NA	2,462.78	2,400.00	2,260.12	2,128.39	2,004.33	1,887.50
Distribution Use Fee	ML	NA	7.31	7.31	7.31	7.31	7.31	7.31
Termination Fee	ML Day	NA	36,941.70	36,000.00	33,901.80	31,925.85	30,064.95	28,312.50
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Murray Valley Community Surface Drainage								
Community Surface Drainage Fee	KM	463.42	474.73	490.00	490.00	490.00	490.00	490.00
Murray Valley Primary Surface Drainage								
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Area Fee	HA	6.18	5.80	5.84	5.99	6.14	6.29	6.45
Water Use Fee	ML	3.42	3.21	3.17	3.13	3.10	3.06	3.03
Drainage Diversion Agreement Fee	ML	9.60	9.48	9.50	9.30	9.10	8.90	8.80
Museum Vellay Cub Cunface Ducin								
Murray Valley Sub Surface Drainage		0.40		0.40	0.40	0.40		
Service Fee	ML	0.43	0.41	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.48
Local Benefit Area Fee	HA	2.16	1.86	3.39	3.39	3.36	3.36	3.36
Local Benefit Water Use Fee	ML	0.40	0.35	0.80	0.80	0.79	0.79	0.79
Municipal Local Benefit Area Fee	HA	8.65	7.43	13.58	13.58	13.46	13.46	13.46

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Torrumbarry - Gravity

		Price (No	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Torrumbarry Gravity Irrigation								
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	51.49	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75
Delivery	OCTVICE TOTAL	01.40	32.73	32.73	32.73	32.73	32.73	32.73
Infrastructure Access Fee	ML Day	2,087.47	2,194.00	2,303.00	2.423.00	2,549.00	2.682.00	2,821.00
Casual Infrastructure Use Fee	ML ML	27.82	39.85	44.96	46.76	48.65	50.64	52.73
Infrastructure Use Fee	ML ML	6.94	6.94	6.94	6.94	6.94	6.94	6.94
Regional Urban Distribution Fee	ML ML	27.82	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Distribution Access Fee	ML Day	NA	2.194.00	2.303.00	2.423.00	2.549.00	2,682.00	2.821.00
Distribution Use Fee	ML ML	NA NA	6.94	6.94	6.94	6.94	6.94	6.94
Termination Fee	ML Dav	NA NA	32,910.00	34,545.00	36,345.00	38,235.00	40,230.00	42.315.00
Overuse Fee	ML ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Overuse i ee	IVIL	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Torrumbarry Community Surface Draina	qe							
Community Surface Drainage Fee	KM	463.42	474.73	490.00	490.00	490.00	490.00	490.00
Torrumbarry Primary Surface Drainage								
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Area Fee	HA	2.33	2.15	2.08	2.15	2.21	2.28	2.35
Water Use Fee	ML	1.65	1.52	1.51	1.50	1.49	1.48	1.47
Drainage Diversion Agreement Fee	ML	8.85	8.61	9.20	9.60	10.00	10.50	11.00
Tyntynder Primary Surface Drainage								
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50
Area Fee	HA	12.88	103.50	8.93	7.86	6.89	6.02	5.23
Water Use Fee	ML NA	4.87	4.15	3.56	3.06	2.63	2.26	1.94
Drainage Diversion Agreement Fee	ML ML	8.85	8.61	9.20	9.60	10.00	10.50	11.00
Diamage Diversion Agreement Fee	IVIL	0.00	0.01	3.20	3.00	10.00	10.50	11.00

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Torrumbarry - Pumped

		Price (No	ominal \$)		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$				
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10		2011/12	2012/13	
•		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Woorinen Pumped Irrigation		400.00	405.50	405.50	405.50	405.50	405.50	105.50	
Service Fee	Property	102.98 51.49	105.50					105.50	
Additional Service Point Fee Delivery	Service Point	51.49	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	
Infrastructure Access Fee	ML/Day	2,861.85	3,057.64	3 167 00	3 280 00	3 397 00	3 519 00	3.644.00	
Casual Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	48.62	65.86			I '		84.66	
Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	20.00	20.00					20.00	
Termination Fee	ML Day	NA	45,864.58					54,660.00	
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00					2,000.00	
Woorinen Sub Surface Drainage									
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50					105.50	
Area Fee	HA	4.45	1.26					1.69	
Water Use Fee	ML	2.36	0.66					0.90	
Drainage Diversion Agreement Fee	ML	3.04	3.11	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	
Nyah Pumped Irrigation									
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	51.49	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	
Delivery									
Infrastructure Access Fee - WR, D&S	ML/Day	2,953.21	3,087.35	3,115.00	3,155.00	3,195.00	3,236.00	3,277.00	
Casual Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	44.43	61.20	69.06	69.66	70.26	70.88	71.49	
Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	14.89	14.89	14.89	14.89	14.89	14.89	14.89	
Termination Fee	ML Day	NA	46,310.25	46,725.00	47,325.00	47,925.00	48,540.00	49,155.00	
Overuse of Annual Entitlement Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	
Nyah Sub Surface Drainage									
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	
Water Use Fee	ML	12.13	8.01	6.11	4.50	3.12	1.94	0.92	
Drainage Diversion Agreement Fee	ML	2.06	1.64	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	
Tresco Pumped Irrigation									
Service Fee	Property	102.98	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	105.50	
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	51.49	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	52.75	
Delivery									
Infrastructure Access Fee	ML/Day	4,287.52	4,186.39	3,799.00	3,442.00	3,111.00	2,805.00	2,522.00	
Casual Infrastructure Use Fee	ML	52.87	72.80	71.99	66.63	61.67	57.08	52.83	
Infrastructure Use Fee	ML ML David	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	
Termination Fee	ML Day	NA	62,795.85	56,985.00	51,630.00	46,665.00	42,075.00	37,830.00	
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	
Tresco Sub Surface Drainage									
Subsurface Drainage Fee	ML	3.71	1.73	1.73	1.72	1.72	1.72	1.72	
Drainage Diversion Agreement Fee	ML	1.70	1.16	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	
<u> </u>									

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Surface Water Diversions

		Price (No	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Murray Regulated								
Service Fee	Liconos	154.47	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24
	Licence	_						
Water Delivery Fee	ML	3.03	NA 200 00	NA 205 22	NA 100.00	NA 570.00	NA 070 00	NA 770.00
Water Delivery Fee	ML Day	NA 0.000.00	333.00	395.00	482.00	573.00	670.00	776.00
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Goulburn Regulated								
Service Fee	Licence	154.47	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24
Water Delivery Fee	ML	1.94	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA
Water Delivery Fee	ML Day	NA NA	233.00	248.00	310.49	379.98	457.27	543.24
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Overage i ce	IVIL	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Murray Unregulated								
Service Fee	Licence	154.47	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24
Water Delivery Fee	ML	10.38	12.18	14.08	16.17	18.47	20.99	23.78
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Goulburn Unregulated								
Service Fee	Licence	154.47	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24
Water Delivery Fee	ML	7.58	9.66	11.59	13.72	16.05	18.62	21.43
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Overuse Fee	IVIL	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Exceptions:								
(i) Fish Farming								
Service Fee								
Murray	Licence	154.47	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24
Goulburn	Licence	154.47	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24
Water Delivery Fee	Licence	134.41	130.24	130.24	130.24	130.24	130.24	130.24
	ML Day	26.36	27.53	27.53	27.53	27.53	27.53	27.53
Goulburn Regulated	,	26.36						
Goulburn Unregulated	ML		27.53	27.53	27.53	27.53	27.53	27.53
Murray Unregulated	ML	26.36	27.53	27.53	27.53	27.53	27.53	27.53

Goulburn-Murray Water **Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Groundwater Diversions**

		Price (No	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07 \$	2007/08 \$	2008/09 \$	2009/10 \$	2010/11 \$	2011/12 \$	2012/13 \$
Groundwater Supply Area - Shepparto	n IRSWPA							
Service Fee	Licence	154.47	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	77.24	79.12	79.12	79.12	79.12	79.12	79.12
Entitlement Fee	ML	2.02	2.07	2.42	2.81	3.24	3.72	4.26
Intensive Management Fee	ML	1.14	1.15	1.18	1.21	1.26	1.32	1.37
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Groundwater Supply Areas								
Service Fee	Licence	154.47	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	77.24	79.12	79.12	79.12	79.12	79.12	79.12
Entitlement Fee	ML	2.02	2.07	2.42	2.81	3.24	3.72	4.26
Intensive Management Fee	ML	2.07	2.41 (1)	2.53 (2)	2.66	2.80	2.95	3.10
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Other Groundwater Supply Areas								
Service Fee	Licence	154.47	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24	158.24
Additional Service Point Fee	Service Point	77.24	79.12	79.12	79.12	79.12	79.12	79.12
Entitlement Fee	ML	2.02	2.07	2.42	2.81	3.24	3.72	4.26
Overuse Fee	ML	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00

Notes

⁽¹⁾ Spring Hill, Campaspe, Katunga, Mid Loddon, Upper Loddon WSPA's.
(2) Spring Hill, Campaspe, Katunga, Mid Loddon, Upper Loddon, King Lake, Mid Goulburn, Upper Ovens, Lower Ovens WSPA's.

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Entitlement Storage Fee

		Price (N	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Entitlement Storage Fee								
Broken Basin Entitlement Storage Fee	ML	5.90	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ESF HRWS (with land)	ML	NA	4.92	5.73	6.15	6.61	7.11	7.65
ESF LRWS (with land)	ML	NA	2.67	2.89	3.12	3.38	3.67	3.97
ESF HRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	21.11	33.18	33.18	33.18	33.18	33.18
ESF LRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	2.67	2.89	3.12	3.38	3.67	3.97
Goulburn Basin								
Entitlement Storage Fee	ML	5.90	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ESF HRWS (with land)	ML	NA	4.92	5.73	6.15	6.61	7.11	7.65
ESF LRWS (with land)	ML	NA	2.67	2.89	3.12	3.38	3.67	3.97
ESF HRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	4.92	5.73	6.15	6.61	7.11	7.65
ESF LRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	2.67	2.89	3.12	3.38	3.67	3.97
Campaspe Basin								
Entitlement Storage Fee	ML	5.90	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ESF HRWS (with land)	ML	NA	4.92	5.73	6.15	6.61	7.11	7.65
ESF LRWS (with land)	ML	NA	2.67	2.89	3.12	3.38	3.67	3.97
ESF HRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	13.68	14.90	15.67	16.52	17.41	18.33
ESF LRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	11.12	11.75	12.38	13.07	13.79	14.54
Loddon Basin								
Entitlement Storage Fee	ML	5.90	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ESF HRWS (with land)	ML	NA	4.92	5.73	6.15	6.61	7.11	7.65
ESF LRWS (with land)	ML	NA	2.67	2.89	3.12	3.38	3.67	3.97
ESF HRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	16.29	25.14	26.44	27.80	29.22	30.73
ESF LRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	8.26	12.31	12.97	13.66	14.38	15.15

Goulburn-Murray Water Service Prices and Miscellaneous Fees and Charges Entitlement Storage Fee

		Price (No	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bullarook Basin								
Entitlement Storage Fee	ML	5.90	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
FCF LIDING (with land)	ML	NA	4.92	5.73	6.15	6.61	7.11	7.65
ESF HRWS (with land)			-					
ESF LRWS (with land)	ML	NA	2.67	2.89	3.12	3.38	3.67	3.97
ESF HRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	181.93	220.50	261.64	210.71	368.96	438.28
ESF LRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	110.21	131.23	156.17	185.84	221.15	263.17
Murray Basin								
Entitlement Storage Fee	ML	7.57	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ESF HRWS (with land)	ML	NA	6.17	6.75	7.19	7.70	8.29	8.97
ESF LRWS (with land)	ML	NA	2.46	2.55	2.64	2.73	2.82	2.92
ESF HRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	6.17	6.75	7.19	7.70	8.29	8.97
ESF LRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	2.56	2.66	2.75	2.84	2.94	3.04
Ovens Basin								
Entitlement Storage Fee	ML	7.57	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Entitlement Storage Fee	IVIL	7.57	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
ESF HRWS (with land)	ML	NA	6.17	6.75	7.19	7.70	8.29	8.97
ESF LRWS (with land)	ML	NA	2.46	2.55	2.64	2.73	2.82	2.92
ESF HRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	26.71	32.57	39.73	48.50	59.20	72.29
ESF LRWS (with-out land)	ML	NA	2.56	2.66	2.75	2.84	2.94	3.04
Other Entitlements								
Goulburn System - WR Equivalent	ML	NA	6.45	7.08	7.61	8.20	8.83	9.51
Codibani Cystem - Wit Equivalent	I WIL	ING	0.40	7.00	7.01	0.20	0.00	3.51
Murray System	ML	NA	6.19	6.46	6.81	7.22	7.69	8.21

Goulburn-Murray Water Pricing Schedule Bulk Water Prices

		Price (N	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
Charge	Unit	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
-		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Murray Basin - Entitlement	ML	6.06	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Murray Basin HR	ML	NA	5.70	5.92	6.12	6.33	6.56	6.79
Murray Basin LR	ML	NA	2.56	2.66	2.75	2.84	2.94	3.04
Ovens Basin - Entitlement	ML	29.48	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ovens Basin HR	ML	NA	26.71	32.57	39.73	48.50	59.20	72.29
Goulburn Supplemented Basin - Entitlement								
Goulburn System Source	ML	6.46	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Delivery	ML	0.14	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Broken Basin - Entitlement								
Broken Basin	ML	22.53	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Broken Basin - HR	ML	NA	21.11	32.48	32.48	32.48	32.48	32.48
Goulburn Basin - Entitlement								
Source	ML	3.76	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Goulburn Basin VHR	ML	NA	4.23	4.68	5.08	5.53	6.00	6.51
Goulburn Basin HR	ML	NA NA	3.98	4.40	4.78	5.20	5.65	6.13
Goulburn Basin LR	ML	NA NA	2.02	2.24	2.43	2.64	2.87	3.11
Godibum Basin Erk		INA					2.07	
Delivery	ML	0.14	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Campaspe Basin - Entitlement G-MW Capacity Share								
Campaspe Basin - Source	ML	13.48	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Campaspe Basin HR	ML	NA	13.68	14.46	15.24	16.08	16.97	17.89
Campaspe Basin LR	ML	NA	11.12	11.75	12.38	13.07	13.79	14.54
Coliban Capacity Share								
Source	ML	15.64	15.25	16.13	16.98	17.91	18.90	19.90
Loddon Basin - Entitlement								
Loddon Basin Source	ML	24.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Loddon Basin - HR	ML	NA	16.29	24.29	25.58	26.94	28.37	29.88
Loddon Basin - LR	ML	NA	8.26	12.31	12.97	13.66	14.38	15.15
Bullarook - Entitlement								
Bullarook Basin Source	ML	168.35	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Bullarook Basin HR	ML	NA	181.93	216.47	257.61	306.55	364.80	434.12
Bullarook Basin LR	ML	NA	110.21	131.23	156.17	185.84	221.15	263.17
Regional Urban Storage Ancillary Fee	ML	8.04	8.24	8.24	8.24	8.24	8.24	8.24

	Price (No		2007/08 \$s				
MISCELLANEOUS FEE/CHARGE:	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Private Works:							
Security Deposit	25% Job	25% Job	25% Job	25% Job	25% Job	25% Job	25% Job
Supervision Fee	5% Job	5% Job	5% Job	5% Job	5% Job	5% Job	5% Job
Issue Fee	\$63.50	\$65.50	\$65.50	\$65.50	\$65.50	\$65.50	\$65.50
Toll Gate Charges:							
Per Vehicle	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00
Waterworks:							
Reclassification Fee	\$116.00	\$120.00	\$120.00	\$120.00	\$120.00	\$120.00	\$120.00
Diversion Works on Crown Land:							
Issue Fee	\$63.50	\$65.50	\$65.50	\$65.50	\$65.50	\$65.50	\$65.50
Drainage Agreement:							
Issue Fee	\$63.50	\$65.50	\$65.50	\$65.50	\$65.50	\$65.50	\$65.50
Investigation Fee	\$117.00	\$120.00	\$120.00	\$120.00	\$120.00	\$120.00	\$120.00
High Flow Annual Fee	\$53.50	\$55.00	\$55.00	\$55.00	\$55.00	\$55.00	\$55.00
Small Pipe Outlet Fee							
Issue Fee	\$106.00	\$109.00	\$109.00	\$109.00	\$109.00	\$109.00	\$109.00
Purchase of Additional Entitlement:							
Administration Fee	\$65.00	\$67.00	\$67.00	\$67.00	\$67.00	\$67.00	\$67.00
Purchase of High Reliability Water Share	NA	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00
Amend District Boundaries:							
Extension to G-MW Districts	\$420.00	\$432.00	\$432.00	\$432.00	\$432.00	\$432.00	\$432.00
Excision from G-MW Districts	\$420.00	\$432.00	\$432.00	\$432.00	\$432.00	\$432.00	\$432.00

	Price (No	ominal \$)			2007/08 \$s		
MISCELLANEOUS FEE/CHARGE:	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
By Laws Tariff Criteria:							
Per Copy	\$4.30	\$4.40	\$4.40	\$4.40	\$4.40	\$4.40	\$4.40
Special Meter Reading:							
Meter Reading Fee	\$31.90	\$32.90	\$32.90	\$32.90	\$32.90	\$32.90	\$32.90
Jetties & Slipways:							
Application for a License	\$221.00	\$226.40	\$226.40	\$226.40	\$226.40	\$226.40	\$226.40
Grazing & General Occupation:							
Application for a License	\$221.00	\$226.40	\$226.40	\$226.40	\$226.40	\$226.40	\$226.40
Application to Amend/Subdivide/Amalgamate the License	\$159.00	\$162.90	\$162.90	\$162.90	\$162.90	\$162.90	\$162.90
Regatta Fees:							
First Day	\$162.00	\$166.00	\$166.00	\$166.00	\$166.00	\$166.00	\$166.00
Each Consecutive Day	\$89.00	\$91.20	\$91.20	\$91.20	\$91.20	\$91.20	\$91.20
Bore Monitoring Fee:							
Monitoring Fee	\$67.50	\$69.50	\$69.50	\$69.50	\$69.50	\$69.50	\$69.50
Normanville Pipeline Scheme: Capacity Adjustment Request							
Application Fee	\$154.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00
Connection Fees:							
Administration Fee	\$66.00	\$68.00	\$68.00	\$68.00	\$68.00	\$68.00	\$68.00
Tapping/Meter Installation	\$565.00	\$582.00	\$582.00	\$582.00	\$582.00	\$582.00	\$582.00
Entitlement Acquisition (per ML)	\$1,220.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00
Update Models/Plans	\$154.00	\$158.00	\$158.00	\$158.00	\$158.00	\$158.00	\$158.00

	Price (No	ominal \$)	2007/08 \$s					
MISCELLANEOUS FEE/CHARGE:	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	
Delivery Share / Reservation Fee								
Application Fee	\$127.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	
Annual Fee								
Shepparton (ML/day)	\$3,152.31	\$3,232.46	\$3,232.46	\$3,232.46	\$3,232.46	\$3,232.46	\$3,232.46	
Central Goulburn (ML/day)	\$2,827.91	\$2,982.74	\$2,982.74	\$2,982.74	\$2,982.74		\$2,982.74	
Rochester (ML/day)	\$2,459.24	\$2,519.25	\$2,519.25	\$2,519.25	\$2,519.25		\$2,519.25	
Campaspe (ML/day)	\$2,396.42	\$2,435.25	\$2,435.25		\$2,435.25		\$2,435.25	
Pyramid-Boort (ML/day)	\$1,614.77	\$1,659.13	\$1,659.13		\$1,659.13		\$1,659,13	
Murray Valley (ML/day)	\$2,350.07	\$2,462.78	\$2,462.78				\$2,462.78	
Torrumbarry (ML/day)	\$2,087.47	\$2,194.00				. ,	\$2,194.00	
Woorinen (ML/day)	\$2,861.93	\$3,057.64	\$3,057.64					
Nyah (ML/day)	\$2,953.21	\$3,087.35	\$3.087.35					
Tresco (ML/day)	\$4,287.65	\$4,186.39	* - ,	* - /		,	,	
Tiesco (NiL/day)	φ4,207.03	φ 4 ,100.39	φ4,100.39	φ4,100.39	φ4,100.39	φ4,100.39	φ 4 , 100.39	
Loch Garry Flood Protection								
Minimum Fee	\$351.48	\$360.06	\$360.06	\$360.06	\$360.06	\$360.06	\$360.06	
Flood Protection Fee	\$4.39	\$4.59	\$4.59	\$4.59	\$4.59	\$4.59	\$4.59	
Emergency Domestic & Stock Supply								
per Kilolitre	\$0.32	\$0.33	\$0.33	\$0.33	\$0.33	\$0.33	\$0.33	
per Megalitre	\$319.20	\$329.00	\$329.00	\$329.00	\$329.00	\$329.00	\$329.00	
Information Statement:								
Application for Information Statement under Section 158 of the Act.	\$41.00	\$42.00	\$42.00	\$42.00	\$42.00	\$42.00	\$42.00	
Application of information statement under section 130 of the Act.	Ψ41.00	Ψ42.00	Ψ42.00	ψ42.00	Ψ42.00	ψ42.00	Ψ42.00	
Dams on Waterway Fee:								
Application Fee								
i) Dams or other works less than 5 ML capacity not requiring qualified	\$469.00	\$483.00	\$483.00	\$483.00	\$483.00	\$483.00	\$483.00	
engineering input or design and specifications by G-MW	ψ100.00	ψ100.00	ψ100.00	ψ100.00	ψ100.00	ψ100.00	ψ100.00	
ii) Dams less than 5 ML capacity IR, CO and D&S with engineering design	\$1,840.00	\$1,895.00	\$1,895.00	\$1,895.00	\$1,895.00	\$1,895.00	\$1,895.00	
review, consultancy and assessments by G-MW	\$1,040.00	\$1,695.00	φ1,093.00	φ1,095.00	φ1,093.00	φ1,095.00	φ1,895.00	
iii) Dams less than 5 ML capacity IR, CO and D&S without engineering	\$760.00	\$782.00	\$782.00	\$782.00	\$782.00	\$782.00	\$782.00	
design review, consultancy and assessments by G-MW								

	Price (No	ominal \$)	2007/08 \$s				
MISCELLANEOUS FEE/CHARGE:	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Dams on Waterway Fee:							
iv)-(a) Dams greater than 5 ML capacity or 7m embankment height with engineering design review, consultancy and assessments by G-MW	\$2,300.00	\$2,369.00	\$2,369.00	\$2,369.00	\$2,369.00	\$2,369.00	\$2,369.00
iv)-(b) Resubmission of revised proposals with G-MW assessment	\$1,540.00	\$1,586.00	\$1,586.00	\$1,586.00	\$1,586.00	\$1,586.00	\$1,586.00
v) Dams greater than 5 ML capacity or 7m embankment height without engineering consultancy and assessments by other than G-MW	\$760.00	\$783.00	\$783.00	\$783.00	\$783.00	\$783.00	\$783.00
Private Dams not on a Waterway Fee: Application Fee							
i) Dams requiring a licence to construct with engineering consultancy and assessment by other than G-MW	\$760.00	\$783.00	\$783.00	\$783.00	\$783.00	\$783.00	\$783.00
ii)-(a) Dams requiring a licence to construct with engineering design review, consultancy and assessments by G-MW	\$2,300.00	\$2,369.00	\$2,369.00	\$2,369.00	\$2,369.00	\$2,369.00	\$2,369.00
ii)-(b) Resubmission of revised proposals with G-MW assessment	\$1,540.00	\$1,586.00	\$1,586.00	\$1,586.00	\$1,586.00	\$1,586.00	\$1,586.00
Waterway Determination Fee:							
Waterway determination inspection and report	\$210.00	\$216.00	\$440.00	\$440.00	\$440.00	\$440.00	\$440.00

GOUI	LBURN-MURRAY	WATER					
SERVICE PRICES AND	MISCELLANEOU	IS FEES AND CHA	RGES				
		ominal \$)	2007/08 \$s				
MISCELLANEOUS FEE/CHARGE:	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Bundled Surface Water							
1. Application for a works Licence D & S and zero Vol*	NA	\$1,067.00	\$1,067.00	\$1,067.00	\$1,067.00	\$1,067.00	\$1,067.00
2. Application for RENEWAL, AMALGAMATION, SUBDIVISION	NA	\$648.00	\$648.00	\$648.00	\$648.00	\$648.00	\$648.00
2.1 - for each additional licence renewed (same land)	NA	\$308.00			\$308.00	\$308.00	
2.2 - for each additional assignment of Licence issued		·		-		·	
from subdivision (third and usbsequent licences)	NA	\$308.00	\$308.00	\$308.00	\$308.00	\$308.00	\$308.00
A A S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S							
Application for replacment licence upon ALTERATION 3.1 Category 1	NA	No Charge	No Charge	No Charge	No Charge	No Charge	No Charge
3.2 Category 2	NA NA	\$338.00		\$338.00	\$338.00	\$338.00	
3.3 Category 3	NA NA	\$463.00		\$463.00	\$463.00	\$463.00	
3.4 Category 4	NA	\$869.00			\$869.00	\$869.00	
		·					
Application for Temporary Transfer of licence volume	NA	\$555.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00
5. Application for Permanent Transfer of licence							
volume (to other land)	NA	\$840.00	\$840.00	\$840.00	\$840.00	\$840.00	\$840.00
volume (to other land)	INA	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	φ040.00	\$640.00	\$640.00
6. Application for Permanent Transfer of ownership (sale of land)	NA	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00
7. Assessment for Private Rights to Water fee	NA	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00
8. Purchase of Water from G-MW Water Bank for S&D only	NA	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00
9.*Technical assessment fee for sensitive/high risk							
applications (in addition to application fee)	NA	\$1,095.00	\$1,095.00	\$1,095.00	\$1,095.00	\$1,095.00	\$1,095.00
10. Irrigation Development Guidelines							
10.1 Tier 1		\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
10.2 Tier 2		Tier 1 + \$1000.00	Tier 1 + \$1000.00	Tier 1 + \$1000.00	Tier 1 + \$1000.00		
10.3 Tier 3 Agreed Price (Quote)		Tier 2 + \$110/hr	Tier 2 + \$110/hr	Tier 2 + \$110/hr	Tier 2 + \$110/hr	Tier 2 + \$110/hr	Tier 2 + \$110/hr
11. Convert Farm Dam Registration Licence to Standard License	NA	No charge	No charge	No charge	No charge	No charge	No charge
12. Title Search Fee 12.1 Title Search Fee standard electronic search	NIA.	\$45.00	\$45.00	\$45.00	\$45.00	¢45.00	\$45.00
12.1 Title Search Fee standard electronic search 12.2 Title Search Fee non standard	NA NA	\$45.00 \$90.00		\$45.00 \$90.00	\$45.00 \$90.00	\$45.00 \$90.00	
12.2 Title Geardin ee non standard	INA	ψ90.00	ψ90.00	ψ90.00	ψ30.00	ψ90.00	ψ30.00
Bundled Groundwater							
Application for a Works Licence to CONSTRUCT, ALTER OR REPLACE for D&S	NA	\$839.00			\$839.00	\$839.00	
each additional bore at the site	NA	\$136.00	\$136.00	\$136.00	\$136.00	\$136.00	\$136.00
2. Application for a Works License to CONSTRUCT ALTER or PERLACE for licenseable Durages	NA	\$1,067.00	\$1,067.00	\$1,067.00	\$1,067.00	\$1,067.00	\$1.067.00
Application for a Works Licence to CONSTRUCT, ALTER or REPLACE for licencable Purposes each additional bore at the site	NA NA	\$1,067.00			\$1,067.00	\$1,067.00 \$136.00	
Cash additional polic at the site	10,	ψ100.00	ψ100.00	ψ100.00	ψ100.00	ψ100.00	ψ100.00
3. Application for a Works Licence to CONSTRUCT, ALTER or REPLACE for investigation or monitoring	NA	\$839.00		\$839.00	\$839.00	\$839.00	
each additional bore at the site	NA	\$136.00	\$136.00	\$136.00	\$136.00	\$136.00	\$136.00
4 Application for a Convention to a Convention		1					
4. Application for a Groundwater Licence 0 ML - 20 ML 4.1 0 ML - 20 ML	NA	\$1,153.00	\$1,153.00	\$1,153.00	\$1,153.00	\$1,153,00	\$1,153,00
4.2 Technical assessment fee for sensitive/high risk applications (in addition to application fee)	NA NA	\$1,133.00			\$1,095.00	\$1,133.00	
application too)	1	1 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ţ.,30.00	Ţ.,	+:,:::0:00	Ţ.,I30.00	1.,
5. Application for a Groundwater Licence more than 20ML and up to 200 ML (inc), plus	NA	\$2,491.00			\$2,491.00	\$2,491.00	
additional charge per ML greater than 20ML	NA	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$5.50

	Price (Nominal \$)	al \$) 2007/08 \$s					
MISCELLANEOUS FEE/CHARGE:	2006/07		2008/09	2009/10		2011/12	2012/13	
Bundled Groundwater								
6. Application for a Groundwater Licence more than 200ML and up to 400ML (inc), plus	N/A	\$3,483.00	\$3,483.00	\$3,483.00	\$3,483.00	\$3,483.00	\$3,483.00	
additional charge per ML greater than 200ML	N/A					\$11.00	\$11.00	
		******	******					
7. Application for a Groundwater Licence more than 400ML, plus	N/A	\$5,441.00	\$5,441.00	\$5,441.00	\$5,441.00	\$5,441.00	\$5,441.00	
additional charge per ML greater than 400ML	N/A	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	
		•	•		· ·		,	
Application for Temporary Transfer of Groundwater licence volume								
8.1 Low Risk	N/	\$220.00	\$220.00	\$220.00	\$220.00	\$220.00	\$220.00	
8.2 Medium risk	N/	\$555.00	\$555.00	\$555.00	\$555.00	\$555.00	\$555.00	
8.3 High risk	N/	\$555.00	\$555.00	\$555.00	\$555.00	\$555.00	\$555.00	
Additional charge per megalitre (high risk):								
- 0 ML - 20 ML	N/A	No Charge	No Charge	No Charge	No Charge	No Charge	No Charge	
- 20 ML - 200 ML	N/	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$5.50	
- 200 ML to 400 ML	N/A	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	
- 400 ML plus	N/A	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	
		· ·	·		,			
9. Application for Permanent Transfer of Groundwater licence volume (to other land)	N/A	\$840.00	\$840.00	\$840.00	\$840.00	\$840.00	\$840.00	
Additional charge per megalitre:			•		· ·			
- 20 ML - 200 ML	N/A	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$5.50	\$5.50	
- 200 ML to 400 ML	N/	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	
- 400 ML plus	N/A	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	
		,	,		,		,	
10. Application for Permanent Transfer of ownership (sale								
of land)	N/	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , ,	, , , , , ,	, , , , , ,	, , , , , ,	, , , , , ,	
11. Application for part assignment (subdivision) of Licence other than								
for Domestic and/or Stock	N/A	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	\$640.00	
11.1 For each additional assignment of		·	·		,			
Licence issued (third and subsequent licences)	N/A	\$308.00	\$308.00	\$308.00	\$308.00	\$308.00	\$308.00	
,		·	·		,		· ·	
12. Application for RENEWAL of an irrigation Licence	N/A	\$869.00	\$869.00	\$869.00	\$869.00	\$869.00	\$869.00	
12.1 for each additional irrigation Licence			·		· ·		· ·	
renewal (same land)	N/A	\$308.00	\$308.00	\$308.00	\$308.00	\$308.00	\$308.00	
13. Registration of Domestic & Stock Bore Fee	N/	\$80.00	\$80.00	\$80.00	\$80.00	\$80.00	\$80.00	
_								
14 Application for replacement license upon ALTERATION								
14.1 Category 1	N/	No Charge	No Charge	No Charge	No Charge	No Charge	No Charge	
14.2 Category 2	N/	\$338.00	\$338.00	\$338.00	\$338.00	\$338.00	\$338.00	
14.3 Category 3	N/	\$463.00	\$463.00	\$463.00	\$463.00	\$463.00	\$463.00	
14.4 Category 4	N/	\$869.00	\$869.00	\$869.00	\$869.00	\$869.00	\$869.00	
					1		1	
15. Irrigation Development Guidelines					1		1	
15.1 Tier 1	N/							
15.2 Tier 2	N/		Tier 1 + \$1000.00					
15.3 Tier 3 - Agreed price (quote)	N/	Tier 2 + \$110/hr	Tier 2 + \$110/hr	Tier 2 + \$110/hr	Tier 2 + \$110/hr	Tier 2 + \$110/hr	Tier 2 + \$110/hr	
							[
16. Capital Charge for New Groundwater Entitlement (per					1		1	
licence megalitre)	N/	\$126.00	\$126.00	\$126.00	\$126.00	\$126.00	\$126.00	
					1		1	
17. Partial Refund of BCL Licence Application Fee (non	1		1		İ	1	İ	
construction only)	NA NA	\$205.00	\$205.00	\$205.00	\$205.00	\$205.00	\$205.00	
				1	1	l	I	

	Price (No	(Nominal \$) 2007/08 \$s					
MISCELLANEOUS FEE/CHARGE:	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Mallee CMA Salinity Mitigation Charge							
For every megalitre of "new water" transferred in from all selling authorities							
outside the Mallee CMA boundaries:							
Annual payment (\$/ML) for Operations & Maintenance	\$3.51	\$3.60	\$3.60	\$3.60	\$3.60	\$3.60	\$3.60
Upfront payment (\$/ML) for permanent transfer of water to salinity zone:							
Li ' ' '	\$28.32	\$29.01	\$29.01	\$29.01	\$29.01	\$29.01	\$29.01
L2	\$70.54	\$72.26	\$72.26	\$72.26	\$72.26	\$72.26	\$72.26
L3	\$141.60	\$145.06	\$145.06	\$145.06	\$145.06	\$145.06	\$145.06
L4	\$283.20	\$290.11	\$290.11	\$290.11	\$290.11	\$290.11	\$290.11
Annual payment (\$/ML) over 10 years for permanent transfer of water to							
salinity zone:							
L1	\$3.50	\$3.59	\$3.59		\$3.59	\$3.59	\$3.59
L2	\$8.71	\$8.92	\$8.92	\$8.92	\$8.92	\$8.92	\$8.92
L3	\$17.40	\$17.83	\$17.83	\$17.83	\$17.83	\$17.83	\$17.83
L4	\$34.81	\$35.66	\$35.66	\$35.66	\$35.66	\$35.66	\$35.66
Annual payment (\$/ML) for temporary transfer of water to salinity zone:							
L1	\$2.83	\$2.90	\$2.90	\$2.90	\$2.90	\$2.90	\$2.90
L2	\$7.05	\$7.23	\$7.23	\$7.23	\$7.23	\$7.23	\$7.23
L3	\$14.16	\$14.51	\$14.51	\$14.51	\$14.51	\$14.51	\$14.51
L4	\$28.32	\$29.01	\$29.01	\$29.01	\$29.01	\$29.01	\$29.01

For transfer of water between zones within the Mallee CMA boundary refer to the Mallee CMA document High Impact Zone and Low Impact Zone Mark II

GOULBURN-MURRAY WATER WATER REGISTRY FEES SET BY REGULATION

	Price (N	ominal \$)	2007/08 \$s					
MISCELLANEOUS FEE/CHARGE:	2006/07	,	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	
Water Share & Allocation Set By Regulation								
Application for assignment of allocation	\$65.00	· ·	· ·	*	*		*	
Application to transfer a Water Share	\$275.00	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	· ·	
Application to vary or associate a Water Share	NA		· ·	· ·				
Application to consolidate a Water Share	NA	· ·	· ·					
Application to Subdivide a Water Share	NA	\$126.00	\$126.00	\$126.00	\$126.00	\$126.00	\$126.00	
Other Water Share & Allocation								
Application to investigate ownership of Water Share	NA	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	
Purchase of Water from G-MW Water Bank	NA NA	+	\$2000.00/ML	\$2000.00/ML	\$2000.00/ML	\$2000.00/ML	\$2000.00/ML	
Land Transactions								
Change of Ownership	NA	\$59.00	\$59.00	\$59.00	\$59.00	\$59.00	\$59.00	
Application to Issue or Vary a Delivery Share	NA	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	
Application to Transfer a Delivery Share	NA	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	
Application for delivery capacity assessment	NA	\$75.00	\$75.00	\$75.00	\$75.00	\$75.00	\$75.00	
Application to Amalgamate/Subdivide Delivery Share	NA	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	\$250.00	
Application to Cease to be a serviced property	NA	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	\$150.00	
Application issue or vary a Water User Licence - Tier 1	NA	+	¥				\$350.00	
Application issue or vary a Water User Licence - Tier 2	NA	Tier 1 + \$1000.00	Tier 1 + \$1000.00	Tier 1 + \$1000.00	Tier 1 + \$1000.00	Tier 1 + \$1000.00	Tier 1 + \$1000.00	
Application issue or vary a Water User Licence - Tier 3 - Agreed price (quote)	NA	Tier 2 + \$110/hr						
Application to cancel a Water Use Entity	NA	No Charge		· ·		- +		
Application to Issue/amend/renew a Works Licence	l NA		•	9	0	0		
Application to Transfer a Works Licence	NA NA	*	*	*	*	*	*	

GOULBURN-MURRAY WATER SERVICE PRICES AND MISCELLANEOUS FEES AND CHARGES EXTERNAL PROVISION OF INFORMATION

		Price (Nominal \$)		2007/08 \$s					
MISCELLANEOUS FEE/CHARGE:	REMARKS	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	
Contour Plans & General Line Draw	ing:								
Retrieval Time	For the first 15 minutes	\$36.04	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	
	then part thereof	\$20.60	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	
Print - Plotter	Cost per Copy	\$20.60	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	
Field Note and Plan of Subdivision:									
Retrieval Time	For the first 15 minutes	\$36.04	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	
	then part thereof	\$20.60	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	
Photocopy A3/A4 Size		\$4.12	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	
Benchmark Information:									
Enquiry -									
- Telephone or Visit									
 Benchmark number supplied 	per benchmark	\$20.60	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	
Faxed Information -									
- Fax	per A4 sheet	\$4.12	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	
Survey Control Information:									
Retrieval Time	For the first 15 minutes	\$36.04	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	
	then part thereof	\$20.60	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	
Information Supplied -									
 Co-ordinates 	per A4 sheet	\$4.12	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	
 Location Sketches 	per A3 sheet	\$4.12	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	
Digital Information:									
Retrieval Time	For the first 15 minutes	\$36.04	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	
	then part thereof	\$20.60	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	
Conversion PLT to DXF -									
 Automatic conversion of plot 	per plot file	\$20.60	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	
 Manual conversion of plot 	For the first 15 minutes	\$36.04	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	
	then part thereof	\$20.60	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	
Plotting Time	per plot file	\$20.60	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	
Supply Level Information									
Retrieval Time	For the first 15 minutes	\$36.04	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	\$36.92	
	then part thereof	\$20.60	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	\$21.10	
Faxed Information	Per meter outlet supply level	\$4.12	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	
	Location sketch per A4 sheet	\$4.12	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	\$4.22	

Document Number: #2311661

These proposed prices do not allow for the Shepparton Modernisation, TCC-CG 1234 stage 3 and Foodbowl Modernisation water savings projects. It must be emphasised that the proposed 2008/09 revenue for these services should be regarded as a "holding pattern" approach, and do not represent the long term revenue requirements for sustainable service delivery. Robust revenue requirements for the remaining 4 years of the second regulatory period will be developed and resubmitted to the ESC once details of the \$1 billion FMP are more fully known.

8.2 Appendix B – Proposed Annual Percentage Changes in Revenue compared with original consultation with Water Services Committees prior to Foodbowl Modernisation Project announcement

Table 21 – 2008/09 Proposed Annual Percentage Change in Revenue compared with original consultation with WSCs prior to Foodbowl Modernisation Project announcement

	Average Annual Percentage Price Change (plus CPI)*					
Service	Originally consulted with WSCs#	Revised post Foodbowl Modernisation Project announcement				
Shepparton Gravity Irrigation	5.4%	0.0%				
Central Gravity Irrigation	1.1%	0.0%				
Rochester Gravity Irrigation	4.6%	0.0%				
Campaspe Gravity Irrigation	(4.2)%	(7.0)%				
Pyramid-Boort Gravity Irrigation	9.4%	4.6%				
Murray Valley Gravity Irrigation	3.4%	0.0%				
Torrumbarry Gravity Irrigation	7.7%	4.6%				

^{*} Note: The percentage price movement represents the change in an "average" customer bill for each service. Due to changes to components of the tariff for each service, impacts on individual customers may vary above or below this average. The percentage price movement is expressed in real terms, which means that CPI will be added to the above percentage movements.

#Represents the price path Goulburn-Murray Water would have proposed for period 2008/09-12/13 had the Foodbowl Modernisation Project not been announced.

8.3 Appendix C– Advanced Maintenance Program proposed compared with original consultation with Water Services Committees prior to Foodbowl Modernisation Project announcement

Table 22 – Advanced Maintenance Program prior to Foodbowl Modernisation Project announcement

Service	07/08	08/09 07/08\$M	09/10 07/08\$M	10/11 07/08\$M	11/12 07/08\$M	12/13 07/08\$M
Shepparton Gravity Irrigation	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.7	1.5
Central Goulburn Gravity Irrigation	4.4	3.5	3.5	2.6	2.4	2.6
Rochester Gravity Irrigation	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.6	1.6	1.6
Campaspe Gravity Irrigation	0.2	0.2	-	-	-	-
Pyramid-Boort Gravity Irrigation	0.7	8.0	0.8	1.6	1.6	1.8
Murray Valley Gravity Irrigation	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.0
Torrumbarry Gravity Irrigation	1.9	2.7	2.7	2.3	2.3	1.6
All Other Services	2.5	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.3
Total Goulburn-Murray Water	16.2	15.0	14.8	14.2	13.5	12.4

Table 23 – Advanced Maintenance Program post Foodbowl Modernisation Project announcement

Service	07/08 07/08\$M	08/09 07/08\$M	09/10 07/08\$M	10/11 07/08\$M	11/12 07/08\$M	12/13 07/08\$M
Shepparton Gravity Irrigation	1.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Central Goulburn Gravity Irrigation	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.6
Rochester Gravity Irrigation	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Campaspe Gravity Irrigation	0.2	0.2	-	-	-	-
Pyramid-Boort Gravity Irrigation	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Murray Valley Gravity Irrigation	2.6	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.6
Torrumbarry Gravity Irrigation	1.9	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
All Other Services	2.5	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1
Total Goulburn-Murray Water	13.2	8.7	8.5	8.6	8.4	8.5

8.4 Appendix D – Proposed Management Strategy to inform customers of the non-potable nature of water supplied by G-MW

The following actions form G-MW's risk management strategy to ensure customers and the general community are informed of the non-potable nature of the water supplied by G-MW:

- G-MW will develop an information statement regarding the water supplied to its customers. This statement will be on G-MW's website.
- G-MW will include the information statement in its customer newsletters.
 Customer newsletters are produced every couple of months depending on the season.
- G-MW will provide the information statement to any new customers, so that they are informed of the status of the water supplied by G-MW.
- All water taps on G-MW properties are clearly labelled with no drinking signs.
- All invoices sent to G-MW customers include the following advice Water supplied by Goulburn-Murray Water should never be considered to be fit for human consumption without being properly treated.
- G-MW undertakes water quality monitoring throughout the region, primarily focusing on salinity, nutrients and blue-green algae. Under the regional surface water monitoring partnership, all G-MW results, except BGA, are routinely made available via the data warehouse.
- G-MW notifies relevant Urban Water Authorities and any other special or at risk water users, whenever G-MW staff intend to apply any herbicides to vegetation adjacent to channels used to supply urban water authorities.
- G-MW assesses land use and development applications to ensure that the potential impacts on water quality are managed.
- G-MW continues to align its activities with those of its catchment partners to minimise the impact on its operations
- G-MW is developing ecological and hydraulic models of its storages to understand how they function under a range of environmental conditions.
- G-MW uses its EMS procedures to manage any environmental incidents that
 occur in the region whether related to the action of G-MW or others. In
 addition, G-MW is a party to regional multi-agency response framework in the
 Goulburn Broken, North East and North Central regions.
- G-MW has developed and implemented houseboat license agreements for both commercial and individual houseboat operators which clearly state "water taken from Lake Eildon is not suitable for human consumption either directly or indirectly without first being properly treated".
- Whenever ownership of G-MW leases and licenses is transferred, G-MW provides an information package to the new lease or license holder, which clearly state "water taken from the storage is not suitable for human consumption either directly or indirectly without first being properly treated".
- G-MW continues to liaise with DHS, local councils and other catchment partners about the water supplied by G-MW.

8.5 Appendix E - Submissions to draft 2008 Water Plan received from regulators

8.5.1 Department of Sustainability and Environment

30 August 2007

Russell Cooper Goulburn-Murray Water 40 Casey Street TATURA VIC 3616

Dear Russell.

Thank you for submitting your Corporation's draft 2008 Water Plan to the Department of Sustainability and Environment.

Your Plan has been reviewed by officers of the relevant policy areas within the Office of Water and overall addresses the key areas relating to the performance of the Corporation's functions and the obligations in the Corporation's Statement of Obligations.

General Comments

It is noted that a number of requirements have not been expressly articulated in the draft Water Plan. These are set out below. If the Corporation considers them to be business as usual, this should be articulated somewhere in the Plan. If this is not the case, you may wish to consider if the requirements should be included in the final Water Plan and/or raised in discussion with the Essential Services Commission in its review of the final Water Plan.

Drought Response and Contingency Planning

Please identify:

- cost implications in updating drought response plans;
- costs associated with statutory approval processes in relation to drought contingency actions, including any environmental assessments;
- provision for, or the identification of the probability for, the purchase of temporary water on water markets as part of drought contingency actions;
- costs associated with implementation of augmentation works (both for short term augmentation of supplies as part of drought contingency plans and for long term system augmentations) and with applying for bulk entitlements or amendments to bulk entitlements; and
- general costs for compliance with regulations and auditing of systems for this – a specific example auditing compliance with the Statement of Obligations.

River Health

Where schedules of projects and expenditure relating to the environment are provided, indicate whether this is to meet EPA license obligations or to address departmental river health issues.

In addition, please identify:

- projects and costs to monitor the business's obligations under relevant Regional River Health Strategies;
- costs to participate in the next review of Regional River Health Strategies;
- costs to meter off-takes and harvesting points, as well as to monitor impacts at these points; and
- costs to comply with river health requirements in bulk entitlement orders.

Groundwater metering

Please include:

- costs to facilitate the development and implementation of Groundwater Management Plans in all groundwater management areas or water supply protection areas. The Department anticipates these costs are likely to be a significant resource and financial commitment; and
- costs and programs to meet the proposed national standards for water metering that are being developed as part of the National Water Initiative.

Terrorism Act

All water corporations were recently declared as essential service operators under the Terrorism (Community Protection) Act 2003. If it has not already done so, your Corporation may need to consider the implications of this on the operations of the business and consider including this in your final Water Plan. It is recognised that you have had little time to consider the ramifications of the declaration. We will work with the water corporations to agree the most effective way of meeting the requirements of the legislation.

Specific issues with the Corporation's draft Water Plan

Please also consider for inclusion in your final Water Plan the following;

Groundwater

Greater detail on metering obligations and the associated costs;

Rural Systems Efficiency

 Clarification that the program of works will enable the meeting of the target for increased irrigation efficiency as announced in the White Paper;
 and

River Health

 Clarification that the responsibility for the provision of fish passage ways is the responsibility of the corporation where existing infrastructure is reconfigured.

The Department proposes to brief the Minister for Water and provide you a formal response by 7 September 2007. I would appreciate receiving any response as to how your Corporation proposes to address the above issues by close of business on Tuesday 4 September 2007. I apologise for the short time but due to the truncated public consultation period this is unavoidable. Please contact David Sheehan on 9637 9197 should you wish to discuss any aspect of this letter.

Yours sincerely

Allan McPherson

Acting Executive Director, Water Industry

Office of Water

8.5.2 Environment Protection Authority

Our Ref: SU004238

Mr Ian Hatton Manager Financial Planning & Regulation Goulburn-Murray Water 40 Casey Street TATURA VIC 3616

Dear Mr Hatton

DRAFT WATER PLAN

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comment on your Draft Water Plan for the Essential Services Commission pricing review 2008-2013.

As you are aware, environmental obligations for water businesses are set out in the paper Principles to establish EPA environmental obligations for water businesses for the 2008-2013 pricing determination.

The water plan provides an opportunity to reduce environmental impacts whilst delivering economic benefits to your water business through increased resource efficiency. Careful planning for protection of the environment will reduce future risks and costs to water businesses.

Overall the draft plan has addressed the required obligations. However, I suggest that further work be undertaken on the plan to ensure you include some key environmental projects being undertaken by your water business and address some outstanding obligations.

Specifically, EPA is pleased to see the following items in the Draft Water Plan: Water Conservation and Resource Efficiency

EPA supports Goulburn-Murray Water's Loss Management Program and suggests an expenditure figure be included in the Water Plan.

EPA supports the Watertight 2020 initiative to generate water savings of 400,000ML by 2020 and recognizes it will likely be rolled into the Foodbowl Modernisation Project (FMP). EPA suggests an expenditure figure be included in the Water Plan. EPA supports Goulburn-Murray Water's System Reconfiguration program and the role it is expected to play in the FMP.

Management of greenhouse gas emissions

EPA notes Goulburn-Murray Water's involvement in developing an agreed Victorian Water Industry Greenhouse Gas Management Framework, and supports the suggested projects being considered to avoid, reduce and offset greenhouse gas emissions.



ης City Road South bank Victoria GPD Resigning Open and sourced by 1969, 1760 has by 1996 αυτο ΔΙΑΓΚΕ 1999 have be 2500 the 2500 the Problem.

Wheelefter Annual South Description is a superfective of the Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem) in the Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem (Problem City Problem City Pr



l'innlad an veryane peper

Catchment, Waterway and Groundwater Management Nanagement and auditing of Irrigation discharges

EPA notes Goulburn-Murray Water's commitment to work with catchment partners to minimise the impact of irrigation drainage on waterways, improve drainage management and monitor drainage water quality through the Irrigation Drainage Memorandum of Understanding (MoU). EPA supports this MoU and understands signatories are working to secure external investment, and suggests expenditure for this work is included in the Water Plan.

Provisions and auditing of environmental flows

EPA notes Goulburn-Murray Water will appoint an Independent auditor to verify its compliance with its bulk entitlement obligations and will continue to work with DSE and CMAs to explore opportunities to measure and improve the effectiveness of environmental flows in protecting ecology. EPA supports this work, however suggests Goulburn-Murray Water Include expenditure in their Water Plan for the obligation to assess the effectiveness of environment flows as outlined in the EPA obligations paper.

Waterway management obligations

EPA notes Goulbum-Murray Water's continued participation in DSE's Cold Water Monitoring Program at selected storages to determine the extent of any thermal effects of the dam and associated structures on the downstream regimes. EPA supports this program and suggests an expenditure figure be included in the water plan.

EPA supports Goulburn-Murray Water continuing to work with CMAs to provide both strategic and technical input to the development of the CMAs Regional Catchment Strategies, and suggests an expenditure figure be included in the Water Plan.

Releases from storages

EPA notes Goulburn-Murray Water's Major Storages Operational Monitoring Network and its role in monitoring the impacts of storage rolesses. EPA supports this and suggests an expenditure figure be included in the Water Plan.

Groundwater management provisions

EPA notes Goulburn-Murray Water's commitment to incorporating the development of groundwater management plans into the Regional Catchment Strategies and the allocation of funding from proponent application fees for the issue of new groundwater licenses and planning referrals. EPA supports this and suggests an expenditure figure expected to be allocated from application fees to be included in the Water Plan.

Saline discharges to surface waters and groundwaters

EPA supports Goulburn-Murray Water continuing to work in accordance with the Murray Darling Basin Agreement, and with its catchment partners to develop additional rules, guidelines and considerations for saline discharges to channels,

- 109 –

drains and waterways. EPA suggests an expenditure figure for this work be included in the Water Plan.

Assessment, Monitoring, Auditing, and Reporting

EPA notes Goulburn-Murray Water's input provided to the Victorian Water Quality Monitoring Network. EPA supports this and suggests an excenditure figure be included in the water plan.

EPA supports Goulburn-Murray Water's project with the Cooperation Research Centre for Imigation Futures to review their sustainability reporting and deliver a Global Reporting Initiative compliant triple bottom line report. EPA suggest Goulburn-Murray Water include an expenditure figure for this project in their Water Plan.

EPA notes and supports Goulburn-Murray Water's Diversions Metering Program

EPA notes that the FMP has the potential to produce significant environmental gains. To provide a sound understanding and knowledge of these and other implementation benefits produced, as well as providing transparency across communities, businesses and government, EPA suggests that Goulburn-Murray Water look to incorporate an auditing program into the FMP.

Further, specific comments are as follows:

Catchment, Waterway and Groundwater Management Provisions and auditing of environmental flows

EPA notes Goulburn-Murray Water anticipates that the Investment for provision of works to improve fish movement, the minimisation of environmental risks from water releases and offtakes for environmental flows will be provided by Catchment Management Authorities' (CMAs). EPA suggests Goulburn-Murray Water Include funding in their Water Plan for assisting CMAs in implementation.

EPA looks forward to working collaboratively with Goulburn-Murray Water to ensure the Victorian community is living sustainably. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact your regional client manager, Cathryn Marum on 5720 1111 or Stephen Lansdell in the Water and Catchment Unit on 9695 2629.

Yours singerely

MICK BOURKE CHAIRMAN

® /. ∰/2007

co: Sean Crees, ESC; Jan Bowman, DHS; Philip Reed, DSE.

8.5.3 Department of Human Services



Department of Human Services

Incorporating: Health, Children, Community Services, Aged Care and Housing



Mr Russell Cooper Director & Chief Executive Officer Goulburn - Murray Water PO Box 165

3616

TATURA VIC

Dear Mr Cooper,

Re: Draft 2008 Water Plan

Thank you for providing a copy of your Draft 2008 Water Plan to the Department of Human Services for comment.

Following assessment of your Plan, the Department considers that the Draft does not fully describe your obligations under the Safe Drinking Water Act 2003.

The information provided in relation to Water Quality Obligations in section 3.2.3 of the Draft Plan is noted and appreciated. We request that you also disclose in detail your risk management activities over the regulatory period in relation to ensuring that your customers and entitlement holders are aware of the non-potable nature of the water supplied by your business or for which you manage the entitlement process. This would apply to any water from your regulated systems, unregulated surface water systems and groundwater systems and would apply to any customer, from large rural holdings to small residential blocks, syndicates, bodies corporate and non-residential customers. This information can be included in an expanded section 3.2.3 of your Plan.

If you require further information please contact your liaison officer, Brian Labza, on (03) 9096 5088.

Yours sincerely

Jan Bowman Assistant Director Environmental Health

 A/Director Regulation (Water), Essential Services Commission Manager Governance, Dept of Sustainability and Environment



50 Lonsdale Street

Facsimile: 1300 785 859 ADD / 07 / 24544

> Our Ref: Your Ref:

GPO Box 4057 Melbourne Victoria 3001 DX210081 www.dhs.vic.gov.au Telephone: 1300 650 172

8.5.4 Goulburn Broken Catchment Management Authority

17th September 2007



Mr Ian Hatton Goulburn-Murray Water PO Box 165 Tatura VIC 3616





www.gbcma.vic.gov.au

Dear lan.

Goulburn-Murray Water Draft 2008 Water Plan

The G-MW Draft 2008 Water Plan provides comments on a range of areas relevant to the Goulburn Broken CMA.

In general, the GB CMA supports these commitments. However I would like to make some specific comments.

Under the River and Aquifer Health section:

- The statement that improved fish movement, the minimisation of environmental risks from water releases and offtakes for environmental flows will be funded by CMA's ignores G-MW's responsibilities under section 24.2 of G-MW's statement of obligations. Funding needs to be allowed in the Water Plan to meet these obligations.
- 2. The commitment to work with CMAs to ensure flows are managed efficiently to meet consumptive needs and maintaining environmental values is welcomed. G-MW should continue to look to maximise environmental values where possible.

Under the Monitoring River Health section:

3. Under section 24.4 of G-MW's statement of obligations, G-MW is required to develop and implement plans and programs to manage the environmental impacts of its activities on the system. The proposal in the water plan to develop an effective monitoring plan (and not implement it until the second regulatory period) does not meet this obligation. Funding should be allowed in the current plan period to develop and implement such plans and programs.

Under the Provision & Auditing of Environmental Flows section:

The commitment to work with CMAs to explore opportunities to measure and improve the effectiveness of environmental flows by adjusting system operation is welcomed. This will be important in both regulated and unregulated supply system.

Head Office: Shepparton 168 Welsford Street, PO Box 1752, Shepparton Vic. 3632 Telephone: (03) 5820 1100. Facsimile: (03) 5831 6254

Tatura
Ferguson Road,
Private Bag 1,
Tatura, Vic. 3616
Telephone: (03) 5833 5222
Facsimile: (03) 5833 5971

Benalla 89 Sydney Road, PO Box 124, Benalla, Vic. 3672

Yea 5/10 High Street, Yea, Vic. 3717 Telephone: (03) 5736 0100 Facsimile: (03) 5797 3199

ABN 89 184 039 72

Yours sincerely

W. J. WKane Chief Executive



www.gbcma.vic.gov.au

Head Office:

Shepparton 168 Welsford Street,

PO Box 1752, Shepparton Vic. 3632 Telephone: (03) 5820 1100 Facsimile: (03) 5831 6254

Ferguson Road, Private Bag 1, Tatura, Vic. 3616 Telephone: (03) 5833 5222 Facsimile: (03) 5833 5971

Benalla

89 Sydney Road, PO Box 124, Benalla, Vic. 3672

Yea

Yea 5/10 High Street, Yea, Vic. 3717 Telephone: (03) 5736 0100 Facsimile: (03) 5797 3199

8.5.5 North Central Catchment Management Authority



PO Box 18 (628-634 Midland Highway) Huntly Victoria 3551 t: (03) 5448 7124 f: (03) 5448 7148 e: Info@ncoma.vic.gov.au www.ncoma.vic.gov.au ABN: 739 3705 8422

21 September 2007

Mr Ian Hatton Goulburn-Murray Water PO Box 165 Tatura 3616

Dear Ian.

Comments on the Goulburn-Murray Water's 2008 Draft Water Plan

Thank you for the opportunity to have input into the development of the Goulburn Murray Water's (G-MW) Corporation's Draft 2008 Water Plan.

Goulburn-Murray Water and the North Central CMA undertake activities within the Campaspe and Loddon river basins which influence natural resource management outcomes. Among other responsibilities, our role within the area is to undertake projects in waterway management, water quality management, environmental water reserve management, floodplain and regional drainage management, and salinity management. The proposed Water Plan and its associated water and waterway management activities are of interest in this regard.

The North Central CMA seeks that Water Plans have comprehensive and detailed planning in relation to the Statement of Obligations (SoO) issued to Water Corporations by the then Minister for Water, Environment and Climate Change under the Water Industry Act 1994. The following specific comments are focused on the SoO:

· River Health and Aquifer Health (SoO No. 24)

- o Infrastructure improvements, capital works and G-MW's management practices over the plan period, potentially impact upon river health and environmental flows of waterways. As the caretaker of river health and manager of the environmental water reserve, we are concerned with the potential impact upon environmental flows of these works or any changes to waterway management. We consider that any works completed or changes to the management of the waterways, must incorporate the existing environmental flow recommendations for the waterway. If the effects of these works on environmental flows are not known, then research is required as part of the planning process. Any additional cost to manage environmental flows or to complete the required research needs to be factored into any capital works project. It is unclear if this has been captured in your plan.
- o Under the plan, G-MW will work with CMA's and the Department of Sustainability and Environment to improve fish passage, minimise the environmental impact of water storage releases and manage environmental flows. The plan states the funding for these activities will be provided by the CMA's. Under the SoO's, when G-MW constructs or completes many major works on a dam or waterway structure, it is responsible to ensure that these obligations are meet. The North Central CMA will not necessarily fund G-MW's works. Each project will be considered on its merits against our Regional Catchment Strategy and River Health Strategy and funding



PO Box 18 (628-634 Midland Highway) Huntity Victoria 3551 t: (03) 5448 7124 f: (03) 5448 7148 e: Info@ncoma.vic.gov.au www.ncoma.vic.gov.au ABN: 739 3705 8422

may be provided based upon our mutual priorities and level of funding that we have available.

- Under the plan, G-MW is committed to the operation of the water systems to meet obligations for contingent and minimum environmental flows. Critical components of environmental flows are high flows in the summer period and the entire flow recommendations for the system must be considered in the operation of the water systems.
- G-MW will undertake a major reconfiguration program to fulfil its obligations from the Victorian Water Reform package. This is a major project and it is not clear from the plan how the environmental impacts of the project will be managed and the environmental SoO's will be met. More details would be beneficial.

Responding to drought (SoO No. 18)

 The water plans states that G-MW will prioritise water from a societal perspective during difficult drought times. Consideration of the reprioritisation of water should be in consultation with the North Central CMA as the Environmental Water Resource manager. At present the plan only identifies consultation with urban Water Corporations.

. Monitoring River Health (SoO No. 25)

 G-MW proposes to develop an effective monitoring or benchmarking process to allow the management of its impacts on the system. However, the plan anticipates that this will not be implemented until the second regulatory period. North Central CMA considers that this does not meet the requirements of the SoO and this process should be costed and implemented in the current plan period.

We wish to once again thank you for the opportunity to comment on your proposed Water Plan and trust our comments prove to be constructive. Please do not hesitate to contact me on 03 54487124 if these comments require clarification or if we can be of any further assistance.

Yours sincerely.

Brad Drust

NRM Manager – River Health

8.6 Appendix F - Forecast volume assumption for key water services

Delivery/Capacity/Extraction Share Irrigation (selivery share) Shepparton ML/Day 1,819.49 1,819.49 1,819.49 3,951.19	Goulburn-Murray Water Forecast Volumes in Key Services							
Irrigation (delivery share) NL/Day 1,819,49 1,819,49 1,819,49 1,819,49 3,951,19 3,9	Key Services	Unit	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	
Shepparton ML/Day 1,819.49 1,819.49 1,819.49 1,819.49 1,819.49 3,951.19	Delivery/Capacity/Extraction Share							
Central Goulburn MIL/Day 3,951.19 3,951.19 3,951.19 3,951.19 3,951.19 3,951.19 3,951.19 3,951.19 3,951.19 3,951.19 2,057.17 2,	Irrigation (delivery share)							
Rochester	Shepparton			1,819.49	1,819.49		1,819.49	
Campaspe								
Pyramid Boort ML/Day 2,230.81 2,230.								
Murray Valley ML/Day 2,746.86 2,746.86 2,746.86 2,746.86 2,746.86 2,746.86 2,746.86 2,746.86 2,746.86 2,746.86 2,746.86 3,477.60								
Torrumbarry ML/Day 3,477.60 3,477.60 3,477.60 3,477.60 295.00								
Woorinen ML/Day 295.00								
Nyah Tresco			· '			,		
Tresco ML/Day 94.73 94.7								
Domestic & Stock (capacity share) Tungamah KL/Day 3,399 3,39								
Tungamah Normanville	Tresco	ML/Day	94.73	94.73	94.73	94.73	94.73	
Normanville	Domestic & Stock (capacity share)							
Regulated Diversions (extraction share)	Tungamah	KL/Day	3,399	3,399	3,399	3,399	3,399	
Murray Regulated Goulburn Regulated ML/Day ML/Day 1,027.87 1,027.87 1,069.36 1,027.87 1,069.36 1,027.87 1,069.36 1,027.87 1,069.36 1,027.87 1,069.36 1,027.87 1,069.36 1,027.87 1,069.36 1,027.87 1,069.36 1,027.87 1,069.36 26.26 45,266 45,266 45,266 45,266 45,266 45,266 45,266 45,266 45,266 <t< td=""><td>Normanville</td><td>KL/Day</td><td>2,220</td><td>2,220</td><td>2,220</td><td>2,220</td><td>2,220</td></t<>	Normanville	KL/Day	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	
Water Entitlement ML/Day 1,069.36 2,06 2,266 45,266	Regulated Diversions (extraction share)							
Water Entitlement Unregulated and Groundwater Diversions ML ent 45,266							1,027.87	
Unregulated and Groundwater Diversions	Goulburn Regulated	ML/Day	1,069.36	1,069.36	1,069.36	1,069.36	1,069.36	
Murray Unregulated Goulburn Unregulated Groundwater ML ent ML ent ML ent 45,266 38,938 428,478 Water Delivered Irrigation ML used 156,151 394,168 3								
Goulburn Unregulated Groundwater ML ent ML ent 38,938 428,478 428,478 <th< td=""><td>S .</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	S .							
Water Delivered ML used 156,151								
Water Delivered Irrigation ML used 156,151 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>,</td> <td></td>					,	,		
Irrigation Shepparton ML used 156,151	Groundwater	ML ent	428,478	428,478	428,478	428,478	428,478	
Shepparton ML used 156,151								
Central Goulburn ML used 394,168 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,419 208,619 200,00 293,629 369,629 369,629 403,629 403,629 403,629		1			.==.	.==.		
Rochester Campaspe ML used ML used 208,419 26,300 208,419 215,517 215,517 215,517			, -			, -	, -	
Campaspe ML used 26,300 215,517							,	
Pyramid Boort Murray Valley ML used ML used 215,517 281,629 215,517 281,629 215,517 293,629 215,517 369,629 215,517 369,629 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>								
Murray Valley ML used 281,629 281,629 293,629 369,629 403,629 Torrumbarry ML used 367,432 367,432 377,432 460,432 502,432 Woorinen ML used 9,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 9,000 Nyah ML used 6,204 6,204 6,204 6,204 6,204 Tresco ML used 6,250 6,250 6,250 6,250 6,250 Domestic & Stock Tungamah ML used 843 843 843 843					,	,		
Torrumbarry								
Woorinen ML used Nyah 9,000							,	
Nyah ML used Tresco 6,204 ML used 6,204 6,250 6,250 6,250								
Tresco ML used 6,250								
Tungamah ML used 843 843 843 843 843								
Tungamah ML used 843 843 843 843 843	Domestic & Stock							
		ML used	843	843	843	843	843	
	Normanville	ML used	558	558	558	558	558	

8.7 Appendix G - Forecast Bank Balance by service

Bank levels for districts in deficit

Service Description	June 2 Forecast Balance	2006 Actual Balance	Principal Debt Repayment 06/07 - 07/08	Interest on Debt 06/07 - 07/08	Debt June 2008 Balance (Principal)	Principal Debt Repayment 08/09 - 12/13	Interest on Debt 08/09 - 12/13	June 2013 Balance (Principal)
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Shared Assets - Eildon Outlet Tower	(626.9)	(679.5)	18.7	64.7	(660.8)	61.7	162.5	(599.1)
Eppalock Butterfly Valve	(404.5)	(310.4)		41.8	(298.3)	27.8	73.4	(270.5)
Shared Assets - Cairn Curran Service Gate	(61.2)	(31.8)		6.3	(30.0)	2.8	7.4	(27.2)
Shared Assets - Cairn Curran Outlet Tower	(147.7)	(144.7)		15.2	(140.3)	13.1	34.5	(127.2)
Central Goulburn Offtakes & Regulators	(96.8)	(61.4)		10.0	(58.5)	5.5	14.4	(53.1)
Kow Swamp Works	(795.9)	(786.6)		82.2	(762.8)	71.2	187.6	(691.6)
Waranga West Channel (East)	(1,277.0)	(1,084.9)		127.6	(878.5)	507.6	174.8	(371.0)
Waranga West Channel (West)	(4,666.6)	(3,023.2)		481.8	(2,883.9)	269.1	709.3	(2,614.8)
Little Murray Weir	(23.4)	(21.1)	3.8	2.3	(17.3)	10.0	3.4	(7.3)
Shepparton Gravity Irrigation	(8,253.8)	(8,514.9)	1,334.0	824.6	(7,180.9)	4,148.7	1,429.0	(3,032.2)
Central Goulburn Gravity Irrigation	(6,649.4)	(5,805.0)	1,074.7	664.3	(4,730.3)	2,732.9	941.3	(1,997.4)
Campaspe Subsurface Drainage	(84.2)	(97.7)	7.9	8.6	(89.8)	27.9	20.2	(61.9)
Woorinen Pumped Irrigation	(15,561.0)	(16,015.0)	37.9	1,617.4	(15,977.1)	122.7	4,062.3	(15,854.4)
Normanville Domestic & Stock	(3,632.7)	(3,712.5)	8.9	377.6	(3,703.6)	28.5	941.7	(3,675.2)
Campaspe Basin	(215.7)	(65.0)	34.9	21.5	(30.1)	17.4	6.0	(12.7)
Goulburn Basin Resource Manager	(13.9)	(12.5)	13.9	1.1	· - ·	-	-	-
Goulburn Unregulated Diversions	(497.9)	(257.2)	80.5	49.7	(176.7)	102.1	35.2	(74.6)
Groundwater - Other Intensive Management	(193.1)	(65.9)	31.2	19.3	(34.7)	20.0	6.0	(14.6)
Groundwater - Shepparton Intensive Management	(19.7)	(132.3)	3.2	2.0	(129.1)	74.6	25.7	(54.5)
Loch Garry Flood Protection District	(195.0)	(222.2)	72.1	18.5	(150.1)	150.1	15.6	-
Lake Charm Outfall Channel	(6.1)	(11.3)	6.1	0.5	(5.2)	-	-	(5.2)
Waranga Major Channel & Outlet (1)	(469.6)	11.4	14.0	48.5	n/a			
East Loddon Domestic & Stock (1)	(86.8)	53.0	14.0	8.7	n/a			
Campaspe Basin Resource Manager (1)	(27.1)	10.5	4.4	2.7	n/a			
Murray Unregulated Diversions (1)	(189.8)	165.0	30.7	19.0	n/a			
Rochester & Campaspe Community Surface Drainage	(0.1)	-	0.1	-	n/a			
Rochester Subsurface Drainage (1)	(3.6)	36.1	3.6	-	n/a			
Broken Basin Resource Manager (1)	(0.4)	5.0	0.4	-	n/a			
Loddon Basin Resource Manager (1)	(0.4)	10.8	0.4	-	n/a			
Bullarook Basin Resource Manager (1)	(0.1)	2.9	0.1	-	n/a			
Total	(44,200.4)	(40,760.3)	3,186.0	4,515.7	(37,938.1)	8,393.5	8,850.2	(29,544.5)

Notes

⁽¹⁾ Bank Balances transferred to surplus worksheet

Bank levels for districts in surplus

	June 2	2006				(2)	(3)		
Service Description	Forecast Balance	Actual Balance	Surplus Return 06/07 - 07/08	Interest 06/07 - 07/08	June 2008 Balance	Surplus Return 08/09 - 12/13	Interest Return 08/09 - 12/13	Interest Added to Bank	June 2013 Balance
MDBC Contributions	\$'000 9,620.9	\$'000 9,848.0	\$'000 2,516.2	\$'000 918.3	\$'000 8,250.1	\$'000 5,156.3	\$'000 1,446.3	\$'000	\$'000 3,093.8
		9,848.0			8,250.1 27.8	5,156.3			
Shared Assets - William Hovell Outlet Conduit	33.4		8.8	3.1	27.8 370.0		4.9		10.4
Shared Assets - Eildon Outlet Conduit	383.1	429.7	100.2	40.5		233.6	61.7		136.4
East Goulburn Main Channel	544.2	637.5	371.6	47.7	313.6	313.6	10.0		-
East Goulburn Main Offtake	71.2	67.1	18.6	6.1	54.6	54.6	2.2		-
Murray Valley Gravity Irrigation	4,054.4	4,196.9	4,373.3	191.3	14.9	14.9	1.1		-
Murray Valley Community Surface Drainage	1.6	.							
Murray Valley Surface Drainage	1,990.3	2,218.1	758.3	197.0	1,656.8	1,507.3	207.0		149.5
Murray Valley Subsurface Drainage	277.0	312.4	105.0	27.8	235.2	232.1	35.5		3.1
Shepparton Primary Surface Drainage	788.4	1,275.4	399.3	115.0	991.1	991.1	124.1		:
Shepparton Subsurface Drainage	578.9	608.7	185.4	55.1	478.4	300.5	83.3		177.9
Central Goulburn Community Surface Drainage	59.4	-	-	-	-	-	-		.
Central Goulburn Primary Surface Drainage	1,688.4	2,183.9	297.0	215.5	2,102.4	1,157.5	381.5		944.9
Central Goulburn Subsurface Drainage	767.3	759.4	258.3	67.6	568.7	568.7	59.7		-
Rochester Gravity Irrigation	6,905.1	6,627.8	3,482.7	504.3	3,649.4	3,649.4	130.2		-
Rochester & Campaspe Surface Drainage	324.8	414.5	350.3	24.6	88.8	88.8	2.3		-
Pyramid-Boort Gravity Irrigation	869.4	937.3	937.8	38.0	37.5	37.5	1.0		-
Pyramid-Boort Surface Drainage	271.6	300.1	71.0	28.3	257.4	160.9	45.1		96.5
Torrumbarry Gravity Irrigation	2,629.4	2,375.6	2,600.1	114.4	(110.1)	(110.1)	-		-
Torrumbarry Surface Drainage	783.6	815.0	256.7	72.1	630.4	394.0	110.5		236.4
Tyntynder Surface Drainage	768.5	932.9	250.4	86.4	768.9	454.9	138.1		314.0
Campaspe Gravity Irrigation	2,800.2	2,656.9	228.3	272.1	2,700.7	677.7	_	581.8	2,604.8
Woorinen Subsurface Drainage	370.1	441.5	114.8	41.1	367.8	229.2	60.0		138.6
Nyah Pumped Irrigation	459.4	521.6	495.5	38.4	64.5	64.5	2.2		-
Nyah Subsurface Drainage	339.2	322.8	98.4	29.6	254.0	188.8	36.6		65.2
Tresco Pumped Irrigation	766.6	865.9	755.6	36.8	147.1	147.1	10.7		-
Tresco Subsurface Drainage	392.5	406.9	102.6	38.0	342.3	213.9	60.0		128.4
West Loddon Domestic & Stock	62.9	54.0	66.2	1.1	(11.1)	(11.1)	-		-
Broken Basin	638.7	748.5	688.9	56.4	116.0	116.0	3.0		_
Goulburn Basin	3.941.8	4.855.4	4,251.9	310.3	913.8	913.8	23.3		_
Loddon Basin	1,103.6	2,000.8	1,190.4	119.0	929.4	929.4	23.7		_
Bullarook Basin	1,079.5	1,120.9	560.0	88.7	649.6	649.6	41.2		_
Murray Basin	742.4	1,130.4	254.2	107.3	983.5	614.7	172.4		368.8
Ovens Basin	1,040.6	909.5	85.7	90.7	914.5	914.5	23.3		500.0
Murray Basin Resource Manager	214.8	415.5	56.2	41.4	400.7	250.4	70.2		150.3
Kiewa Basin Resource Manager	3.7	12.8	1.0	1.4	13.2	8.3	2.3		4.9
Murray Regulated Diversions	982.8	1,323.6	457.0	117.2	983.8	983.8	91.5		4.5
Goulburn Regulated Diversions	2,257.9	2,653.0	590.6	252.0	2,314.4	1,446.5	405.7		867.9
Groundwater Base Surface	232.6	679.8	244.7	53.1	488.2	488.2	12.4		007.5
Salinity Operations - Mildura/Merbein Interception Works	1,174.2	1.115.9	244.7 273.9	98.1	488.2 940.1	488.2 940.1	12.4 44.9		-
Salinity Operations - Mindula/Merbelli Interception Works Salinity Operations - Mineral Reserve Basin Scheme			273.9	6.3	940.1 55.0	34.4	9.6		20.6
Salinity Operations - Wilheral Reserve Basin Scheme Salinity Operations - Woorinen	79.7	69.5							20.6
	93.7	88.4	24.6	8.2	72.0	72.0	1.8		40.0
Rochester Subsurface Drainage (1)		36.1	-	3.9	40.0	-	10.2		40.0
Broken Basin Resource Manager (1)		5.0	-	0.6	5.6	3.5	1.0		2.1
Loddon Basin Resource Manager (1)		10.8	-	1.2	12.0	7.5	2.1		4.5
Bullarook Basin Resource Manager (1)		2.9	-	0.4	3.3	2.1	0.6		1.2
Waranga Major Channel & Outlet (1)		11.4	-	-	73.9	55.7	9.1		18.2
Murray Unregulated Diversions (1)		53.0	-	-	214.6	134.1	37.6		80.5
East Loddon Domestic & Stock (1)		10.5	-	-	75.7	47.3	13.3		28.4
Campaspe Basin Resource Manager (1)		165.0	-	-	17.6	11.0	3.1		6.6
Total (4)	52,187.8	57,662.1	27,902.3	4,566.4	34,468.1	25,356.0	4,016.5	581.8	9,693.9

Notes
(1) Bank Balance transferred from deficit worksheet
(2) Returned to customers via capital contributions and direct to price
(3) Returned to customers directly to price
(4) Excludes Tungamah Domestic & Stock

8.8 Appendix H - 2006/07 Revenue Variations

Service Description	Variations in Revenue (\$000's)
Murray Valley Gravity Irrigation	(493.3)
Murray Valley CSD	0.0
Murray Valley Primary Surface Drainage	(112.7)
Murray Valley Sub Surface Drainage	(25.3)
Shepparton Gravity Irrigation	(916.9)
Shepparton CSD	0.0
Shepparton Primary Surface Drainage	(264.4)
Shepparton Sub Surface Drainage	(1.6)
Central Goulburn Gravity Irrigation	(1,462.7)
Central Goulburn CSD	(8.1)
Central Goulburn Primary Surface Drainage	(398.4)
Central Goulburn Sub Surface Drainage	(337.7)
Rochester Gravity Irrigation	(198.0)
Rochester Campaspe CSD	(0.0)
Rochester Campaspe Primary Surface Drainage	(238.2)
Rochester Sub Surface Drainage	(56.4)
Pyramid Boort Gravity Irrigation	(944.3)
Pyramid Boort CSD	0.0
Pyramid Boort Primary Surface Drainage	(15.1)
Torrumbarry Gravity Irrigation	(1,412.8)
Torrumbarry CSD	0.0
Torrumbarry Primary Surface Drainage	(197.6)
Tyntynder Primary Surface Drainage	(25.4)
Campaspe Gravity Irrigation	(174.1)
Campaspe West Sub Surface Drainage	(44.0)
Woorinen Pumped Irrigation	(53.3)
Woorinen Sub Surface Drainage	(3.9)
Nyah Pumped Irrigation	(7.8)
Nyah Sub Surface Drainage	(25.5)
Tresco Pumped Irrigation	14.7
Tresco Sub Surface Drainage	2.3
Tungamah Domestic & Stock	(20.1)
Normanville Domestic & Stock	(20.0)
East Loddon Domestic & Stock	(1.4)
West Loddon Domestic & Stock	(2.6)
Broken System	0.1
Goulburn System	(388.3)
Campaspe System	(44.7)
Loddon System	(36.2)
Bullarook System	(123.2)
Murray System	283.4
Ovens/King System	(1.1)
Murray River Regulated Diversions	(137.2)
Goulburn River Regulated Diversions	0.8
Murray River Unregulated Diversions	16.9
Goulburn River Unregulated Diversions	(1.5)
Spring Hill Groundwater	0.3
Katunga Groundwater	0.0
Shepparton Groundwater	(18.2)
Other Groundwater	(46.2)
Loch Garry Flood Protection District	1.6
Total	(7,938.3)

8.9 Appendix I - Foodbowl Modernisation Project Fact Sheet

Food Bowl Modernisation Project Fact Sheet

The Goulburn Murray region is Australia's most important irrigation area, with the Goulburn Valley accounting for well over one quarter of Victoria's agricultural output.

As part of the next stage of the Government's Our Water Our Future plan, the Food Bowl Modernisation Project provides a once-off historic opportunity to ensure the future prosperity of the region through significant new investment in modernising ageing infrastructure to create a genuinely world class irrigation system – a one-in-a-hundred years reform.

Modernising the Food Bowl will take up to eight years to complete and will involve a total investment of up to \$2 billion.

The Victorian Government is now commencing the first stage of Modernising Victoria's Food Bowl through a \$1 billion project that will save up to 225 billion litres per year.

Stage One

Up to 900 billion litres of water in the Goulburn and Murray intgation systems is currently lost through leaks, evaporation and other inefficiencies. This translates to around one quarter of Lake Bildon's capacity.

It is estimated that around half this water – 450 billion litres – can be captured through modernising infrastructure.

The first stage of the project will secure savings of up to 225 billion litres annually, with the second stage to capture the remaining 225 billion litres.

Investing in the Food Bowl

\$1 billion has been committed for the first stage of the project, with \$600 million coming from the State Government. Water authorities associated with this project will fund the balance of the first stage.

This \$1 billion upgrade to generate up to 225 billion litras which includes the delivery of water for Melbourne is not subject to Commonwealth funding.

Further modernisation of irrigation infrastructure in the Goulburn Murray region provides a unique opportunity for the State and Commonwealth to combine resources to deliver water savings beyond the first 225 billion litres.

Find out in one For further information on the Food Bowl Modernheid on Project or other project in the next stage of the Government's Our Water

Government's Our Water Our Future plan please visit seven oursettenvic gov. su or cell 135 185.

Community information sessions will be held at a range of bostions shortly. Visit the above website for data?

Food Bowl Modernisation Project



Our Water Our Future - The next stage of the Government's water plan

Water scarcity is a key challenge of climate change – which is why the Victorian Government is continuing to deliver a secure, reliable and affordable water supply to meet current and future water needs.

The next stage of the Victorian Government's Our Water Our Future plan will see \$4.0 billion sport on major water infrastructure projects to provide the biggest boost to Victoria's water supplies in 25 years.

The Government is building a diverse suite of water sources for Victoria to ensure we can confinue to grow our economy and population across the State.

Our Water Our Future



- 122 –

Sharing the water

Water savings will be shared equally between the intigation systems, environment and Melbourne households and businesses, with each party receiving one third.

The first available savings from the project will be made available for Melbourne from 2010 via the new 70 kilometre Sugarloaf Pipeline which will link Melbourne to the Goulburn Rivet

Murray-Goulburn Interconnector

As part of this significent investment, the Government will also finalise the teasibility study currently underway for the Murray-Goulburn Interconnector to link the Murray Valley imigation areas to the Goulburn Valley.

This would increase the reliability of intigation water supplies and expand the water market.

First steps

The Government will now work closely in partnership with the community to find se key elements of the project, including:

- Governance amangements to involve local government and community groups in key issues such as the work program and sharing of water savings
- Safeguards for Northern Victoria concerning water savings destined for Melbourne
- How the water savings destined for intigation and the environment will be delivered and managed

The Government will immediately establish a Stearing Committee comprising local councils, interested groups, the Food Bowl Alliance and the broader community to guide the further development of the project.

Consideration will also be given to setting up a purpose built body to oversee the delivery of the project.





Top and Above inefficient intgetion eyetem compared to Right 'modernised' eyetem (total channel control)







9 Glossary

This section defines the terms used throughout the document.

Term/Acronym	Description
ACR	Asset Condition Rating
ALARP	As Low As Reasonably Practicable
AMP	Advanced Maintenance Program
ANCOLD	Australian National Committee on Large Dams
BE	Bulk Entitlement
BGA	Blue-Green Algae
COAG	Council of Australian Governments
CEECO	Corporate Environmental Emergency Control Organisation
CMA	Catchment Management Authorities
CRC	Cooperative Research Centre
D&S	Domestic and Stock
DHS	Department of Human Services
DIP	Dam Improvement Program
DSE	Department of Sustainability and Environment
EBM	Eroded Bank Material
EMS	Environmental Management System
EPA	Environment Protection Authority
ESC	Essential Services Commission
G-MW	Goulburn-Murray Water
GL	1 Gigalitre which is equal to 1,000 Megalitres
ICOLD	International Commission on Large Dams
IDMOU	Irrigation Drainage Memorandum of Understanding
KPI	Key Performance Indicator
MDBC	Murray-Darling Basin Commission
ML	1 Megalitre, equal to 1,000 Kilolitres, or 1 million litres
MSOMP	Major Storages Operational Monitoring Program
NTER	National Taxation Equivalent Regime
OH&S	Occupational Health and Safety
PPRIC	Pricing Policy Review Implementation Committee
RAB	Return on Regulatory Asset Base
RMP	Risk Management Plan
SEPP	State Environmental Protection Policy (Water of Victoria)
SoO	Statement of Obligations
TCC	Total Channel Control
WACC	Weighted Average Cost of Capital
WIRO	Water Industry Regulatory Order 2003
WSC	Water Services Committee

10 Bibliography

Minister for Water, Draft Statement of Obligations, September 2006

Water Industry Regulatory Order 2003

Essential Services Commission, 2008 Water Price Review Guidance on Water Plans, September 2006

EPA Victoria, Draft Principles to Establish Environmental Obligations for Water Businesses for the 2008-2013 Pricing Determination, June 2006

Goulburn-Murray Water, Water Plan 2006/07 – 07/08, October 2005